

# JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN.

ESTABLISHED 1837.

JACKSONVILLE, CALHOUN COUNTY, ALA., SATURDAY, MAY 3, 1890.

VOLUME 54.

## OBITUARY.

Mrs. Sarah E. Borden, (nee King) was born the 28th of July 1857, and was married to Joel A. Borden Nov. 4th 1880. She passed away peacefully at her home in Nances Creek Valley, March 7th 1890. She lived a consistent member of the Baptist church. She was faithful in her attendance upon all the means of grace and in her devotion to all interests of her Masters' kingdom. Those who knew her best agree in the belief that she is gone to that land of whose dwellers it is written, "and God shall wipe away all tears from their eyes and there shall be no more death; neither shall there be any more pain, for the former things have passed away."

Throughout her life she was clear in her religious experience; yet not demonstrative, which is the best type of religion, evincing as it does a uniformity of experience. Living in the steady glow of the sunshine of divine favor, she was well balanced, true and faithful in her domestic, social and religious life. Her respect and love for her parents knew no failure. Their wishes were always carried out. In all things helpful to her husband, especially in religious influences, she was a joy to her precious children, in whose training she wielded in harmonious blending the priceless graces of firmness and gentleness. In her associations with relatives and friends, her smiling presence was ever aglow with beams of love and tenderness. Amid the suffering and distressed of human kind her easy grace and gentle offices ever yielded the full flush and flow of the milk of human kindness and christian benevolence. She leaves a husband and four children, two boys and two girls, and also father, mother, brothers and sisters and a large circle of relatives and friends to mourn her loss. She closed her eyes in death with a sweet smile on her face and died without a struggle. May God sanctify our afflictions to their highest interest.

The pearls gapes open wide,  
And shining ones stand near,  
While gushes near the crystal tide  
The longing soul to cheer.  
From earth she passed with garments pure,  
Washed in the Saviour's blood,  
A saint whose naught of earth could have  
From duty's sacred road.  
Her voice was soft, her manner mild,  
Her heart with kindness filled,  
And simple, humble as a child,  
Which no cold blast ever chilled.  
In heaven on high his sister dear,  
Will meet to part no more,  
Where grief nor we nor even a sigh  
Can reach that shining shore.

Her brother,  
R. L. KING.

April 26, 1890.

## Deafness Can't Be Cured

by local application, as they can not reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by Catarrh) that we can not cure by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co.,  
Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

A Chattanooga dispatch says: An incoming train on the Chattanooga, Rome & Columbus railroad ran over and killed a nineteen months old baby on the outskirts of the city. The little one, with a larger brother and sister, started to cross the track. The older children were safely across when the train came rapidly on and struck the baby. She was horribly mangled. Her head was mashed to a jelly, both arms and one leg cut off and the body otherwise mangled. Neither her father or mother were at home. The engineer said that as his train came around a curve he saw the child sitting on the track. He whistled for brakes, but was unable to stop the train in time to prevent the dreadful accident.

## Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint.

Is it not worth the small price of 75 cents to free yourself of every symptom of these distressing complaints, if you think so call at our store and get a bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. Every bottle has a printed guarantee on it, use accordingly, and if it does you no good it will cost you nothing.

J. T. DOSTER & CO.

One cause assigned for the healthfulness of Chinese cities is that the people boil all water intended for drinking. They never drink cold water. The national beverage tea, is always "on tap" even in the house of the poor. Every little hamlet, too, has a shop where hot water can be bought for a trifling sum at any hour of the day or night.

## SPLIT IN SHELBY.

Shelby Will Probably Have Two Delegations.

One of Them Will be Kolb-Alliance men Ran the Primaries and Good Democrats Slaid Away.

Columbiana, April 28.—The probabilities are that two delegations from Shelby county will knock at the door of the State Convention, on the 28th of May for admittance. It will be remembered by readers of the Advertiser that two years ago Shelby county enjoyed the rare distinction of having two Executive Committees, each claiming to be the regular Democratic Executive Committee of the county. J. L. Peters Esq., was chairman of one of these committees, and J. C. Keller was chairman of the other. In order that the question should be settled as to which was the regular committee, a delegation representing each of the contending committees went before the State Executive Committee at its first meeting after the complication arose, and presented respectively the claims of each committee. The Peters committee was represented by Henry Wilson, Esq., and others, and Keller's committee by J. C. Keller in person.

After hearing the respective statements the State Executive Committee decided that the committee of which J. L. Peters was chairman, was the regularly constituted committee. This, the Democrats of Shelby thought, settled the question for all time, but when the State Executive Committee met in February last A. P. Longshore, who has been the secret candidate of the Farmers' Alliance and was voted for by them today presented himself before the committee and got permission to make a statement. What this expert statement was, none of the Peters' wing of the Democracy have ever been advised, so far as I know.

At the conclusion of Mr. Longshore's statement a resolution was introduced to the effect that a convention was sovereign, having the supreme right and power to build up and tear down, and do unto its work, etc., but did not set aside the decision theretofore rendered, declaring the Peters Committee the regular committee. They did not even in their resolution which was virtually the decision of a court, mention the name of J. L. Peters, J. C. Keller, or either of their respective committees. It seems from what your correspondent remembers of this portion of proceedings of the State committee that they did not undertake to decide this question, but only to settle the principle governing conventions, and this could not have a retroactive effect and set aside the decision already rendered, and decide it in conformity with any principle, which may have been embodied in said resolution. It is a matter which, I presume, the State executive committee would not have undertaken to decide, on the ex-parte statement of one man and a partisan without at least giving notice to the other contending committee.

In pursuance of this resolution J. C. Keller, then a citizen of Florida, assumed as chairman, to issue a call to his committee. At a meeting of his committee in obedience to his call, Mr. Keller's resignation as Chairman was tendered and accepted and John W. Pitts was elected Chairman to fill the vacancy. The committee then proceeded to order the primaries which were held in the county to-day. The Peters wing of the Democracy staid away from the polls. They treat as a nullity the call of Keller, as Chairman, on the ground that not being rightful Chairman, he was not authorized to call the Executive Committee together and the call being unauthorized and void all that was done in pursuance of his call was of necessity void. Hence Mr. Peters as Chairman of the County Executive Committee of Shelby county has issued a call to the Executive Committee to meet in Columbiana on next Saturday the 3rd of May, which committee it is thought will call a convention for the purpose of selecting delegates to the State convention.

On a contest of the two delegations before the State convention the question will doubtless be finally disposed of. The work that was done in the primaries to-day is a cut and dried farce and only the making public of that which was done in secret session by the Alliance on last Monday and Tuesday. It is most probable Kolb will receive all the votes that will be polled, the friends of other candidates for Governor not participating for the reasons given above.

## Attend to Your Own Business.

We are very grateful to the Montgomery Journal for that interest which it manifests in The Hot Blast and the Democratic party in Calhoun county, but venture to offer the reminder that we are capable up this way of running our own local affairs without the necessity of calling upon the Journal for advice and admonition. But should we ever need the help of the Journal we will give it due notice. Until then, we think it would do well to attend to its own business.—Anniston Hot Blast.

## SAVED BY A STRATAGEM.

Dinner was over at last, and Mr. Walter Currie, English commissioner at the up country station of Hattabagh, in northern India, had gone out upon the veranda with his wife and his two guests—Col. Ayres and Maj. Armstrong, of the 4th infantry. While the party were quietly conversing a sudden clamor of angry voices from the road below drew them all to the front of the veranda. The cause of the disturbance was visible at once. Two half-drunken English soldiers, swaggering along the road, had come into violent contact with a native boy who was running past; and one of them, enraged at the collision, had felled the poor lad to the ground and was unreluctantly beating him unmercifully. "Served the young whelp right," shouted the colonel, rubbing his hands; "that's just what they all want."

The other, Maj. Armstrong—popularly called Maj. Strongarm—was a huge, brawny, silent man, whose forte lay in acting rather than in talking. To leap to the ground twelve feet below, to dart across the garden, to vault over the high stockade beyond, was the work of a moment for the athletic major; and in an other instant he had raised the fallen boy tenderly from the ground, while saying to the foremost soldier, in a low, compressed tone of a man who means what he says: "Be off with you!"

"And who the deuce are you, shovin' yer nose in where yer ain't wanted?" roared the infuriated ruffian, to whose eyes the major's plain evening dress bore no token of his being an officer. "Jist you!" The sentence was never finished. At the sound of that last insolent defiance Armstrong's sorely tried patience gave way altogether, and the strong right hand which had heaved its way through a whole squadron of Sikh cavalry fell like a sledge hammer upon his opponent's face, dashing him to the ground as if he had been blown from the mouth of a gun. "Well done, major!" shouted Mr. Currie, from above. "You deserve your name and no mistake."

At the name of "major" the other soldier took to his heels, and Armstrong, without even looking at his prostrate antagonist, proceeded to examine the injuries of the boy. The latter was sorely bruised in many places, and the blood was trickling freely over his swarthy face; but the little hero still did his best to stand erect and to keep down every sign of the pain which he was enduring.

"You're a brave lad, and you'll make a soldier some day," said the major to him, in Hindoostanee. "Come with me, and I'll see that no one molests you again." Six months have come and gone, and Mr. Currie's hospitable house presents a very different spectacle. The pretty garden is trampled into dust and mire, and the bodies of men and horses are lying thick among the fragments of the half destroyed stockade. The windows of the house are blocked up, and through the loopholed walls peer the muzzles of ready rifles, showing how steady the besieged garrison stands at bay against the countless enemies who surround the countless enemies who surround the house. The Sepoy mutiny of 1857 is blazing sky high over northern India, and Col. Ayres is blockaded in Hattabagh, with a certainty of a hideous death for himself and every man of the few who are still true to him, unless help come speedily.

Day was just breaking when two men held whispered counsels in one of the upper rooms.

"No fear of the water running short," said Maj. Armstrong; "but even upon half rations the food will be out in four days more."

"And then we'll just go right at them, and cut our way through or die for it," growled the colonel, with a grim smile on his iron face, for, with all his harshness and injustice, Col. Ayres was "grit" to the backbone. "We mustn't say anything to them about it, though," added he, with a side glance at Mr. Currie, who, standing on the further corner, was anxiously watching the thin, worn face of his sleeping wife.

At that moment a loud cheer from below startled them both, and the next moment Ismail (the "major's boy," as every one now called him) burst into the room, with a glow of unwonted excitement on his dark face.

"Sahib!" cried he, "there is hope for us yet! A detachment of English are coming up the other bank of the river; if we can send word to them as they pass, we are saved!"

"How do you know?" asked the major, eagerly.

"I heard the Sepoys say so, while I was lying hid among the bushes yonder," answered the lad.

"Among the bushes yonder!" roared the colonel, fuming around. "Have you really been in the midst of those of those cut-throat villains, listening to what they said? What ever did you do that for?"

"I did it for Sahib Armstrong's sake," replied the boy, proudly, "because he was good to me."

"But if the troops are beyond the

river, how can we communicate with them?" asked Mrs. Currie, who, awakened by the shouting, had risen and joined the group. "They may not pass near enough to hear the firing, and we have no means of sending them word."

"Fear nothing for that, mem-sahib" (madam), said the Hindoo boy, quietly; "I will carry them word myself."

"But how can you possibly do it?" cried Mr. Currie, thunderstruck by the confident tone in which this mere child spoke of a task from which the hardest veteran might well have shrunk.

"Listen, sahib," answered Ismail. "I will slip out of the house and make a dash into the enemy's lines, as if I were deserting from you to them; and you can tell your people to fire a shot or two after me with a blank cartridge as I go. Then the Sepoys will receive me kindly, and I'll tell them that you are all dying of thirst, and that they need only wait a day more to be sure of you, so that they won't come to make another attack. Then, when they have no suspicion, and think I'm quite one of themselves, I'll steal away and slip across the river."

"But are you quite sure the Sepoys will believe you?" asked Maj. Armstrong, doubtfully.

"They'll believe this, anyhow," replied the boy, deliberately making a deep gash in his bare shoulder, and staining his white frock with the blood, as he glided from the room, followed by the major.

The plan was soon explained to the men below, and a moment later Ismail's dark figure was seen darting like an arrow across the open space in front of the building, followed by a quick discharge of blank cartridges from the marksmen at the loopholes. The sound of firing drew the attention of the Sepoys, several of whom ran forward to meet him. In another instant he was in the midst of them.

"I can scarcely see for those bushies," said Col. Ayres; "but he seems to be showing them the wound on his shoulder and telling them it was our doing."

At that moment an exultant yell from the enemy came pealing through still air.

"That's the story of our being short of water, for a guinea!" said the major; "it was a very good idea of his. If it only delays their attack two days longer there may be time for help to arrive yet."

Slowly and wearily the long hours of that fearful day wore on. The heat was so terrific that even the native soldiers of the garrison could barely hold their own against it, and the handful of Englishmen were almost helpless. Had the Sepoys attacked them then, all would have been over at one blow, but hour passed after hour, and there was no sign of an assault. At length, as afternoon gave place to evening, a movement began to show itself in the enemy's lines. Their curls of smoke, rising above the trees, showed that the evening meal was in preparation, and several figures with pitchers in the hand were seen going toward the river, among whom the colonel's keen eye soon detected Ismail.

"By George!" cried the old soldier, slapping his knee exultingly, "that lad's worth his weight in gold! There's his way down to the river right open to him, without the least chance of suspicion! Why, he's a born general—nothing less!"

Every eye within the wall was now turned anxiously upon the distant group, fearing to see at any moment some movement which would show that the trick was detected. How did Ismail mean to accomplish his purpose? Would he plunge boldly into the river without any disguise, or had he some further stratagem in preparation? No one could say. Suddenly, as Ismail stooped to plunge his light wooden dipper into the water it slipped from his hands and went floating away down the stream. A cry of dismay, a loud laugh from the Sepoys, and then the boy was seen running frantically along the bank and trying in vain to clutch the vessel as it floated past.

"What on earth's he up to?" grunted the colonel, completely mystified.

"I see!" cried Maj. Armstrong, triumphantly; "there's a boat yonder among the reeds and he's making right for it. Well done, my brave boy."

But at that moment a yell of rage from the Sepoys told that the trick was discovered. Luckily those on the bank had left their places behind, or poor Ismail would soon have been disposed of; but the alarm instantly brought up a crowd of their armed comrades, whose bullets fell like hail around the boat and its gallant little pilot.

"Let us fire a volley and make a show of saluting out," said the colonel; "it'll take their attention from him."

But in this he was mistaken. The first rattle of the musketry did indeed recall most of Ismail's assailants; but at least a dozen were left who kept up an unceasing fire, striking the boat again and again. All at once the colonel dashed his glass to the floor, with a frightful oath. Between two guests of smoke he had seen the boat turn suddenly over, and go whirling away down the dark river, keel upward.

"There's an end of the poor lad," muttered the veteran, brokenly. "God bless him for a brave little fellow. And now, old friends, we must die hard, for there's no hope left."

"The first few hours of the night passed quietly, and the exhausted defenders, utterly worn out, slept as if drugged with opium. But a little after midnight the quick ears of the two veteran officers—the only watchers in the whole garrison, except the sentries themselves—caught a faint stirring in the surrounding tickets, which seemed to argue some movement on the part of the enemy. Listening intently for a few moments, they felt certain that they were right, and lost no time in awakening their men. The scanty stores of food were opened once more, and, crouching together in the darkness, the doomed men took what they fully believed to be their last meal on earth.

"They're coming," said Maj. Armstrong, straining his eyes into the gloom through a loophole. "I hear them creeping forward, though I can't yet see them."

"What the deuce was that?" exclaimed the colonel, suddenly. "It looked like a fiery arrow flying past."

"It's worse than that," said the major, in a low voice. "The rascals are shooting lighted chips of bamboo on to the roof to set it on fire. Send the women up with buckets to flood the thatch—there's not a moment to lose!"

"I'll go and see to it myself!" cried Mrs. Currie, hastening out of the room.

But the power of this new weapon had already been fatally manifest. The house was an old one, dry as tinder from the prolonged heat, and as fast as the flames were quenched in one place they broke out in another. When day dawned the fire had already got a firm hold of one corner of the building, and a crushing discharge was poured upon all who attempted to extinguish it, while the triumphant yells of the human tigers below told that they felt sure of their prey.

"It's all over with us, old fellow," said the colonel grasping his old companion's hand; "but at least we shall have done our duty."

"Give me one of your pistols," whispered Mrs. Currie to her husband, in a voice that was not her own. "I must not fall into their hands alive."

At that moment Maj. Armstrong was seen to start and bend forward as if listening intently, for he thought—although he could scarcely believe his ears—that he had suddenly caught a faint sound of distant firing. In another instant he heard it again, and this time there could be no more doubt, for several of the others had caught it likewise, and a gleam of hope once more lighted up their haggard and bloodstained eyes.

Louder and nearer came the welcome sound, while the sudden terror and confusion visible among the enemy showed that they, too, were at no loss to gain its meaning. Then high above the din rose the well known "Hurrah!" and through the smoke clouds broke a charging line of glittering bayonets and rusty English faces, sweeping away the cowardly murderers as the sun chases the morning mist.

"That boy is worth his weight in gold," said Col. Ayres, as a few hours later, he listened to Ismail's account of how he had dived under the boat and kept it between him and the Sepoys, that they might think him drowned.—True Flag.

## Hereditary Blood Poison.

Many of the evils of life are inherited. Parents transmit to their children a state of blood impurity. What a fearful heritage to bequeath an innocent child! Scrofula, skin diseases, erysipelas, sore eyes, ringworm, tetter, eczema, scald head, scabby surfaces, syphilitic symptoms, ulcerative and consumptive tendencies, etc., all of which make life miserable, and the victim a prey to designing quacks. It is surely a disgrace that this should be so. It is manifestly the duty of every one to keep their systems in a condition of good health. Nature has given us kindly herbs that will accomplish this if properly used. The best are used with careful selection in that compound known as Dr. Bull's Sarsaparilla. There is no phase of blood poison this incomparable alternative will not relieve. If a sufferer from blood disease, you do yourself great injustice if you fail to try it.—Springfield Express.

The company that is building a town at Tredgar, near Jacksonville, Alabama, proposes to diversify its industries. Its development is not going to be based on one interest only. While it has raw material for almost every ordinary industry, it is particularly fortunate in the three great staples, iron, timber and cotton. It is claimed that there is no locality in the South combining in itself more advantages for the manufacture of cotton goods than are to be found at Tredgar, and the company is going to make special efforts to build up a large textile interest.—Manufacturers' Record.

Ozark. A \$50,000 cotton factory will probably be erected.

## INTERESTING INCIDENT.

A Scene That Was Novel to a New Englander.

Rome Tribune.  
Rev. Mr. Lane, the talented pastor of the Baptist church at Jacksonville, Ala., was in Rome yesterday, and while here a Tribune reporter heard him relate a very interesting incident that took place at Piedmont on his way to Rome.

It was the occasion of the burial of Maj. Dalley, an old and much respected citizen of that place, who was buried with Masonic honors. As the procession started for the cemetery a very neatly dressed gentleman fell into line with Mr. Lane and soon made himself known as a resident of New England.

Of course there was nothing startling or unusual in seeing a northern man in one of the booming towns of the new South, but at the conclusion of those last sad rites there was a scene most unusual and bewildering to this Northern man, who had heard nothing but a politician's report of the relations existing between the races in the South. At the conclusion of the masonic rite, an opportunity was given to all those who wished to see for the last time, the face of their deceased friend who had lived over thirty years in their midst. Hundreds were present, and after the white people had passed in order around the bier, numbers of colored people did likewise, and many of them were weeping and sorrowing greatly. Mr. Lane turned to his northern friend and said: "There is a sight that you never saw in New England in your life, and never will."

The northern gentleman turned red in the face and acknowledged that it was true. Friends of the North, come and see for yourselves. Many mothers would willingly pay a dollar a box for Dr. Bull's Worm Destroyers if they could not get it for less. It costs only 25 cents and is sold by druggists.

"Count that day lost whose slow descending sun Views from thy hand no worthy action done."

For renovating the system, eliminating all poisons from the blood, whether of scrofulous or malarial origin, S. S. S. has won the name of "Golden Liquid." To woman it imparts freshness of complexion, beauty of form and elasticity of step. This is the long record of a purely vegetable remedy whose fame is widespread over two continents; which has retained its popularity for over half a century, its demand increasing at home, and orders coming for it where the English tongue is never spoken. This speaks volumes for its efficacy.

Swift's Specifics (S. S. S.) is not a nostrum of a brief day's existence, such as spring up like the mushroom, but thousands of testimonials from men, women and reputable physicians attest its solid worth as a remedial agent, and keep it at the front. What convincing evidence further can the afflicted world demand? Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO. Atlanta, Ga.

## MURDERED HER CHILD.

Horrible Crime Unearthed in Randolph County.

Rosauke, April 26.—A terrible crime has just been unearthed near here. A new born babe was found in the pasture of Rev. Wm. Carter. At the inquest sufficient evidence was gotten to justify the arrest of Mollie Glenn, colored. It was a particularly horrible case. The night previous, the child was heard crying in the field by Mrs. Carter, and also by Robert Gilliam, colored, and there were other evidences that it was alive when left in the pasture with the evident purpose of being devoured by hogs. The little babe had kicked with its left foot, (being on its right side) until it had scraped up a considerable pile of sand, had scraped the sand away to the hard dirt, and had worn the skin from the foot in its kicking, and another proof was, that the child had had an evacuation of the bowels. The woman acknowledged leaving the child in the field, but claims that it was dead at the time.

## Oh, What a Cough.

Will you heed the warning? The signal perhaps of the sure approach of that more terrible disease, Consumption. Ask yourselves if you can afford for the sake of saving 50 cents, to run the risk and do nothing for it. We know from experience that Shiloh's Cure will cure your Cough. It never fails. This explains why more than a Million Bottles were sold the past year. It relieves Croup and Whooping Cough at once. Mothers do not be without it. For lame back, side of chest, use Shiloh's Pore Plaster.

J. T. DOSTER & CO.

Atlanta. The Atlanta Iron & Steel Co., will, it is stated, erect four 50 ton charcoal iron furnaces.

## BILL CONANT.

How a Brave Old Confed. Worked the Barkeeper for Some "Licker."

Cullman, Ala., April 25.—Do you know Bill Conant? Well you ought to. Bill was only a common soldier, but if the war had lasted long enough he would have commanded his brigade. Bill was noted for his undiminished bravery on the field, and also for his love for what the boys call "a little whoopee." Those who are acquainted with Bill's war record affirm that he never failed to get his share of whisky if it happened to be within striking distance to the place where he spread his blanket. But there was one time when Bill resorted to a bold stratagem to get his old black bottle filled; yet, as usual, he sustained his record by an overwhelming majority. The incident was related to me by a Baptist preacher, and those who doubt its truth may come to Cullman and inquire for Bill Conant, the saw mill man, and if Bill doesn't own up in his own face will tell the tale in a more emphatic way. It seems that Bill's regiment reached a straggling little village over in Georgia called Villa Rica. This village enjoyed the luxury of a cross-roads grocery, and the boys in Bill's mess winked knowingly, for Bill's pocket was as lean for want of cash as his body, from feeding on hard-tack. The boys gathered in the bar-room to hear the glasses clink and look wishful, and to see what maneuver Bill would resort to to get his bottle filled. Directly Bill came in with the confident tread of a millionaire, a big black bottle in each side pocket of his worn-out overcoat. Placing one bottle on the counter he called out to the proprietor: "Fill that with your best liquor."

When the bottle was filled with the rich looking fluid, Bill shoved it in one pocket, at the same time fumbling in his breeches pocket for his pocket book, though hadn't owned one since he enlisted. The boys watched eagerly, and the barkeeper grew impatient.

"By jingo, I've left my pocket book in my other pants. Just wait till I go get it."

Now the boys all knew well enough that Bill's "other breeches" had been used for gun wipers a year before, and the barkeeper must have been suspicious, for he demanded that the whisky be left with him until the money was proposed. Bill protested, and the words that passed would hardly bear reproduction. Finally Bill handed the bottle over and told the proprietor to "pour his old butt skunk back and give him his bottle. When the bottle had been emptied and returned, Bill walked out, followed by the boys, who looked crest-fallen.

"Bill, you're the blindest fool I ever saw to try to play such an open hand," said one. But Bill winked, and no sooner were they out of sight than he passed around one of the bottles amid such exclamations as:

"Bill, you're a brick!"

"Our fortune hope!"

"You've saved the Confederacy!" Bill had filled one bottle with water, which he gave the barkeeper to pour back in the barrel, while he kept the one filled with whisky.

## Do You Know How It Feels?

Rheumatism. Every one has heard the word. "How's your mother?" "Oh, she's well except her rheumatism." How carelessly the answer is given. Do you know how it feels to have rheumatism? Oh! it's terrible, the swelling and the excruciating pain of ankle, knee, elbow and shoulder, just as if each point was a bundle of irritated nerves, each one seemingly bent on giving more pain to the other. Laying awake all night longing for daylight, aching too severely to sleep, applying liniment every half hour to temporarily relieve the agony. Praying, cursing, turning, twisting, but no ease, no comfort. What is it that causes rheumatism? Ah, there are a thousand causes. What is it that cures rheumatism? Thank God, there's at least one cure it's B. B. B. Botanic Blood Balm. It has cured more cases of rheumatism than any other known remedy. Try it. Do not suffer.

J. H. Laing, Dawson, Ga., writes: "I suffered with rheumatism in my shoulders and general debility. Five bottles B. B. B. improved my health and the rheumatism left me."

J. P. Davis, Atlanta, Ga. (West End) writes: "I consider that B. B. B. has permanently cured me of rheumatism and sciatica."

Jacob F. Spencer, Newman, Ga., writes: "B. B. B. entirely cured me of rheumatism in my shoulders. I used six bottles."

## Answer This Question.

Why do so many people we see around us seem to prefer to suffer and be made miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Coming Up of the Food, Yellow Skin, when for 75 cents we will sell them Shiloh's System Vitalizer, guaranteed to cure them.

J. T. DOSTER & CO.







# The Republican.

Issued Weekly.

## Rates of Advertising.

Transient advertisements \$1 per square, and one inch makes a square. Local notices 10 cents per line. Advertisements must be handed in Thursday or before to insure insertion.

## SUBSCRIPTION RATE.

One Year, One Dollar. Six Months, Seventy-Five Cents. Three Months, Forty Cents. Subscription must invariably be paid in advance. No name will be booked unless money accompanies the order.

## Option Blanks.

Option blanks for sale at this office approved form.

The pupils of the State Normal school will have a picnic May 6th.

You can get the very newest out in Handkerchiefs at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

Real estate has been moving along well this week at a slight advance.

Mr. W. W. Gibson, of Mobile, is in Jacksonville visiting his brother.

A beautiful line of Vandyke Laces and Ruching at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

Capt. Jas. S. Gibson, of California, has been visiting his brother Prof. Gibson.

A nice line of Pointed, Embroidered and Sailor Collars at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

Mr. A. McCollister, of Piedmont, was in Jacksonville Wednesday, shaking hands with his many friends here.

You will find Millinery to suit all classes from the cheapest to the best at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

Rev. Mr. Lane has for sale several beautiful high grade jersey cows with young heifer calves that are 15-16ths.

Hon. J. D. Hammond attended the land sale at Attalla. He reported that it was very satisfactory and scores a big victory for Attalla.

The latest in money Purses at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

## Returns Thanks.

Mrs. Fannie Fulewider desires to return thanks for all kindness and favors she has received from the people of Jacksonville.

Good line of stationary and Box Paper at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

The distribution of presents by the Gadsden Times-News takes place May 3rd and the clubbing arrangement between the Times-News and the REPUBLICAN is at an end in consequence.

The REPUBLICAN is now clubbing with the Birmingham News alone. That distribution of seven hundred and fifty dollars in gold comes off the 1st day of July. Both papers for only one dollar and a-half.

You can buy the best Millinery for the least money than at any other house in the county at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

## NOTICE.

From this date no telegrams will be transmitted, or delivered, until all charges have been paid—by order of Supt.

C. E. BONDURANT, Mang'r.

Gen. Burke, president of the Jacksonville Mining & Manufacturing Co. is in high spirits. Something good for the company accomplished, we guess.

Mr. S. N. Milligan, of Choctawhatchee, has invested in Jacksonville dirt rather extensively in the last few days.

Wednesday night about 11 o'clock the residence of Dr. W. M. Nisbet caught fire and was burned to the ground with all its contents. The family had retired and barely escaped the flames. No conjecture can be had as to how the fire originated.

A nice line of very fine flowers, just received at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

We are requested to state that there will be a Sunday School celebration at Martin's Chapel, of all the Sunday schools of Alexandria Valley, Saturday, May 10th. Addresses will be delivered by Rev. N. J. Tomlin, of Georgia, and Rev. Geo. B. Eager, of Anniston. Everybody have a cordial invitation to attend.

The following Attorneys from out-of-town have attended Circuit Court this week:

J. Willett, E. D. Willett, J. H. Age, John Felham, Judge John J. A. W. Smith, Jno. M. Caldwell, John B. Knox, D. C. Black, Gordon McDonald, J. F. Green, Lawrence, A. P. Agee and George Cassidy, of Anniston, Gen. E. Pettus and Frank Pettus, of Selma, E. H. Hanna and W. W. White, of Oxford, Mr. Weir, of Heflin, Messrs Cook and Brock, of Piedmont and Jas. L. Burnett and Tom McElreath, of Centre. A greater part of the time of the court this week has been taken up with the land case of Marshall Alexander vs the Woodstock Iron Co.

A pretty line of new White Goods and dotted Swiss at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

## THE ELECTROPOISE.

What we have we squander. What we have not, we want. You have had the best of health, but you have drained all your resources, and you feel sick, and are now discouraged. But you need not be, thousands have been as sick, even more so, than you are, but they have recovered. What you really need is strength, to enable you to throw off the disease that is slowly, but surely, destroying you. The Electropoise does its work in exactly that direction. It places the body in such a condition, that Oxygen, the life giving force, is largely absorbed, and so the necessary strength is supplied. That enables you to throw off the disease, and that too without the use of drugs. It quickens the circulation and gives it something to circulate. That is just what it supplies, blood food, nerve nourishment. It is entirely common sense from first to last. Nature takes care of you in exactly that way, and is the *via medica* relied upon by the medical faculty to effect a cure. Nature is a loving mother, and the method of the Electropoise is in accord with the principle on which she works, and is not only a reliable means of cure, but a pleasant one. Send to DuBois & Webb, Box 72, Birmingham, Ala., for the unsolicited testimonials of many men and women, well known to you; they will tell you free of charge, and will tell the whole story. Not a word more from us is necessary.

Mrs. Kate Jelks carries the largest stock of Millinery in the county, therefore you can come nearer getting what you want than anywhere else.

## CHURCH SERVICES TO-MORROW.

BAPTIST—No preaching. Sunday School at 9½ a. m.

PRESBYTERIAN—No preaching. Sunday School at 9½ a. m.

METHODIST—There will be preaching Sunday at 11 o'clock a. m., and 7½ p. m.

Sunday School at 9½ a. m., Prof. D. L. Earnest, Superintendent.

EPISCOPAL—There will be services at 11 a. m., and 7½ p. m.

Sunday School at 9½ a. m.

You can get the newest Corset out at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

A nice line of Ladies, Gents and Boys Ties at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

Honor Roll For April 1890.

A. D. Alexander, M. T. Alexander, Goldie Ayers, Temple Bolling, Ula Bolling, Lula Bondurant, Mattie Brewton, D. J. Burns, Josie Caldwell, Maggie Clark, Martin Crook, Cora Crow, Annie Davenport, Ethel Davenport, Ida Denman, Slater Driskill, Cora Driskill, Morris Francis, Emma Goodlett, Hugh Goodlett, Lula Gore, W. T. Grogan, Curtis Halcy, Exa Hames, Nena Hammond, Pope Hammond, W. M. Harper, Bettie Henderson, Frank Hutchinson, T. B. Jenkins, W. T. Kendrick, Willie Landers, Bluebell Lane, Undine Lane, George McClarkin, Grey Maharg, Joe Martin, Eula Matthews, Lena Matthews, Bessie McGinnis, W. H. McKee, Eloy Montgomery, Nannie Nisbett, Sadie Nunnally, Frank Privett, Lizzie Privett, Ollie Privett, Katie Ross, Nannie Ross, Belle Scott, J. A. Spearman, Annie Stevenson, Alberta Stevenson, Forney Stevenson, Ida Stevenson, Ossie Stevenson, Preston Stevenson, John Swan, Sam Swan, Annie Treadaway, Carrie Turner, Mamie Ward, Jessie Wardick, Sadie Weir, Effie Whisenant, Willie Whisenant, Lottie Weems, Emma Williams, Gus Williams, Madgie Wilkerson, Ida Weaver.

At the municipal election Hon. H. L. Stevenson was re-elected Mayor, and Hon. Jno. D. Hammond, Wm. H. Dean, C. D. Martin, Dr. Jno. M. Crook and A. L. Stewart were re-elected councilmen.

The Rev. Geo. H. Thayer, of Bourbon, Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to Shiloh's consumption cure."

Sold by J. T. DOSTER & CO.

## Pilest Pilest Itching Piles.

Swartons—Moisture, intense itching and burning most at night; worse by scratching. It allowed to continue tumors grew, which Swartons' Ointment stop the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists, by mail, for 50 cents. Dr. Swartons & Son, Philadelphia.

## To Rent.

Two comfortable cottages. Apply at office of Jacksonville Mining & Manufacturing Company.

Just received a beautiful line of Millinery at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

## Notice to Contractors.

Bids will be received at the office of the Jacksonville Mining & Manufacturing Company for the erection (all material to be furnished by contractor) of ten miners cottages, according to plans and specifications on file. No bids received after Monday, May 5, 1890.

## FOR RENT.

Dwelling house with five rooms, near Public Square, opposite L. W. Grant's residence. Water convenient. Apply at this office.

## NOTICE

Is hereby given that books of subscription to the capital stock of the Chattanooga Southern Railway will be opened in Jacksonville, in the office of the Judge of Probate of Calhoun County, Ala., on the 1st day of May, 1890, by the undersigned, they having been appointed commissioners for this purpose by the Secretary of State, on the 29th day of March, 1890.

John H. Disque, John P. Ralls, Jr., James R. Nowlin, Commissioners.

## FINAL SETTLEMENT.

STATE ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

In Probate Court, Special Term, March the 31st 1890.

Notice is hereby given that on this day the estate of Jacob Phillips deceased was declared insolvent by a decree of this Court, and the 25th day of April was appointed the day on which the administrator of said estate, D. H. Love shall file his accounts and vouchers and make final settlement of his administration thereof, and notice is hereby given to all persons concerned, and to the creditors especially to appear in this court on said 25th April 1890 and contest said account and settlement if they think proper, and to nominate some person as administrator, who shall administer and pay up said estate as an Insolvent Estate. EMMETT F. CROOK, Judge of Probate.

## A GREAT OFFER!

JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN AND GADSDEN TIMES-NEWS GIFT DISTRIBUTION, MAY 3rd, 1890.

Two weekly papers, with a chance in a grand gift distribution is an opportunity we offer to new subscribers who send us \$1.50 before the 3rd day of May, 1890, and they will receive the REPUBLICAN one year, and the Gadsden WEEKLY TIMES-NEWS, an 8 page weekly, and a ticket in the TIMES-NEWS distribution of \$2,000, which will take place at Gadsden on Saturday, May 3, 1890. The prizes will consist of one valuable horse, an elegant organ, gold and silver watches, clocks, wagon, gold and silver saddles, pocket knives, gold pens, 100 cash prizes, etc.

Write to us at once and get in the TIMES-NEWS drawing before May 3rd. Address all letters to THE REPUBLICAN, Jacksonville, Ala.

## Tax Assessors Notice.

I will be in Jacksonville, Ala., the three last days of April, 28, 29 and 30, 1890, for the purpose of assessing State and County Tax for 1890, being the first three days of court.

J. V. RHODES, Assessor.

## Jas. S. Kelly

Notary Public and Ex-Officio

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,

At Oxford, Ala.

Courts 2nd Saturday in each month

## E. M. REID, J. P.

MORRISVILLE, ALA.,

Keeps Marriage Licenses for sale. Courts the 1st and 3rd Saturdays in each month. tt.

## NOTICE NO. 10121.

LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY, ALA., March 16 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the Probate Court at Jacksonville, Ala., on May 5 1890, viz: Thomas Hanna, Homestead entry, No. 21608, for the W½ of New W½ of Sw¼, Section 25 T. 14 S. R. 9 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Samuel Whitley, David Parker, Henry Whitley, Edward Benton. All of White Plains, Ala.

J. H. BINGHAM, Register.

## JAS. HUTCHISON

HAIR DRESSER AND BARBER,

(Jacksonville Hotel.)

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

## Grand Combination.

The Weekly News, Birmingham,

AND

The Jacksonville Republican.

Both papers one year for 1.50 with a ticket in the distribution of 750.00 Gold Presents to be made by the News, on the first day of July next. In addition to getting the

## Two Best Newspapers

Published in Alabama, you may receive One Hundred Dollars in Gold, or one of the Three Hundred and Seventy-one Other Solid Presents in Gold.

## An Additional Offer.

All who subscribe before May 1 will also participate in the SUNDAY CHRONICLE Gift Distribution of One Hundred Valuable Presents worth from \$10 to \$500 each, which will be made on that day by the NEWS, which recently absorbed the Chronicle.

Write the NEWS Birmingham for sample copy and forward subscriptions to

The Republican.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

## AT TREDEGAR

OR TIME.

NISBET & PRIVETT,

Real Estate & Stock Brokers.

"Tredegar," Jacksonville P. O. Alabama.

Next Door to Post Office.

PERFECT FITTING BASQUE

Patterns PRESENTED TO THE LADIES.



We will, from to-day on, Present Every Lady

PURCHASING A DRESS PATTERN FROM US

The Newest Style Basque Pattern,

Which is Perfect Fitting, adapted

For Any Style Basque.

Very Latest Spring STYLE.

We have the Finest Line White and Silk Lace for Overdresses, Dress Silks from 37½¢ up; Woolen Dress Goods, Satteens, Zephyr Cloth, Black and Colored Lawns, Checked, Nanooks, White Lawns, and an endless variety of Embroideries and Flouncings.

Prices Lower than any House in the City.

We will prepay all express charges on orders sent to us.

Respectfully,

ULLMAN BROS., Anniston, Ala.

JNO. Y. HENDERSON.

H. F. MONTGOMERY.

MONTGOMERY & HENDERSON, REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

OFFICE NO. 3, CARPENTER BUILDING,

Jacksonville, Alabama.

No charge for examining Titles and execution of Deeds. Refer by permission to Bank of Anniston, Anniston, Ala.

## T. R. WARD.

At the Front Again. Dry Goods and Groceries cheap for "Cash." At the Old Stand below Depot.

Shoes at Cost For Thirty Days.

All who are indebted to me will please make immediate payment. I am obliged to have the money due me.

T. R. WARD.

## W. T. WILLSON

Carries the largest and most complete stock in Anniston of Dry Goods, Carpets, Curtain and Upholstery goods.

SHADES, WINDOW POLES &c

We have but one price which is marked in plain figures. To customers from Jacksonville buying to the amount of \$5 we deduct amount of R. R. fare one way, \$10, both ways.

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN JACKETS, WRAPS AND NEWMARKETS.

W. T. WILLSON,

ANNISTON, ALA.

Agents for Buttericks Patterns and Gold and Silver Shirts.

oct26tf

STEVENSON, MARTIN & GRANT,

Real Estate Brokers,

Jacksonville, - - - - - Alabama.

Real Estate bought and sold on commission, rents collected &c. Property placed in our hands for sale will be advertised for sale without cost to land owner.

No Sale-No Charge.

Jacksonville real estate and farm and mineral land along the line of Jacksonville & Anniston Railroad specially solicited.







ESTABLISHED 1837.

JACKSONVILLE, CALHOUN COUNTY, ALA., SATURDAY, MAY 10, 1890.

VOLUME 54.

## ONLY A BOX.

Only a box, secure and strong,  
Rough and wooden, and six feet long  
Lying here in the drizzling rain,  
Waiting to take the up bound train.

Only its owner, just inside,  
Cold, and livid, and glassy eyed;  
Little to him if the train be late,  
Nothing has he to do but wait.

Only an open grave somewhere,  
Ready to close when he gets there;  
Turf and grasses and flowers sweet,  
Ready to press him 'neath their feet.

Only a band of friends at home,  
Waiting to see the traveler come;  
Naught he will tell of distant lands;  
He cannot even press their hands.

He has no stories weird and bright,  
He has no gift for a child's delight;  
He did not come with anything;  
He had not even himself to bring.

Yet they will softly him await,  
And he will move about in state;  
They will give him when he appears  
Sorrow and pity and tender tears.

Only a box, secure and strong,  
Rough and wooden, and six feet long;  
Angels guide that soulless breast  
Into a long and peaceful rest.

## MACON COUNTY CONVENTION.

## FREEDOM OF THE PRESS DENIED.

The Staff Correspondent of the Montgomery Advertiser tells how a Democratic Convention was used to Avenge a Fancied Grievance of the Alliance.

TUSKEGEE, May 1.—(Staff Correspondence.)—Macon is a typical Belt county. The negro, the mule and quantities of land are the principal assets of its farmers. The negroes compared with the whites are about three to one, and Macon county has had to use a great deal of persuasion and even more political hustling to maintain the ascendancy of the Democratic party and elect white men to office. Realizing the enormity of the dangers which threatened them, the white people have stood together, united as one man, putting aside all personal prejudices and preferences, and presented a solid phalanx to the enemy, frowned down—crushed out of existence Radicalism and opposition to white supremacy, and Democratic rule in whatever form it has presented itself, until four years ago, when divisions and dissensions came but were only transitory—differences were soon adjusted, the party came together two years ago, and it was thought that the ranks were closed up and the past forgotten, and that peace would continue to reign.

A greater obstacle even than that has arisen—oath-bound secret societies have been organized and behind closed doors only the initiated, those who are bound by the sacred obligations of the Alliance order, are accorded consideration or allowed a voice in shaping the policy or in naming the candidates of the Democracy. All this has been done in this county. There were not more than a dozen anti-Alliance men in the convention, and it was duly and truly a meeting of the County Alliance, where the action taken secretly heretofore was confirmed and published to other Democrats that they might vote for their candidates if they wished to, in the general election.

I came here to attend a meeting of the Democratic County Convention, duly called through the regularly constituted executive committee of the county, but I find that I was altogether mistaken—that it was a meeting of the Macon County Alliance, with a few profane outsiders sandwiched in for the looks of things. An Alliance man was selected as chairman, and if he had had any experience in presiding over Alliances, he was perfectly at a loss as to his duties in the chair of a political convention, and knew absolutely nothing about parliamentary rules and practices. The program had been agreed upon, candidates nominated and delegates selected under the oath of the Alliance order, and the convention to-day was a ratification and approval in mass meeting of that secret Know-Nothing, dark lantern organization from which all other Democrats are excluded, and which has laid down principles utterly impracticable, nonsensical, directly antagonistic to every purpose and declaration of the Democratic party, and which are calculated to lead the country into turmoil and confusion, break up the Democratic party of the South, divide and disrupt the white people and deliver us over again to negro and radical rule.

One of the first motions made before the Convention was to invite members of the press to seats upon the floor, whereupon a delegate, who I have no idea ever read The Advertiser, moved to exclude The Montgomery Advertiser. The resolution was promptly adopted, and the resident correspondent of The Advertiser, who was sitting at the Clerk's desk, arose from his seat, and said that if he would leave. He then upon got his hat and started out. He was met by a delegate from Tuskegee, who was not in a condition to remember what he did say, with the assurance that the motion was not intended for him, but for the Staff Correspondent.

pendent of the Advertiser, who was going around over the State writing the Alliance up and writing them down, and who had slandered the Alliance of Butler, Pike and other counties, and he moved that he be excluded from the hall during the session of the Convention. His motion was unanimously adopted.

Dr. C. L. R. Boyd, of La Place, addressed the chair, and amid numerous interruptions and efforts to stifle his voice, said that he was in favor of a free and untrammelled press, and did not think that the representative of a Democratic newspaper should be excluded from the proceedings of a Democratic convention. He was there as a Democrat and not as an Alliance man and he hoped the action would be reconsidered. A motion was made to reconsider, but the originator of the motion was ruled out of order, on the point that he had voted in the affirmative, which he readily admitted, seemingly being ashamed of any one who had.

I was sitting outside the bar, just at the gate of the railing during all of this discussion, and being at the place of my birth, among a people with whom the first and brightest days of my life had been spent, there being on every side of me those with whom I had, in the dark days that tried men's souls, stood side by side in the hour of danger, battled for the success of the Democratic party, and endeavored to roll back the dark cloud of Radicalism and negro rule which was hovering over us and with them dared and risked my life in the defense and for the preservation of their homes and firesides as well as my own, I was filled with indignation and shame, and it was with great difficulty that I restrained myself I did not go so far as to remark to those near me, that I helped build that grand old court house, had as many brick in it as any man in it, and they had better try to put me out. I reflected and soon saw that the action of the convention would rebound to the detriment and injury of those who had been so unwise as to pass such a resolution, and my feelings of indignation changed to amusement, tempered with a goodly portion of disgust, however. I remained in the convention throughout the proceedings, and was at the Secretary's desk frequently. No attempt was made to put the resolution into effect.

And was it not a most unwise and impolitic step on the part of the Alliance to carry its fight and bitter prejudice against the Advertiser into what was termed a Democratic convention, but which was as I have before stated, a ratification meeting of the county Alliance? The people will view such conduct with the greatest alarm. It strikes at the liberty of the press, and involves the continued unity and harmony of the Democratic party. If the Democratic county conventions of Alabama, in which the Alliance predominates, are to be made close corporations and used as instruments of denunciation and repel imaginary or real attacks upon the Alliance, or any particular class or oath-bound order, God save the Democracy.

It cannot withstand the predominance and control of a class who would deride and exclude any other class from participation in its deliberations and proceedings, and who would concoct its plans and purposes for the control of the party behind closed and guarded doors, and under a sacred obligation, to the exclusion of all of its other members. Such conduct never lasted long or prospered but for a short season in the history of the Government, and the outlook now is that either the Democratic party or the Alliance must go to pieces.

The convention held here to-day, was Democratic only in name, composed mostly of Independents, Republicans and Malcontents—Alliance in practice and every result.

As an example, J. A. McBryde, of Cotton Valley, Ala., an ex-member of the Republican State Committee two years ago, was a delegate in the convention. He is also an Alliance man. The convention held here to-day, was Democratic only in name, composed mostly of Independents, Republicans and Malcontents—Alliance in practice and every result.

As an example, J. A. McBryde, of Cotton Valley, Ala., an ex-member of the Republican State Committee two years ago, was a delegate in the convention. He is also an Alliance man.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by Catarrh) which we can not cure by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

The L. & N. R. Co. are building a magnificent passenger and freight depot on their line at East Woodstock.

## CHILTON CONVENTION.

Out of 85 Delegates 84 Were Alliance men.

The Grip and Countersign a Requisite to Admission—Membership in the Alliance and Not the Democratic Party the Standard—A Sort of Half Way Instruction For Kolb For Governor—The Nominees For Superintendent and the Legislature—Convention Notes.

CLANTON, May 3.—A county convention was held here to-day. Crowds had gathered around the streets in front of the Court House, and for several hours engaged in earnest and excited conversation. There was an effort being made to get some concession or to effect some compromise by which the unity and harmony of the party be preserved, and discord, dissensions and divisions avoided as far as possible. But it all failed; the Alliance would hear to nothing looking to that end from profane Democrats, and they took the Convention, lock, stock and barrel and had a little side show all by themselves.

Mr. D. J. Watersworth, the untortured and true and tried chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee of the county, refused to call to order, a convention composed entirely of delegates elected in every Beat by Independents and Republicans who in many instances had never voted a Democratic ticket, and that was the cause of the hitch. He stood firm, and never yielded the point, but when he found that the executive committee members from the various Beats were all of the same ilk as the rest of the convention, and had all deserted him, he went into the court house, followed by the crowd, and taking the floor said:

"There are two parties in this county, there is no use in denying that. I am bound by an oath to the Alliance, and I am the chairman of the Democratic party committee. The flag of the Chilton county Democracy is trailing in the dust. The executive committee have deserted their chairman and gone back upon the call they issued in ordering the primary election in requiring that only those who had voted the Democratic ticket in the past should be allowed to vote in the Democratic primaries, and hence the result is the composition of the convention today. I cannot serve the Alliance and the Democracy both in politics, and I am a Democrat first. The fires of true Democracy are burning low, the embers are smoldering, and the outlook is gloomy and dark, but the spark will yet come to the efforts of those who are true and steadfast in the path of right and who stand by Democratic principles. I cannot call the convention to order as a Democratic convention," and taking his hat left the house, amid the jeers of a few on the outside of the railing who called on him. "Leave us a lock of your hair."

After the retirement of Mr. Watersworth, the dead silence of a few moments was broken by Mr. W. L. Sampey, who moved that Mr. G. A. Northington be made temporary chairman, and upon being elected that gentleman took the chair, and after the appointment of a temporary secretary, declared the convention ready for business.

A committee on credentials, consisting of one from each beat, was appointed, which, after a recess of an hour reported no contests, the delegation from Clanton beat having settled their troubles by admitting Mr. W. L. Sampey, who was the only regular Democrat asking admission from that beat. Maplesville beat was not represented, the three delegates from that beat not going in. The temporary officers were then made permanent. The chair said he was as good a Democrat as anybody, had always voted that ticket, and pledged himself when he voted in the primaries to support the action of the convention. He denied that the Alliance was in politics. Politics were not considered at its meetings but when business was over, the doors were opened and political matters discussed. He did not say that any outsiders were admitted, and it was the same old attempt at avoidance, and virtual confession of the indictment that the Alliance was in politics.

Resolutions expressing confidence in Mr. Watersworth were adopted, and the Convention repudiated and condemned the jeers and indignities offered him. The chair stated that they were made by persons not members of the convention, for which it was not responsible. He knew Mr. Watersworth to be a good and an honest, conscientious man, and when he went out his heart went with him, in his ideas of affairs in this county.

The first order of business was the election of delegates to the State Convention. A delegate offered a resolution instructing delegates to State Convention to vote for R. F. Kolb for Governor first, last and all the time, which the chairman ruled out of order, because there were yet no delegates to instruct.

The following delegates were elected to the State Convention: J. H.

Bostwick, J. R. Kemp, P. M. Moore, J. A. Logan, W. A. Wood and L. H. Reynolds.

On motion of Mr. Bostwick the delegates to the State Convention were instructed to vote for R. F. Kolb for Governor; provided they did not find a better and stronger man when they went to Montgomery. Mr. Bostwick said he was willing to instruct now for Kolb; they had been fighting for him up to this time, and if a better and stronger man was not found, the delegation would vote for him.

The election of delegates to the Congressional Convention was postponed to some future time.

For County Superintendent of Education R. E. R. Hicks and J. W. Moore were placed in nomination. The vote stood: Hicks 20, Moore 15, and Mr. Hicks was declared the nominee.

For the Legislature, Mr. Bostwick placed in nomination the name of G. A. Northington, who, he said, was a worthy Allianceman, deserving their confidence, possessing high legal ability as well as good moral character.

Mr. J. A. Logan nominated O. W. Mastin, who had been in the Alliance true and tried, and was worthy the support of Alliancemen.

Candidates were asked to define their position on the Alliance platform of demands, particularly the sub-treasury or warehouse bill, now pending in Congress; also on the election or appointment of Commissioners and Boards of Revenue by Governor.

Mr. Northington said he had not any matured views on the measure, not having been made fully acquainted with the provisions. He thought it would be a good thing for the farmer but would bankrupt the government. He favored the election of Commissioners by the people.

A ballot was taken which resulted, Northington 28, Mastin 7, and the chair declared himself nominated for the Legislature.

The following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That the secretary be instructed to furnish a copy of the proceedings of this Convention to The Chilton View, Age-Herald, Alliance Herald, and Montgomery Advertiser, and that those newspapers be requested to publish the same.

An executive committee was then elected and the meeting adjourned.

## Convention Notes.

The convention was composed of thirty-eight delegates, as originally constituted through the apportionment fixed by the Executive Committee. The three from Maplesville, who were Alliancemen, but in favor of Col. Jones for Governor, did not attend. There were thirty-five delegates present, and thirty-four of them were members of the Alliance. Mr. Sampey, of Clanton, being the only profane Democrat admitted.

A more typical public Alliance meeting was never held. The possession of the pass-word and the countersign was necessary for any one to receive any position at its hands, or the slightest consideration.

J. A. Logan, of Clanton Beat, the grand muck-muck of the order in the county, is an independent, rarely ever voting a Democratic ticket.

A delegate arose, and raising his hand above his head, said: "Can I approach the chair?" That is the rule in the secret oath-bound order to which he belongs, and he conducted himself as he ordinarily would in an Alliance meeting.

In Jemison Bent, Mr. Powell who has always been a Republican, said the laws required both parties represented at elections, and he was made a manager at one of the Beat Primaries by the other managers who had been appointed by the county committee therefore he aided in holding the Primary. I am informed that the same thing was done at many other voting places, and it is at this that the Democrats complain.

The delegation claiming to be the regular from Chilton Beat did not ask admission to the convention Mr. Sampey was the only one who attended the convention, and he was given a seat.

The Republicans are pleased at the turn affairs have taken. Colonel Knox says:

The regulars want no compromise. The weak-kneed want to borrow, Republicans, on the Lord's side, are waiting for their to-morrow.

Affairs are in a terribly mixed condition, politically, in Chilton. The Republicans, Independents and Alliance have captured the Democratic party.

## Shiloh's Consumption Cure.

Successful Cough Medicine we have ever sold, a few doses invariably cure the worst cases of Cough, Croup, and Bronchitis, while its wonderful success in the cure of Consumption is without a parallel in the history of medicine. Since its first discovery it has been sold on a guarantee, a test which no other medicine can stand. If you have a Cough we earnestly ask you to try it. Price 10 cents, 50 cents, and \$1.00.

J. T. DOSTER, & CO.

A new Catholic church at Mt. Vernon, was dedicated yesterday by Bishop D'Sullivan.

## WIFE VS. HUSBAND.

"I tell you, Mrs. Merriam, I am not going to stand it!"

Mr. Peveril Merriam was short and stout, with small hazel eyes, a ruddy complexion and a mustache the color of hay. Dignity, even in his assumption, suits him; it didn't suit Mr. Peveril Merriam.

"Dear me, Peveril, I'm sure you're making a great fuss about nothing," said Mrs. Merriam, with an impatient toss of her head.

She was as unlike her husband as possible—a phenomenon you often come across in married couples, where, instead of "like loving like," the strongest practicable contrasts develop themselves. Fanny Merriam was slight and rather tall, with mischievous blue eyes, a complexion like freshly opened apple blossoms and hair of the shining dark brown that is almost black.

"You dandied with George Harland five times, Mrs. Merriam," said the indignant husband.

"Only three times Peveril. Only three times and a promenade," pleaded Mrs. Merriam. "And what is a poor woman to do when a gentleman asks her to dance? Am I to make a courtesy and say, 'No I thank you, my husband isn't willing.'"

"Nonsense, Mrs. Merriam."

"Just what I think myself—the absurdest nonsense in the world," demurely assented Mrs. Merriam, arranging a sprig of geranium in her belt.

"And your old lover, too. Don't think I am ignorant of your past life, Mrs. Merriam," growled her husband.

"Well my dear, how is the poor man to help that?"

"But a married woman Fanny. Have you no respect for public opinion?"

"Dear me," cried out the tormented little woman, "we would think I had broken one of the laws of the land! What have I done, after all? Walked three times with Mr. Harland in a public hall room, and let him take me down to supper?"

"You have flirted with him. You a married woman. Mrs. Merriam, with your husband standing by, scarcely able to believe the evidence of his own eyes!"

"But it isn't half so bad as it would have been if my husband hadn't been standing by, is it?"

"Fanny, will you be serious?"

"I am as serious as I can be, Peveril, unless I burst into tears! If you want me to cry, I'll do my best in that line. I suppose you never flirt?"

"I, Mrs. Merriam?"

Fanny went out of the room and closed the door behind her with a degree of emphasis that almost amounted to a bang.

"It's too bad!" said she to herself as safe behind the shelter of the damask curtains, she watched her husband strut down the street, his hat shining like satin, his silk umbrella buttoned up trimly, and his very boot heels redolent of snuff, middle aged respectability. "He's getting to be a perfect Othello! And I wonder if it's true!"

So to relieve her overcharged feelings and quiet the electric current of nervous agitation Fanny put on her hat and went down town shopping.

As it chanced she was detained longer than she had anticipated, and the weather was settling into rainy dusk just as she was coming out opposite the house of an old schoolmate, now married and settled like herself.

"Good!" quoted Mrs. Fanny to herself. "I'll go in and borrow a hood and waterproof cloak from Rosie Gilles, and then it's only a couple of blocks to the cars, and I shall be home in a quarter of an hour."

Rosie lent the hood and waterproof cloak with ready good humor, and herself assisted in the trying of an antiquated blue veil over Mrs. Merriam's blooming face.

"I declare, Fanny," cried she, laughing, "you're transformed into a pretty incognito. I don't think your own husband would know you in this guise."

"Perhaps not," said Fanny. "But I must hurry home. Only see how dark it is growing."

"Shall I send a servant with you?"

"Nonsense! As if I was afraid!"

And Fanny Merriam ran laughing down the steps.

As she entered the car, closely veiled and wrapped in the dark folds of the waterproof cloak, a short, stout gentleman rose to give her his seat and with an inward smile Mrs. Merriam recognized her lord and master.

She accepted the civility with a muted nod—there was something in the comicality of the situation that impelled her to keep up the disguise.

"We're acting a little bit romance in real life," said she to herself. How near and yet how far! Husband and wife—yet for the time being perfect strangers to each other.

"I'll get out the block this side of home, and then if I run all the way, I can perhaps get there before Peveril does, and thereby escape a lecture a yard long about the propriety of married ladies being out after dark. To hear the blessed man talk one would suppose that nothing in the world was improper for unmarried ladies."

She beckoned to the conductor—the car stopped.

She sprang out, but to her surprise, she saw dismay, Peveril Merriam stepped nimbly out after her.

"Don't be in such a hurry, ma'am," said he, in a low, insinuating voice. "Allow me to see you safe home after dark. Ah! you think I'm a wizard, but such a little white hand as yours can only correspond to a pretty face. Take my arm, miss."

Mrs. Merriam took his arm accordingly, convulsed with inward mirth. He pressed it after a most friendly fashion.

"Don't walk too fast," said he. "Let me carry your bag."

Mrs. Merriam gave it to him. They were nearing their own door when, to the surprise of the gentleman, who had perhaps expected to walk half a dozen blocks or further, his fair companion paused on the threshold.

"You—you're not stopping here!" he exclaimed nearly stumbling over the ferrule of his own umbrella.

"Yes, I am," said the lady, in a high treble voice, quite different from her usual accents. "I am going to see Mrs. Merriam and tell her of your un-warrantable conduct."

"Oh, don't do that," cried the husband in a fury. "Just think a minute how foolish it would be, and how very uncomfortable."

But I shall!" squeaked the assumed falsetto. "A man of your age!" Mr. Merriam twisted himself uneasily about—"ought to know enough to let the pretty girls alone! You need a lesson, sir—and you shall receive one."

So saying she pulled the bell vigorously.

"Is Mrs. Merriam at home?"

"No ma'am," said Nora, "she ain't got home from shopping yet."

Mr. Merriam drew an audible sigh of relief.

"No matter," said the relentless little Nemesis. "I'll come in and wait for her."

She pushed past Mr. Merriam into the reception room, and seated herself deliberately under the little chandelier that Nora had just lighted while Mr. Merriam, shifting from one foot to the other had turned the color of tallow.

"Now, my good girl how unreasonable all this is!" he argued. "And why, Fanny, it's you!"

For Mrs. Merriam had risen and thrown off the disguising folds of the waterproof and the mask like veil and stood there with eyes sparkling full of mischief.

"Yes, it's I," said she. "And now, my dear, what have you got to say for yourself? Because, you know"—with a comical imitation of his own deep, sonorous tones—you never flirt? Oh, dear me, no!"

It Peveril Merriam had been a whipped dog, groveling on the floor, he could not have looked, or perhaps felt meaner.

"My dear," said he, "I didn't—that is—what I mean to say is—we're all human, you know, my dear!"

"Exactly so," said Mrs. Merriam. "It's what I have remarked myself a score of times. Only it isn't fair to expect me to be a pattern of perfection set up on a pedestal above the rest of the world, when you are so very human—is it, now?"

"Fanny," said Mr. Merriam, "I acknowledge myself in the wrong. Don't be merciless, my dear. I—I am very sorry. I won't do it again."

"And you pledge yourself to leave off flouting fault with me for the future?"

"I will pledge myself to anything, my dear."

And then they went to dinner, for which Peveril Merriam had very little appetite.

The next time Fanny danced with George Harland, Mr. Merriam made no objection. If he had Fanny was prepared with the insinuating whisper:

"Don't be in such a hurry ma'am. Allow me to see you home."

And it would have acted like a charm.—Boston Globe.

## Mercury and Calomel.

Injudicious use of mercury in the form of calomel or otherwise leaves very injurious after effects. Much of the distress that afflicts humanity is due to a too persistent use of this poison. The various functions of the body become impaired by its use and even the bones sometimes become affected, causing aches and a general feeling of debility and distress. Anyone who has used calomel or mercury in any of its forms will do well to follow it up with a use of Dr. Bull's Sarsaparilla. This excellent alternative counteracts the evil effects of mercury and other mineral poisons. It is composed of strictly vegetable ingredients, and there is nothing in its composition that will harm the most delicate. Good health invariably follows its use.—Springfield Health Journal.

I have been effected with a mercurial headache and a heavy pain in my liver. I made use of different sarsaparillas without success until I gave Bull's Sarsaparilla a trial, three bottles of which gave me relief. I take pleasure in recommending it as being superior to other sarsaparillas.—T. H. Owen, Louisville, Ky.

## Happy Women.

What is it that makes women more smiling and happy looking than men? We meet them on the cars, on the streets, in the country, by the seashore, always smiling, teeth glistening, eyes dancing. Ah! the secret is they aim to please. It is an effort in many instances for them to smile, and were it not for a desire to look pleasing and pretty many would "never smile again." Why? Because in a large majority of instances they don't feel like smiling. They feel more like crying. With nervous aches, weakness and bearing down pains, life to them is a burden. What a gold-mine to many a physician is a rich sick woman. Why should he aim to cure her and deny himself the pleasure of presenting his bills with the usual regularity. It seems from the following, that the surest and cheapest way for invalid women to regain health and strength is by using Botanic Blood (B. B.).

Mrs. J. H. White, 340 Wythe Street Petersburg, Va., writes: "I have used B. B. with happy results, and others have taken it at my advice and are delighted with its curative results."

J. N. Gregory, Butler Postoffice, S. C., writes: "My wife had been under the treatment of several good physicians, but continued in poor health, so I bought four bottles of Botanic Blood Balm, and it did her more good than those doctors had done her in ten years. She is now doing her own washing, a thing she had not been able to do for four years."

## ALABAMA NEWS.

A severe storm passed over Tuskegee yesterday, doing considerable damage.

Ohio capitalists are in Gadsden to locate a chair factory and have selected a site.

Sheriff Frazier of Ft. Payne captured three robbers on Lookout Mountain. They had robbed a man of \$80.

Evergreen Star: It is estimated that the daily shipment of snap beans from this point will be approximately 150 bushels during the latter half of the month.

Northport Breeze: A big land slide occurred on the river about a half mile below the wharf during the recent rains, and a large tree that was carried in by the slide occupies a prominent upright position in the middle of the river.

The Woodstock correspondent of the Centreville Blade-Enterprise says: Work at the furnace is progressing rapidly. They have a large new stock house nearly completed, and have most of the work on the boilers done and begins to look very much like a furnace.

The Centreville Blade-Enterprise says: An unknown party entered the store house of Mr. D. B. Sneed on Thursday night and stole a quantity of goods. Among the lot was some cherry tonic, sugar and coffee and meat. The cash drawer was opened but luckily the change had been taken out.

Over 2,500 quarts of strawberries were shipped from Evergreen on Monday last, besides what were left for home consumption. The average daily shipments are about 1,900 quarts, representing \$850 net; by no means a mean consideration after all the drawbacks and disasters.

The Gadsden land company let the contract Saturday for the erection of the Bellevue hotel on the highlands overlooking the city. J. M. Chadwick has the brick and plastering, and Hicks & Lane the wood work, both of this city. Work will be pushed, and the hotel opened for summer boarders in a few months. This fills a long want in Gadsden.

Florence Herald: A recent visit to the Pump factory showed an unusual amount of activity and work going on. About twenty hands are constantly employed and the factory is turning out a large amount of material. Besides wooden pumps, veranda columns, ceiling, flooring and siding are also turned out. The most of the goods are shipped to Ohio and Indiana. The company has also shipped some to Europe.

## Take It and Be Well.

Gathered from field and forest are the component parts of Swift's Specific. There is nothing in it which comes from the chemist's shop, hence it is the great remedy to help nature ward off disease. In the spring months is the best time to brace up the health. Take S. S. S. when you feel dull and heavy—take it when your blood is too thick and slow, and your feelings will tell you when. Every man, woman and child would be the better for having taken a few bottles of S. S. S. in the spring.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

## SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.

Atlanta, Ga.

## Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy.

Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy, a marvelous cure for Catarrh, Dysphoria, Canker Mouth, and Headache. With each bottle there is an ingenious nasal injector for the more successful treatment of these complaints without extra charge. Price 50 cents.

J. T. DOSTER & CO.



# The Republican.

L. W. GRANT, Publisher.

MAY 10, 1890.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,

W. P. COOPER.

FOR COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT,

M. H. LANE.

The students at the State University held an election for Governor the other day and Capt. Crook was elected by a large majority.

Col. J. W. Sloss, of Birmingham, one of the first and foremost developers of Alabama, died at his home in that city a few days ago.

Between now and the great Land Sale, real estate will be lively in Jacksonville and prices will advance daily. Now is the time to invest for profit.

Asheville, the ancient capital of the good county of St. Clair, is to soon join the procession of industrial towns of Northern Alabama, and we are glad of it.

Jacksonville has not moved out with her land sale until her proposed industries were certain. No one will ever be induced to invest here upon bare promises or possibilities.

We present to the good people of Jacksonville this week two car wheels from furnaces, a National Bank, electric light plant and telephone exchange. Other good things we are holding back for a later announcement. Now tighten your belt and go to work in earnest. Crow, Chapman, crow.

Parties who invested in Jacksonville upon the strength of the deal of the Jacksonville Mining & Manufacturing Company with Eastern parties some weeks ago will make big money on their investments, and they deserve to. None but the brave deserve either the fair or fortune. They had the nerve.

Perry county convention had a large majority of farmers in it; but they did not hold an Alliance meeting the night before the convention or send a Kolb delegation to the State Convention when they met. The delegation to the State Convention from Perry stand five for Johnston, three for Crook, one for Jones and one for Kolb.

There is a pressing demand for brick here now. Several brick business houses and a large livery stable would be now under way, if the brick were obtainable on the ground. Hurry up the brick works. The heavy freight on brick to this market operates as an embargo. Cheap brick will greatly stimulate building here this summer.

Chief Justice Stone of this State has been writing some good Democratic doctrine in the Montgomery Advertiser. He does not think that Democratic principles and the St. Louis resolutions will mix at all. If the people want a bankrupt government and a centralized despotism at Washington they can have both by enacting the St. Louis resolutions into law. If the farmers want to pave the way to a confiscation and division of their lands by the government they have only to put the St. Louis resolutions into law.

Col. James Crook has been named as the second choice of several large delegations to the State Convention, notably Cherokee. They will have a chance to vote for him, as there is no hope for Kolb from the present outlook of affairs. He is getting his full strength as the conventions are held through the organization of the Farmers Alliance, though all the members of the Alliance are not supporting him by any means, as was notable in the case in Talladega County, Dallas and many other counties where he expected to carry the delegations. So far not a single county has instructed for him as second choice. He will go into the convention with a larger vote than any other candidate, but the foremost man in such cases is nearly always beaten.

We have received, with the compliments of the author, the "Revised Pocket Geologist and Mineralogist, or sixteen chapters on coals, oils, ores and other minerals for practical people," by Frederick H. Smith, Engineer and Geologist, 227 E. German St., Baltimore, Md. The work is what its title imports. It tells in plain language, as free as possible from technical terms, of the subjects of which it treats, and is designed to assist those not learned in geology and mineralogy how to look for and find and know the valuable minerals of the country. Its publication has led to some valuable mineral discoveries which might otherwise have remained secret for a long time to come. The price of the little book is one dollar. It is conveniently arranged to carry in the pocket for reference at any time. Address the author, enclosing one dollar to address as given in this notice. If you desire the book.

## THE LAND SALE.

It was hoped that when Maj. West should return from his recent Eastern trip he would bring industrial news with him of importance to the future of the now famous Tredegar development. This hope has been realized. As a result of the mission and previous negotiations, it may be said with confidence that two furnaces have been secured, and that negotiations are in a forward state for a rolling mill and other plants. These encouraging facts taken in connection with the progress we have otherwise made since March 1, should constitute ground for great confidence on the part of our community. From the date mentioned our Tredegar development has been making continuous and rapid strides. The Tredegar National Bank has been organized with Major Peyton Rowan as President and Mr. Ide, late of St. Johnsbury, Vermont, as Cashier, and with a list of directors and shareholders representing leading home and Eastern capitalists in several States. This week the city has closed a contract with the Ball Electric Light and Power Company to furnish us with an extensive plant, work upon which is to be begun at once, and our merchants, corporations and professional people have agreed in advance to use electric and incandescent lamps for business and domestic uses generally. Also this week a Telephone Exchange has been organized and full service will be put on as soon as poles and wires can be erected. This last named enterprise will cast a "halo" of a glory over the town. Negotiations are so far perfected in the matter of brick works that there is scarcely a doubt that two or more large plants of that description will be put in operation before the first of July. Last but not least the discovery, a week ago, of a new and important deposit of high grade manganese ore, making the third in the Tredegar district so far uncovered, and the splendid showing made by the iron mines now being opened by the Mining & Manufacturing Company, make the situation as satisfactory as any one could wish, especially considering that the entire record of progress represents the efforts of only sixty days.

Considering these things and the hopeful and confident mood of the country at large, the management of the Mining & Manufacturing Company has decided to hold its first spring sale of town property on the 20th, 30th and 31st days of May. Arrangements are being pushed to have a large excursion of New England, New York and Pennsylvania capitalists here on the occasion, and the cities of the South from Louisville to the Gulf will be largely represented. It will be the policy of the company to keep prices at the sale down to a limit which shall guarantee to every investor a good profit within a short time. The coming Spring sale will be introductory to a grand Autumn sale which will probably take place some time in October, and at which much higher prices are to be expected.

With regard to prices it occurs to THE REPUBLICAN that the policy of the Mining & Manufacturing Company is a wise one. By allowing the public to come in at prices which secure to them the full benefit of legitimately enhanced values, resulting from actual improvements, growth of population and so forth, we have scattered over the country an army of friends and co-workers in our progressive efforts. In too many places all the effects of industrial development have been discounted far and away in advance of any accomplishment whatever, in the prices asked. It is good statesmanship and good American sense on the part of our Company to avoid this, and instead to let in everybody on a basis which shall make them joint beneficiaries with the Corporation and the City in whatever is achieved afterward. Thus investors at the Spring sale will benefit by all the enhancements of value that the organization and building of plants, the establishment of new enterprises, industrial and commercial, the improvement of streets and avenues, the increase of population may produce between the Spring sale and that to be held in the Autumn. It may be said with confidence that our prospects were never a title as happy and promising as they are to-day. It is the duty, as it surely will be the pleasure, of every one in the city and county to do everything possible to help the Company in making the visit of investors agreeable and satisfactory.

An anonymous scribbler in the Gadsden Times-News, writes bitter and untrue things of Gen. Forney, and the Times-News simultaneously comes out with a profession of great personal friendship on the part of its editor for Gen. Forney and straightway proceeds to thrust a knife into him. What connection exists between the base and cowardly insinuations of the anonymous scribbler on the one hand and the very friendly note of warning of the Times-News on the other may safely be left to conjecture. Meantime the Democratic conventions of the counties of the Seventh District are instructing their delegates to go to the convention and vote for the battle-scarred veteran and the honest man who has never yet proved unfaithful to a single trust; and who will come out of Congress, after twenty years of service, poorer than when he went into it. He will live in history after the memory of his faithful service.

TALMAGE ON BECK. The Brooklyn Divine's Remarks on the Death of His Friend, the Late Senator. New York, May 4.—Dr. T. D. Talmage, in his sermon to-day, used these terms: "And yesterday my beloved friend, James G. Beck, Senator of the United States, dropped dead in a Washington depot. He was one of the most magnificent souls I ever

In a great many of the state papers we notice the complaint that Republicans are attending and participating in Democratic meetings and County Conventions. The line should be drawn on such proceedings at once and no true Democrat should consent to sit in a convention where Republicans are admitted as delegates.—Talladega Mountain Home.

That is a very silly story about the city of Montgomery raising one hundred and fifty thousand dollars to beat Kolb, and which it is said Mr. Kolb has been repeating. In repeating such a story Mr. Kolb reflects upon his own delegates to the Convention. The men who go to that Convention will be, in the main, honest men who would not touch a penny of any man's money in barter for their votes, and to even repeat the story that money was being raised to buy his friends off is in some sort a smirch upon them.

THE REPUBLICAN is entirely friendly to the Farmers Alliance as a business organization designed to materially benefit the farmers, and the paper stands ready to co-operate with and advance the interests of the order on this line; but when it comes to politics the REPUBLICAN is first, last and all the time a democratic paper. When the truth becomes known it will be found that three-fourths of the Alliance in Calhoun are standing with the REPUBLICAN on this ground. The order at large should not be judged by the acts if a few self-conceited leaders or independent proclivities.

A. B. Griffin, of Lee county, is the most intense hater of Democracy in East Alabama. He is known more for this than anything else. Since Kolb's candidacy for Governor, he has been one of his most blatant supporters, and has declared often that he joined the Alliance as a third party, and as a means of disrupting the Democratic party. It is noted from different parts of the State that Republicans and Independents are all actively working for Kolb and taking part in primaries and conventions, when the Kolb strength is sufficient to allow such men to participate in Democratic assemblies. There are men already elected to the State convention in his interest who two years ago opposed the party and voted against its members.—Montgomery Advertiser.

For the most part the Farmers' Alliance of Talladega county is composed of good men and good Democrats and they have had no inclination to follow false men who seek to be their leaders. The average Talladega county farmer can generally take care of himself and their Democracy ranks any isms or schisms.—Talladega Mountain Home.

A Mysterious shooting took place in Atlanta last week. Two men appearing to be strangers registered at the European hotel, as K. W. Howard, St. Louis, and M. J. Goodman, Memphis, and were placed in the same room. Goodman left the hotel but returned in a few days when he met Howard and chatted in a friendly way. They went to Goodman's room and immediately after the doors closed pistol shots were heard and Howard ran out of the door shouting to shoot him again. He died, but refused to say anything about the shooting, or his assailant. Goodman walked out of the hotel and made his escape.

## REPUBLICANS RULED OUT.

And That's Why DeKalb Went Against Candidate Kolb.

An Advertiser reporter had an interview yesterday with a thoroughly reliable and responsible gentleman who was present at the mass meeting in Fort Payne last Saturday, when the delegates to the State Convention were selected. He said:

"At the outset the Republicans composed about one-third of the convention, Mr. W. M. Holmes, a staunch young Democrat of Fort Payne, was made chairman, and he had courage enough to sum up the situation. He announced that it was a Democratic meeting, called for the purpose of selecting Democratic delegates to the Democratic State Convention. He said Republicans should have no part in the meeting; that a Republican convention would be held to elect delegates from the county to the State Convention, and Democrats could not participate in their proceedings. He then requested all the delegates present who were Democrats to sign a paper, and announced that the Republicans would not be recognized in the meeting. The proposition was accepted, and it shut out about one-third of the delegates. Then it was a Democratic meeting, and the county did not go for Kolb."

## TALMAGE ON BECK.

The Brooklyn Divine's Remarks on the Death of His Friend, the Late Senator.

New York, May 4.—Dr. T. D. Talmage, in his sermon to-day, used these terms: "And yesterday my beloved friend, James G. Beck, Senator of the United States, dropped dead in a Washington depot. He was one of the most magnificent souls I ever

known; at times in eloquence a Demosthenes; the foe to all wrong; the terror of all political corruption and the friend of God. How I enjoyed his hospitalities in Kentucky when he took me and showed me the classic spots around beautiful Lexington and talked of things pertaining to our beloved country. "Oh, Mr. Talmage," said he, "sometimes we public men get worldly and perhaps do not attend to our religious duties as we might, but still you know the bible is true, and the only hope for this world is the gospel of Jesus Christ. I was brought up under Henry Duncan, of Rothwell, Scotland, and felt the power of his ministry and have felt it all the way through."

## THE IOWA LIQUOR CASE.

The Supreme Court has decided that a State cannot enact and enforce laws to seize liquors shipped from another State, so long as the liquor remains in the original packages and is not offered for sale in the State where received. That is the whole of the decision, about which such a great noise has been made by our Prohibition friends; and it is based on the plain provision of the Constitution giving to Congress sole power to "regulate commerce between the States." The decision does not by any means authorize the receiver of liquor, sent from one state to another, to sell the same in violation of the law of the State where received, not at all. It simply goes to the extent of saying that, in the absence of power given by Congress, the States have no right to seize any recognized article of commerce arriving within their borders, and confiscate it as a nuisance, in the original package. Had the Iowa authorities waited until the Keokuk consignee of Peoria beer offered to sell it to customers, either by retail or wholesale, and then seized it, the decision would doubtless have been different. This point is neatly set out by the Philadelphia Record, thus:

Should Pennsylvania, for example, totally prohibit the manufacture and sale of liquor, or make the license so high as to shut up every saloon, it would still be in the power of the citizen to import his beer from New Jersey or his wine from California; and no conceivable could seize it in transit or in possession of the purchaser. He could sip his wine or beer at his leisure, or regale his friends with it, and no spy of the law could molest him, unless he made him or make him afraid. But the moment he should undertake to sell this liquor he would come under the police power of the State, and would be liable to punishment for violating its laws.

The Record goes on to say that this is all that the decision of the Supreme Court amounts to; and it is what nearly everybody in Pennsylvania, at least understood to be the law before the decision was pronounced. It is the law which a large proportion of the people of Maine have acted upon for a quarter of a century. The Prohibition Legislature of Maine has never undertaken to authorize the seizure of liquors in transit from another State or in possession of the original purchaser. But the Prohibitionists of Iowa, in their fanatical zeal to suppress the personal liberty of the citizen, have run against the spikes of the United States Constitution. Hence their rage over the decision of the Supreme Court.

## SENATOR BECK.

Kentucky's Statesman Drops Dead in a Washington Depot.

Washington, May 5.—Senator J. B. Beck of Kentucky, died in the Baltimore and Potomac railroad station at 4:15 Saturday afternoon. He had just arrived on the train, and dropped as he was passing through the main waiting room. He was carried into the station master's office, and was dead when the physician reached his side a few minutes later.

Examination by the physicians demonstrated that the death was caused by paralysis of the heart. The body of Senator Beck was removed from the station to the House of Representatives by Mr. Breckenridge of Kentucky, and later in the evening embalmed.

Washington, 5.—The remains of Senator Beck have been placed in a casket and lie in the parlor of the home of Representative W. C. P. Breckenridge of Capital Hill. A large number of persons, including most of his senatorial colleagues called during the day to view the body and tender condolence to Mrs. Goodloe, a daughter of the late senator. A large number of telegrams of condolence have also been received.

The funeral arrangements have not been finally and definitely determined upon as yet.

## SENATOR BECK'S SUCCESSOR.

Louisville, May 5.—In the election of Senator Beck's successor, made by the legislature, the probable candidates are Congressman Carlisle, ex-Governor Knott, State Senator William Lindsay and Lieutenant Governor Bryan. The common belief is Mr. Carlisle will be chosen. The election takes place Tuesday, May 20.

## Cheap Money.

As correspondent of the Loan Co., of Alabama, I can offer money on improved farms at reduced rates.

H. L. STEVENSON.

ELLIS & STEVENSON

Attorneys at Law,

Jacksonville, Alabama.

## The Electropoise.

READ THE TESTIMONY

Important letter from one of the first and best men in the state, and of the firm of Millor, Caldwell & Flowers, large saw-mill company at Bolling, Ala., DuBois & Webb, Birmingham, Ala.

Gents—The three Electropoises I loaned from you last July were used by my two daughters and myself. I am seventy-seven years old. For more than half a century I have suffered with chronic bronchitis, accompanied with violent cough; of late years I have had asthma, severe pain in back, shoulders and knees, and indeed I have been very much prostrated. After six months use of the Electropoise I can report a decided mitigation of all symptoms and a gain of ten pounds in weight.

My daughter, Mrs. C. H. Chandler of Montgomery, has had sciatic-rheumatism for fifteen years; lately she has had dropsical swelling and shortness of breath. She is much better, though not entirely relieved of rheumatism. My other daughter, Mrs. A. F. Hamill of Evergreen, Alabama, has had asthma in severe form for twenty years. She was so weak that she was confined to her bed a great portion of her time. On the fifth night after using the Electropoise she rested well, and from that date has been able to attend to her domestic duties without assistance. Of late, owing to exposure, is not so well, but even now is a great deal better than before using the 'Poise.

Permit me to say, in conclusion, that in view of the benefit my daughters and I have derived, I have purchased the three instruments. I think this the best evidence of my appreciation of a thing, when I back up my judgment with my money. I am

Respectfully yours,

WM. H. FLOWERS.

## Electro-Librati on Co.

Gents—With pleasure I gratefully give my testimony as to the good work of the Electropoise in my case. I had been "going down hill" several months. Indigestion and consequent bowel affection being the trouble. Medicine did me no good. On the first of February I began using the Electropoise. "Threw physic to the dogs" and ate anything I desired, as per instruction, and began to improve at once. I have been using the 'Poise just one month—my bowels are all right, have none of the old symptoms of dyspepsia left, can eat anything I desire, have regained my strength, ten pounds in weight, and am daily improving in both. I feel better than I have felt for years, and would not be without an Electropoise. It has worked wonders in my case, and also with other members of my family. I do hope, for the sake of suffering humanity, those needing it will give the Electropoise a trial and be convinced.

R. E. SULLIVAN, Foreman Ala. Christian Advocate, Birmingham, March 1, 1890.

## "How to Cure All Skin Diseases."

Simply apply "Swayne's Ointment." No internal medicine required. Cures letter eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, etc., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for Swayne's Ointment. Sold—Am.

## Piles! Piles! Itching Piles.

Symptoms—Intense itching and stinging most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue, tumor form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. Swayne's Ointment stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors at drug stores, or by mail, for 50 cents. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia. Sold—Am.

## MEMORY

The REPUBLICAN Job Office has recently bought 20,000 Packed Note Heads, (largest size) at a bargain and can print them, deliverable at this office, for \$1.75 to \$2.50 per thousand, padded. Orders solicited.

## NOTICE NO. 1021.

LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY, ERY, ALA., March 16, 1890.]

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the Probate Court at Jacksonville, Ala., on May 5, 1890, viz: Thomas Hanna, Homestead entry, No. 21503, for the W½ of NW¼, W½ of SW¼, Section 28 T. 14, R. 9 E. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Samuel Whitley, David Parker, Henry Whitley, Edward Burton. All of White Plains, Ala.

J. H. BINGHAM, Register.

## JAS. HUTCHISON

HAIR DRESSER AND BARBER, (Jacksonville Hotel.) JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

## B. G. McCLELEN,

County - - - Surveyor

## E. M. REID, J. P.

MORRISVILLE, ALA., Keeps Marriage Licenses for sale, Court the 1st and 3rd Saturdays in each month. U.

# W. T. WILLSON

Carries the largest and most complete stock in Anniston of Dry Goods, Carpets, Curtain and Upholstery goods.

SHADES, WINDOW POLES &c

We have but one price which is marked in plain figures. To customers from Jacksonville buying to the amount of \$5 we deduct amount of R. R. fare one way, \$10, both ways.

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN JACKETS, WRAPS AND NEWMARKETS.

W. T. WILLSON,

ANNISTON, ALA.

Agents for Buttericks Patterns and Gold and Silver Shirts.

oct26tf

## STEVENSON, MARTIN & GRANT,

Real Estate Brokers,

Jacksonville, - - - - Alabama.

Real Estate bought and sold on commission, rents collected &c. Property placed in our hands for sale will be advertised for sale without cost to land owner.

No Sale--No Charge.

Jacksonville real estate and farm and mineral land along the line of Jacksonville & Anniston Railroad specially solicited.

## Tax Sale.

In Chancery.

Notice is hereby given that the following lands and lots were decreed by the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, on the 14th day of April 1890 it being the 2nd Monday in said month and a regular term of said court, to be sold for the taxes and costs due thereon for the years 1889 and previous years, and notice is hereby further given that said lands will be sold by the undersigned, as Tax Collector, within the legal hours of sale on Monday the 20th day of May 1890, before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville, Ala., to satisfy said taxes and costs to-wit:

Precinct No. 1. David Treadwell Est., W½ of SE¼ Sec. 1, T. 14, and R. 7, and NW¼ of SE¼, Sec. 30, T. 13, R. 7, 120 acres. Taxes 1889 1.92 Costs 1.70 Advertising fee 5.18 Total 8.80 Beat No. 7, Owner Unknown—SW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 36, T. 12, R. 7, 40 acres. Taxes 1889 1.70 Costs 1.70 Advertising fee 3.85 Total 5.32 Beat No. 9, Owner Unknown—1 lot in Piedmont, Ala., bounded north and east by J. F. Dally, south by M. E. church lot, west by church, containing one-half acre. Taxes 1889 85 Costs 1.70 Advertising fee 1.65 Total 6.18 Precinct No. 15. H. A. Seelye—Lot No. 7, Block 8, Hight & McCoy's addition of Anniston, Ala. Taxes 1888-9 19.50 Costs 2.30 Advertising fee 3.24 Total 25.04 Precinct No. 15. J. A. Walker—Vacant lot No. 20, Block 132, Anniston, Ala. Taxes 1888-9 54.00 Costs 2.20 Advertising fee 3.34 Total 60.54 Precinct No. 15. Sarah A. Woolly—Three lots fronting 96 feet front on 13th street between Bancroft & A. & C. right of way, in Anniston, Ala. Taxes 1889 86.75 Costs 1.70 Advertising fee 4.48 Total 92.93 Beat No. 15, R. S. Wilson—Lot No. 12, Block 31, corner of 17th and Stevens street, Anniston, Ala. Taxes 1889 74.48 Costs 1.70 Advertising fee 3.72 Total 80.90 Beat No. 6, Owner Unknown, SW¼ of SE¼ Sec. 25, T. 14, R. 6, 40 acres. Taxes 1889 44 Costs 1.70 Advertising fee 3.85 Total 49.60 Beat No. 15, T. R. McGarity—Lot No. 8, Block 134, Anniston, Ala. Taxes 1889 17.10 Costs 1.95 Advertising fee 1.88 Total 20.93 Precinct No. 15. M. A. Carter—House and lot No. 125 on Allen Avenue on 14th street, Oxanna, Ala. Taxes 1889 2.36 Costs 2.75 Advertising fee 9.01 Total 14.12 Jessie Houston, Beat No. 13-144 No. 2 and 3, Block 25, Division 1, Oxanna, Ala. Taxes for 1889 53.09 Costs 2.45 Advertising 3.02 Total 60.56 D. Z. GOODENOUGH, Tax Collector.

Done at office, in Jacksonville, this 2nd day of May 1890.

WM. M. HAMES, Register.

## In Chancery.

STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County, Berney National Bank, vs. Thomas H. Dunn and Fannie H. Dunn et al.

In Chancery at Jacksonville, Ala., 9th District, Northeastern Chancery Division. In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit of Wm. Berney complainant's President that the defendants Thomas H. Dunn and Fannie H. Dunn his wife are both non-residents of the State of Alabama, and that they reside in the city of Columbus, State of Mississippi, and further, that, in the belief of said affiant, the defendants are over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican a newspaper published in the county of Calhoun, Ala., once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring them to answer or demur to the same, within thirty days after the 2nd day of June 1890, and failing so to do a decree pro confesso will be taken against them in said cause. Done at office, in Jacksonville, this 1st day of May 1890.

WM. M. HAMES, Register.

"Established 30 Years."

H. A. SMITH

ROME, - - - - GEORGIA.

Wholesale and Retail

Bookseller and

Music Dealer.

JUST received a magnificent line of holiday goods: Combs and Brush sets, Work boxes, Writing Desk, Toilet sets for Ladies and Gentlemen, Pins and Morocco Balls, Photograph and Autograph Albums, Pocket Standard Juvenile and Gift Books, Scrap Books, Bibles, Traverses and Hyms Books, Pictures, Engravings, Vases, Bronzes, Gansas Dolls, Toys, Fancy Stationery, Stationery and a great variety for Christmas, Birthday and Wedding Presents. Prices and Catalogue from different manufacturers, for Cash or installment plan, at low prices. See our advertisement in this paper.

6000 ROLLS OF WALL PAPER

See our advertisement in this paper.

See our advertisement in this paper.

See our advertisement in this paper.



# TREDEGAR.

## OPENING SPRING SALE OF TREDEGAR CITY LOTS AT Jacksonville, Calhoun County, Alabama.

MAY 29TH, 30TH, AND 31ST.

By the Jacksonville Mining and Manufacturing Company of Alabama.

The Company owns and controls the finest areas of Hematite Iron Ore and Manganese deposits, and of hard wood and pine timber lands in the district. Within the past 60 days two car wheel iron furnaces have been secured; the Tredegar National Bank has been organized and is ready for business; an electric light plant for public and private lighting has been contracted for; a third iron furnace is in negotiation; a telephone service established; iron mines put in operation; manganese mines under development, and negotiations are nearly perfected for the establishment of a large rolling mill, ferro-manganese plant, cotton mill, new brick works, ice factory and cold storage plant and a basic steel plant. Before the date of the sale some, if not all, of these negotiations will probably be closed.

We have already in operation extensive lumber and planing mills, tannery, complete system of city water works, and a number of mercantile houses in nearly all staple lines of business. The elegant Tredegar Inn was opened to the public by the Company March 1st. Calhoun college, four churches, elegant private residences, beautiful scenery and perfect climate.

### "GOOD WATER AND GOOD SOCIETY."

A choice selection of city property, centrally located, will be offered.

Prices will be kept down to a limit within which every investor can be assured of a handsome profit.

Future developments will not be discounted. Every purchaser will share in the increase of values produced by developments.

The nights are cool, and visitors should bring overcoats.

Ample accommodations for all comers at the Tredegar Inn, the Warlick House and at superior private hotels and boarding houses.

For further particulars address,

J. W. BURKE, President.

GOLDSMITH BERNARD WEST, General Manager.

TREDEGAR, P. O. Jacksonville, Calhoun County, Alabama.

## The Republican.

### Issued Weekly.

#### Rates of Advertising.

Transient advertisements \$1 per square, and one inch makes a square. Local notices 10 cents per line. Advertisements must be handed in Thursday or before to insure insertion.

#### SUBSCRIPTION RATE.

One Year, One Dollar. Six Months, Seventy-five Cents. Three Months, Forty Cents. Subscriptions must be paid in advance. No name will be booked unless money accompanies the order.

Hon. W. J. Alexander, of Piedmont, was in Jacksonville Thursday.

You can get the newest Corset out at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

Dr. P. H. Brothers, of the southwestern part of the county, was in Jacksonville Tuesday.

Maj. T. W. Francis, of Cane Creek, spent the week in Jacksonville among his many friends here.

A nice line of Ladies, Gents and Boys Ties at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

Rev. J. K. Spence, of Weavers, was in Jacksonville Thursday and paid the REPUBLICAN office a call.

A nice line of very fine flowers, just received at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

Judge Box lost his pocket book, containing about sixty dollars, Tuesday. The finder will be suitably rewarded upon returning it to him.

Good line of stationary and Box Paper at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

Married at the residence of the bride's father, May 4th, 1890, by Rev. H. L. Johnston, Mr. Jno. F. Broughton and Fannie E. McCollum.

The latest in money purses at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

Married at the residence of the bride's father, May 4th, 1890, by Rev. H. L. Johnston, Mr. Wm. F. Henderson, of Ragland, and Miss Carrie A. Marston.

You will find Millinery to suit all classes from the cheapest to the best at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

Mr. J. C. Henderson, of Chattanooga, was in Jacksonville Thursday, looking after investments in anticipation of the coming boom.

A nice line of Pointed, Embroidered and Sailor Collars at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

Mr. R. H. Edmonds, of the Baltimore Manufacturers' Record, is in Jacksonville to spend some weeks for his health. He is accompanied by Mrs. Edmonds.

A beautiful line of Vandyke Laces and Ruching at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

Mr. Thomas Downing and Miss Ida Coker were married Wednesday, at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. M. N. Coker, at Weavers, by Rev. J. K. Spence. Anniston Hot Blast.

Mrs. Kate Jelks carries the largest stock of Millinery in the county, therefore you can come nearer getting what you want than anywhere else.

Miss Anna P. Johnson, of Perryburg, Ohio, is stopping for a while in our city, as the guest of Miss Addie Hammond. She is delighted with what she has seen of the "Sunny South," and especially with our little city and its beautiful surroundings.

You can get the very newest out in Handkerchiefs at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

Work on the Blue Mountain Mineral Railroad has commenced at the Jacksonville end of the line. It has never been discontinued on the Aniston end. In a few months it is hoped the road will be completed.

Just received a beautiful line of Millinery at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

Mr. O. P. Allen, a good and useful citizen of Alexandria Valley, died at his home on Cane Creek the 7th inst., of pneumonia. He was much beloved and highly respected by all who knew him and his death will be greatly regretted throughout the county.

Mr. W. H. Fleming, of Weavers Station, is spending the week in Jacksonville. He is perhaps the oldest subscriber of the REPUBLICAN. He has been taking the paper constantly since its first issue, over fifty-two years ago.

Mr. Geo. P. Ide, of St. Johnsbury, Vermont, is in Jacksonville for the purpose of opening the Tredegar National Bank. He will be cashier of the bank. Maj. P. Rowan, of Jacksonville, will be president.

Judge Box got through with the civil docket Thursday and left for his home. He will return Monday and open the criminal court. The grand jury reported Thursday and adjourned. So far as can be learned no indictments were found for very serious offenses. If the report is furnished, we shall publish it next week.

Col. Jno. H. Caldwell, realizing that he will sooner or later have to abandon his farm in the southern edge of the town to the irrepressible real estate men, has hedged by buying the Robt. Alexander farm, three miles west of town.

At the time of the great land sale here it is certain the hotels will not be able to accommodate the crowds of people who will attend. It is not desirable to have anybody go away from here at night to seek lodging as has been the case at other points. If owners of private houses will consent to board these visitors from one to three days, the town can accommodate all who come. In order to ascertain whether they will do this or not it will be necessary for all who will take visitors to register their names, together with the number they will take and the price per day for board, at the office of the Jacksonville Mining & Manufacturing Co. Do not delay about this. If you are so fixed as to be able to entertain one or more guests, go at once to the office of the company and register your name. Those who cannot feed boarders may have rooms that they could let to lodgers, who might get their meals at the hotels. Go and register your name at once.

The Rev. Geo. H. Thayer, of Bourbon, Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to Shilo's counting cure."

Sold by J. T. DOSTER & CO.

Judge T. J. Burton, of Edwardsville, was in Jacksonville Friday.

Mr. Jno. C. Pugh, one of the proprietors of the Gadsden Leader, was in Jacksonville Friday. He is a son of Senator Pugh, and a young man of great promise.

Cards are out for the marriage of Rev. A. K. Atkins and Miss Eula Hubbard, and Rev. T. J. Ponder and Miss Maude Hubbard at Weavers, the 14th inst.

Leo M. King, who has been with Alexander & Frank, of this city, for the past two years, left last week for his home in Jacksonville, where he has accepted a position with Rowan, Dean & Co. Leo made many friends while here who wish him success in his new position.—Gadsden Times.

We print an extra thousand copies of the REPUBLICAN for gratuitous distribution as specimen copies. Merchants and others will please hand in the names and post offices of parties in other places with whom they deal. The paper will be sent to all whose names are thus furnished. Do not neglect this. It is for the good of the town.

Mrs. G. B. West and daughter have joined Maj. West and will make Jacksonville their future home. We trust that they will find Jacksonville the delightful place that Maj. West has pictured it in his inimitable letters to the Baltimore Manufacturers' Record.

The Piedmont Post notes the death of Mr. Johnathan Morgan, the 4th inst., at the house of his son, Mr. R. P. Morgan. He was 90 years of age. The Post also notes the death of Mrs. Sarah Anderson on the 5th inst., after a long and painful illness. She was 75 years of age at the time of her death, and was a most estimable lady.

SANDY JONES WILL HANG.

The Gallows That Hanged Dick Hawes Will Have Its Fourth Victim To-Day.

Birmingham, May 8.—A special from Montgomery to the News conveys the information that the appeal of Sandy Jones from the Birmingham criminal court, convicted of murder in the first degree, having killed police officer Manning, of Bessemer, last spring, sentenced to be executed May 9th, was to-day dismissed in the Supreme Court. No question of law having been reserved in the record, the sentence of the lower court will be enforced.

Everything at the jail is ready for the hanging to-morrow, which will take place at the usual hour, between 12 and 1 o'clock. The same gallows that was used in the execution of Gilbert Lowe, Dick Hawes and Ben Elzy will be used from which to usher Sandy Jones into another world.

NOTICE NO. 10,222.  
LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY, ALA.  
April 2nd, 1890.  
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the Probate Court at Jacksonville, Alabama, on June 3rd, 1890, viz: William M. Parker, homestead entry, No. 2475, for SE 1/4 of SW 1/4, Sec. 36, T. 14, S. 10, E. 1, East. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Green B. Sackett, Joel Chandler, John Hollingsworth, John W. Allen, all of Jacksonville, Ala.  
J. M. BISHOP, Register.

## GRAND COMBINATION.

The Weekly News, Birmingham,

AND

The Jacksonville Republican.

Both papers one year for 1.50 with a ticket in the distribution of 750.00 Gold Presents to be made by the News, on the first day of July next. In addition to getting the

## Two Best Newspapers

Published in Alabama, you may receive One Hundred Dollars in Gold, or one of the Three Hundred and Seventy-one Other Solid Presents in Gold.

## An Additional Offer.

All who subscribe before May 1, will also participate in the SUNDAY Geronimo Gift Distribution of One Hundred Valuable Presents worth from \$10 to \$500 each, which will be made on that day by the NEWS, which recently absorbed the Chronicle.

Write the NEWS Birmingham for sample copy and forward subscriptions to

The Republican.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

## AT TREDEGAR

ON TIME.

NISBET & PRIVETT,

Real Estate & Stock Brokers,

"Tredegar," Jacksonville P. O. Alabama.

Next Door to Post Office.

## PERFECT FITTING BASQUE

Patterns

PRESENTED

TO THE

LADIES.

We will, from to-day on,

Present Every Lady

PURCHASING A DRESS PATTERN FROM US.

The Newest Style Basque Pattern,

Which is Perfect Fitting, adapted

For Any Style Basque

Very Latest Spring

STYLE.

We have the Finest Line White and Silk Lace for Overdresses, Dress Silks from \$150 up; Woolen Dress Goods, Satteons, Zephyr Cloth, Black and Colored Lawns, Checked Nanook, White Lawns, and an endless variety of Embroideries and Flouncings.

Prices Lower than any House in the City.

We will prepay all express charges on orders sent to us.

Respectfully,

ULLMAN BROS., Anniston, Ala.

JNO. Y. HENDERSON.

H. F. MONTGOMERY.

MONTGOMERY & HENDERSON,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

OFFICE NO. 3, CARPENTER BUILDING,

Jacksonville, Alabama.

No charge for examining Titles and execution of Deeds. Refer by permission to Bank of Anniston, Anniston, Ala.

T. R. WARD.

At the Front Again. Dry Goods and Groceries cheap for "Cash." At the Old Stand below Depot.

Shoes at Cost For Thirty Days.

All who are indebted to me will please make immediate payment. I am obliged to have the money due me.

T. R. WARD.



## New Towns in the South.

The new town enterprises in the mineral section of the Central South go on with unabated vigor. Vast sums of cash and credit are being placed in these ventures, coming chiefly from the East. New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, New York, Pennsylvania and Delaware being the most prominent investors and promoters.

It is a new thing—this establishing towns by the dozen in an old and well settled community. Heretofore these schemes have been chiefly confined to the rapidly developing points on the frontier. West and Northwest, where railroads have come in and made fast development of agriculture, manufacture and trade certain. The Central South has already her settled conditions as to railroads, manufactures, agriculture, schools, churches, all the paraphernalia of a high and well ordered civilization; but the whole South has always lacked that Yankee convenience, the thrifty, handsome village disposed as they are all over the North and East, and often expanding into large cities within a few miles of each other. Our fellow citizens of those remote States are therefore not only attempting to supply a real need of our section in the new towns they are promoting, but they are—perhaps unconsciously—working a revolution of the first importance from the view point of the social student, the educator, the economist. That the South needs these new towns is unquestionable, and that all or nearly all of them will finally succeed and will be sources of large profit to their founders we think certain to be realized. The only condition of final success in any case is wisdom in choosing the location. Population is rapidly growing all over the mineral district of the section. There is decided tendency to the diversification of industry and toward the manufacture of higher grade goods, and these lines can be better prosecuted in small than in large places. The great bulk of Northern manufacture is turned out from towns that are of less than 50,000 population. Take the little city of Augusta, Maine, as an example. With its less than ten thousand population, this town is third in the Union as a publishing emporium and manufacturer of printers' materials. Fall River, with over 450,000 population, in the cotton textile trade has possibly 50,000 population. Natick with a population of 9,000 is a center of shoe manufacture of great and growing proportions. Waltham, the maker of more watches than all other factory towns in that line put together is a town of 12,000. The small cities of Akron, Canton, Massillon, Mansfield and Springfield, Ohio, have together not less than \$28,000,000 invested in agricultural machinery, and other millions in various exploitations, such as watches, harness, safes, springs, cutlery, etc., etc.

This same policy will gradually work its way in and all over the South and then the new town that is now a mere nucleus will be a small, rich, growing city, of more importance than some larger places whose people content themselves with merchandising and the cruder trades. The Tradesman is decidedly favorable to the new towns. We wish for their founders all reasonable success and profit. The more of such centers we have the better will be the home market for farm products. They will become distributors of refinement, education and religion as well as of the necessities and luxuries of life.—Tradesman.

## THE PRODIGAL'S RETURN.

Governor Charles P. Lane of Huntsville Comes Back to the Fold.

In a letter to the Huntsville Mercury, after explaining the cause of his going into the Republican party, and his experience with that party, Mr. Charles P. Lane says: "I intend, now, to disconnect myself from the Republican party in whole and in part, and abide the action of the following are my reasons for so doing."

In the first place, for nearly eight years I have been politically in about the same attitude of the fellow who was buried face downward, the more I scratched the nearer to hell I went. Therefore it is reasonable that I should call a halt to consider my bearings.

Secondly:—The more decent or intelligent a man is, the more helpless he is in the Republican party of the South, and the less his influence prevails. For the party in the South is eminently a national delegate-mixing machine, and has no other object. For this purpose a corrupt and purchasable element is preferable to a gentleman.

Thirdly—I am tired and disgusted with divorcing myself from my personal friends, with whom I was raised, in each and every political campaign, and I intend to avoid it in the next State campaign.

Fourthly—I find private life more profitable, and the pleasant sensation of making money excels, by far, the pleasure of making speeches.

Fifth, and last—The Republican party no longer stands out on the three principles I set out in this letter. It has forgotten, or ignores them, and now stands on three that I can in no wise endorse. The first is the threatened oppression of the South by a federal control of State Congressional elections. This step would be oppressive, insulting, and provoking to our people, would fill the federal prisons with outlaws, etc.

izens, and would be a step in the direction of military control, certainly a deprivation or interference with the rights of the State in the election of Congressmen. Secondly, there are two classes that seem to absorb the entire time and legislation of the party; one is the rich monopolist and the other the ex-federal soldier, pensioner, or Grand Army Republic man. To these two revenues and treasury seem to be wide open. The third is, the party is too sectional and seems to hate the South as Satan does holy water.

Dr. Bull's Worm Destroyers are not new and untried. For thirty years they have stood the test of usage, and their large sale is due to merit only.

## Answer This Question.

Why do so many people we see around us seem to prefer to suffer and be made miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Coming Up of the Food, Yellow Skin, when for 75 cents we will sell them Shiloh's System Vitalizer, guaranteed to cure them.

J. T. DOSTER & CO.

We have a speedy and positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker Mouth and Headache, in Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. A Nasal Injector free with each bottle. Use it if you desire health and sweet breath. Price 50 cents.

J. T. DOSTER & CO.



## CURE SICK HEADACHE

Headache, get Carter's Little Liver Pills and you will find them a most reliable and sure remedy. They are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing the annoying complaint, and restoring the normal action of the bowels. They are the only pills that will cure the headache and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure the headache, they are worth the price. But after a trial, you will find them a most reliable and sure remedy. They are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing the annoying complaint, and restoring the normal action of the bowels. They are the only pills that will cure the headache and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure the headache, they are worth the price. But after a trial, you will find them a most reliable and sure remedy.

ACHE

Is the name of so many lives that have been made more comfortable by our pills. Our pills are not a mere cure, they are a cure. They are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing the annoying complaint, and restoring the normal action of the bowels. They are the only pills that will cure the headache and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure the headache, they are worth the price. But after a trial, you will find them a most reliable and sure remedy.

POSTPONED

Commissioners' Sale of Valuable Land STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

By virtue of an order and decree of the Probate Court of said county of Calhoun, made and entered on the 1st day of November A. D. 1888. We the undersigned Commissioners, will offer for sale to the highest bidder at public outcry at the Court House door in the town of Jacksonville, Alabama, on Monday the 20th day of May 1890, the following described real estate known as the James H. Privett homestead, to-wit: The SW 1/4 of the NW 1/4 and twenty (20) acres off of the north end of the NW 1/4 of the SW 1/4 of Sec. 25, and 1/2 of NW 1/4 of NW 1/4 and the NW 1/4 of SW 1/4 of Sec. 25; also three (3) acres commencing in the middle of the creek where the Jacksonville and Oxford road crosses mill creek, thence east five rods to section line, thence north with section line eight rods to said Privett's gate, thence along said Jacksonville and Oxford road to beginning in NE 1/4 of Sec. 28, all in T. 14, R. 8, for division among the joint owners, heirs of said James H. Privett.

Terms of Sale.—One-third cash and balance on credit of one and two years in two equal payments with interest from date of sale. Notes with good security will be required. This 11th day of April 1890.

H. F. MONTGOMERY, C. D. MARTIN, J. J. SKELTON, Commissioners.

april 2-3t

J. H. CRAWFORD, Has just received a fine lot of Coffins & Caskets.

Also small Gloss White Caskets for Children. Price range from \$8 to \$45. Largest sizes for men, at my shop on Main street, south from the public square Jacksonville Ala.

BROTHERS, WILLET & WILLET.

Attorneys at Law, Jacksonville and Anniston.

L. Richardson & Co., Manufacturers of Lumber and Lathes,

Hays' Station, East & West R. R. Three and a half miles north of Jacksonville.

Orders Solicited.

E. P. WREN,

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER, PAPER HANGER & GRATER

Jacksonville & Piedmont, Ala.

## Anniston Arms Co.,

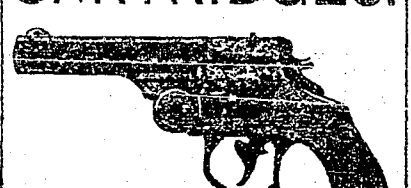
No. 917 NOBLE STREET,



Will sell as cheap as any house North, East, South or West.

Guns, Rifles, Pistols,

CARTRIDGES.



LAWN TENNIS, BASE BALL,

Gymnasium Fishing Tackle,

And all kinds of

Sporting Goods.

Agents for

King's Great Western Powder Co.,

Parker Bros. Guns, L. C. Smith's Guns. ANNISTON ARMS CO. sepi8m4 Anniston, Ala.

I. L. SWAN. E. H. DENMAN

I. L. Swan & Co.,

Real Estate Agents,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

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## An Argument With A Point.

We feel sure there must be lots of Gentlemen who are "almost persuaded" to give Ready-made Clothing a trial, but are hesitating—shy of the result—afraid that after they get the Clothes home they wont suit them.

LISTEN!

Don't take any one else's stock as a criterion of OURS. One might look upon Snow's Creek and try to picture in it the majestic Mississippi with as much propriety. We carry lines of goods that are total strangers to our competitors—in fact, there are very few Clothiers in the Country who make up the fine superior grades of fabrics we do. When we say we are challenging the efforts of Merchant Tailors, it means Just That. They boast of the perfection of their fit. We Guarantee ours to fit you perfectly in every particular. They announce the exclusiveness of their patterns. We've had opened to us within the last few seasons the same purchasing facilities they enjoy. They look over the market side by side with us. The difference is, we buy in bolts, they buy in single suit patterns. Now, the only question is: Is it worth Double the Money to have your Clothing cut for you personally? To a man you'll say

NO!

And you're right. Now, you hesitators—WE take all the responsibilities, we're behind our Clothes to the end—literally. If they're not absolutely satisfactory all the way through—we want to know.

There never was a claim made to us that wasn't adjusted speedily and satisfactorily—and you're given the benefit of all the doubts everytime. We are not doing business just for now,—but for the future as well.

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A NEW DEPARTURE

in that they will, in addition to their ordinary mode of business, sell a

Cash Sale Department;

in which they guarantee better bargains than can be had elsewhere in this county. With cheap store rent and cheap living at Jacksonville, and goods bought at first hands for cash, by our Mr. Wm. Dean, who just returned from market, we are enabled to make this announcement with complacency. Our stock consists in the

Ladies' Department

in addition to many other things, of the latest style of Henriette Cloths, Ladies' Broadcloth, Dress Flannels, Trimmings, Knit Goods, Shawls, Nov Markets, Walking Jackets, Cloaks, Vests, fine Dress Shoes, Millinery; in short a

Bewildering Bower of Beautiful Goods

of all kinds. In the

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we mention specially an extra select assortment of Ready-Made Clothing, Fine Boots, and Shoes, Hats, Caps, Underwear, Negligee Shirts &c. Generally we have the best selected and largest stock of

Groceries, Dry Goods, Hardware,

Drugs, Queensware, Books, &

Stationery, Carpets, Rugs

Curtains, Oil-cloths,

RUBBER GOODS,

found in any other store in this Congressional District. Try us with confidence and see if we will not make good our boast of

UNDERSELLING ALL COMPETITORS.

oct12st



# JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN.

ESTABLISHED 1837.

JACKSONVILLE, CALHOUN COUNTY, ALA., SATURDAY, MAY 17, 1890.

VOLUME 54

## HOPE.

Alas all my years I have lived in a  
fancy.  
That some day would come unto  
me.  
An angel who'd brush off the shad-  
ows and sorrows,  
And whisper "Now! live and be  
free!"  
And so I have waited and laughed  
the time over;  
And lived for the sweet coming day,  
And looked for the dawning with  
heart turned to gladness,  
When shadows should all fade  
away.  
I fancied a future when others should  
love me,  
And carry my burdens along,  
When joy should fill all the hours  
with gladness,  
And sighing be hushed with a song.  
Alas, tho' I see that the pleasures of  
hoping,  
Are born of a fanciful brain.  
I see that the waiting and longing  
lend rapture  
Of pleasures we never can gain.  
And O, I am sorry my heart has been  
wakened  
From out of the dreaming to be,  
I would that my sorrow were only  
the waiting  
For dawning to hasten to me.  
For hope is like dew on the blossom  
of morning,  
The blush of the fair western sky,  
The perfume of roses, the mist on the  
mountain.  
The beauties whose life is to die.  
—Atlanta Constitution.

## HIS LAST SHOT.

Some fifty years ago there lived in  
the west of Ireland a certain Capt.  
Fenton. This man had gained an un-  
enviable notoriety in his own and the  
neighboring counties as a successful  
duelist. Not only was he known to  
make the most trivial dispute a pre-  
text for a challenge, but it was even  
reported that on more than one oc-  
casion he purposely provoked a quar-  
rel. The meeting, in nearly every  
instance, ended disastrously for his  
opponent.  
He had the reputation of being an  
unerring shot. Coolly and collected-  
ly he stepped to his place, took steady  
aim, and almost invariably "brought  
down his man." It will therefore be  
readily conceived that he was dread-  
ed and shunned by his neighbors.  
He was a bachelor, and lived alone  
in a large country mansion.  
At that time there happened to be  
a line regiment stationed in the  
neighboring town of Galway. Capt.  
Fenton was on terms of intimacy  
with some of the officers, and, though  
far from being a general favor-  
ite, it was not infrequently occurred  
that he dined at the mess on certain  
nights. But whenever he was present  
an air of restraint pervaded the  
assembly. The dinner was sure to  
be a spiritless affair, and always  
lacked the tone of good fellowship  
which usually characterizes such  
entertainments.  
This may in a measure be account-  
ed for by the fact that the captain was  
of a morose, haughty disposition. His  
conversation generally displayed a  
bitter sarcasm. Moreover, all present  
were aware of his fame as a duelist.  
This knowledge rendered them more  
cautious in speech, lest a chance  
word or expression should afford him  
sufficient grounds for picking a quar-  
rel.  
About six months after its arrival  
in Galway the regiment was joined  
by a junior subaltern. He was a  
mere lad, being still in his teens; yet,  
by all accounts, he was a fine, sol-  
dierly young fellow. He gave every  
promise of making a splendid officer,  
and a few weeks sufficed to establish  
him as a favorite.  
But, alas, only a short time elapsed  
before he had the misfortune to fall  
foul to Capt. Fenton. Though I have  
heard the story from those who  
dwelt in the neighborhood, and who  
were fully acquainted with every de-  
tail, yet I have never been able to  
ascertain the exact cause of the dis-  
agreement. However, certain it is  
that a challenge was given and ac-  
cepted. The affair was kept as secret  
as possible, and at the appointed  
time the meeting took place in the  
corner of a meadow about half a  
mile from the barracks.  
It was a bright spring morning.  
The peaceful aspect of nature formed  
a terrible contrast to the bloody busi-  
ness which had brought those two  
men so early to this lonely spot. Not  
much time was lost in preparations.  
The combatants were placed, the  
pistols loaded, and the seconds re-  
tired. The young officer stood with  
the full front of his body presented  
to his opponent. He was a novice in  
such affairs, poor boy! It is even  
said that at the precise moment of  
firing he involuntarily closed his  
eyes. If such was the case, he never  
opened them again in this world. His  
adversary's ball passed right through  
his heart.  
The surgeon ran forward and raised  
the fallen youth. A hasty examina-  
tion showed him that he held a  
corpus in his arms. While he was  
thus engaged, Capt. Fenton was oc-  
cupied in a very different manner.  
He was carefully cutting a notch on  
the stock of his pistol. There were

seven other marks of a similar de-  
scription, and each one represented a  
victim to which that weapon had  
dealt death.  
A stretcher was fetched from the  
barracks, and the corpse was convey-  
ed thither without delay. The affair  
would doubtless have caused a pro-  
found sensation; but, for obvious  
reasons, those engaged in it were  
careful to let as few particulars as  
possible leak out. The friends of the  
deceased were communicated with.  
There seemed little likelihood of any  
unpleasant consequence ensuing.  
Capt. Fenton dined alone that even-  
ing, and after dinner sat for over an  
hour sipping his claret with evident  
enjoyment. One more or less to the  
list of his victims was a matter of lit-  
tle account to him; it was certainly  
not of sufficient importance to dis-  
turb his equanimity.  
But on the third day a startling  
change took place in the aspect of  
affairs. A young man, travel stained,  
pale and haggard, arrived in town.  
He proceeded at once to the barracks,  
and announced himself as a brother  
of the deceased. He was conducted  
to the room in which the body was  
laid. They say the scene which fol-  
lowed was of the most heartrending  
description. The stranger flung him-  
self upon the corpse, and, as he lay  
there, his whole frame was shaken  
by convulsive sobs.  
It quickly transpired that the  
brothers had been left orphans when  
mere lads. They were the only chil-  
dren of the family, and through boy-  
hood had clung to each other, feeling  
that they were alone in the world.  
Their love was like that which bound  
David and Jonathan together. It can,  
therefore, be scarcely conceived with  
what feelings of dismay the  
elder heard of the death of the young-  
er.  
When the first paroxysm of grief  
was over, the young man raised him-  
self from the corpse. Then, in a  
voice half choked by emotion, he ut-  
tered a solemn vow to take speedy  
vengeance upon his brother's slayer.  
With this object in view he retired  
from the apartment, and instantly  
dispatched a challenge to Capt. Fen-  
ton. The officers endeavored to dis-  
suade him from such a rash step,  
pointing out that instead of avenging  
the slain, he was himself sure to fall  
a victim to his opponent's skill. But  
remonstrance was in vain. To one  
and all he replied, simply, "My  
brother is dead; I do not care to live."  
Under these circumstances it seemed  
hopeless to prevent this second  
duel. Some, indeed, thought of  
appealing to Capt. Fenton, in order  
to persuade him, if possible, into re-  
fusing the challenge. But none were  
very eager to undertake such an un-  
pleasant duty, especially as there ap-  
peared little likelihood of their  
efforts being crowned with success.  
Nevertheless, there was one who  
ventured upon the disagreeable task.  
This was an elderly gentleman, a  
Mr. Martin, who resided in the neigh-  
borhood. The greater part of his life  
had been spent in Australia, where  
he had worked an extensive sheep  
station. But want of success, or  
some other unknown reason, made  
him sell out and return to his native  
country. Here he rented large tracts  
of land for grazing purposes. His  
sheep "runs" extended upward of a  
dozen miles, and he had also several  
magnificent herds of cattle.  
He was generally looked upon as  
a quiet, unassuming old gentleman,  
who never interfered in any other  
people's business. In fact, his one  
aim and object in life seemed to be  
the welfare of his flocks and herds.  
But in the present instance, having  
learned some particulars regarding  
the tragedy, he determined, if pos-  
sible, to prevent a repetition of the  
sad event. With this object in view  
he called upon Capt. Fenton.  
Though he had turned threescore  
years, Mr. Martin was still hale and  
hearty. Like the patriarch of old,  
"his eye was not dim, nor his natural  
force abated." A beard of snowy  
whiteness descended from his weather-  
beaten countenance. His venerable  
appearance would, in all proba-  
bility, have given considerable  
weight to his arguments had he  
dealt with one who respected gray  
hairs. But, as it was, Capt. Fenton  
listened to him with ill concealed  
contempt. In answer to the old  
man's remonstrances regarding the  
result of the recent duel, his reply in-  
variably was that "it served the  
young cub right."  
Mr. Martin entreated him to relin-  
quish his intention of fighting the  
surviving brother. The intercession  
was so persistent that, as might have  
been anticipated, the captain lost his  
temper. Turning upon his visitor,  
he abruptly ordered him to leave the  
house—adding an offensive expres-  
sion to the effect that "he would not  
allow an old bullock driver to inter-  
fere in his affairs of honor."  
"Sir," returned Mr. Martin, quiet-  
ly, "you have insulted me!"  
"It seems so," replied the captain,  
tauntingly.  
"And," continued the old man, in  
the same calm tones, "I demand im-  
mediate satisfaction."  
"With all my heart!" responded  
Capt. Fenton, laughing at the ab-  
surdity of the idea.  
"Moreover, as you have been guilty  
of such ungentlemanly conduct,"  
said Mr. Martin, "I insist that my

claim shall have preference over all  
other engagements."  
"Oh, certainly," replied the cap-  
tain, with mock gravity. "To-mor-  
row morning, if you wish it, I am  
engaged to meet the young fellow in  
whom you take such a vast amount  
of interest in the corner of the big  
meadow at 8 o'clock. Be there a lit-  
tle before that hour. But don't be  
late, for I want to dispose of both  
affairs and return here in time for  
breakfast."  
"I shall be punctual," returned the  
old gentleman, and without saying  
more he left the house.  
He was as good as his word. At  
half past 7 in the morning he was on  
the ground, attended by his second.  
Capt. Fenton soon arrived, and later  
on the party was joined by the broth-  
er of the deceased subaltern, with  
whom was one of the officers from  
the barracks.  
It was fearful to behold the wild  
look which the young man fixed up-  
on Capt. Fenton. Not once during  
the preparations did his eyes wander  
from his brother's slayer. While the  
pistols were being loaded Mr. Mar-  
tin's second whispered to him:  
"Don't lose a moment when the  
signal is given. Aim low; it is your  
only chance!"  
"No," replied the old man, loudly;  
"I shall strike him full in the head."  
It is not known whether this speech  
reached his opponent's ears, and in  
some measure disconcerted him. It  
is believed that the steady gaze of the  
young man, who thirsted to avenge  
his brother's death, was not without  
effect. Certain it is that Capt. Fen-  
ton did not take his place with his  
customary assurance.  
The men were posted. The rest re-  
tired to a suitable distance, leaving  
the combatants steadily gazing at  
each other. A minute or two of ter-  
rible suspense followed, during which  
brief space the silence of death  
reigned over the spot. Then the sig-  
nal given, and, almost instantane-  
ously, the two reports were heard.  
For a few seconds the smoke prevented  
the spectators from ascertaining the  
result, but as it slowly rose they saw  
old Mr. Martin standing erect and  
firm, while Capt. Fenton was stretch-  
ed full length upon the ground.  
Both the seconds hastened toward  
their principals. The two men from  
the barracks also ran to Mr. Martin's  
side, and eagerly inquired if he was  
hurt. They found the old gentleman  
bleeding at the neck, but he careles-  
sly brushed the blood away with the  
back of his hand. Then, turning with  
a kindly manner toward the youth  
whom he had risked his life to save,  
he said, simply:  
"I don't think I had any other way  
of preventing this poor boy from  
sharing the fate of his brother."  
Capt. Fenton's second now ad-  
vanced and announced that his man  
was dead. The bullet had penetrated  
the left temple. He requested their  
assistance in removing the body.  
This they readily granted, but Mr.  
Martin and his young friend held  
aloof. As the others raised the dead  
man they noticed a peculiar hardness  
and stiffness about the body. On  
tearing open the garments of the de-  
ceased a cry of horror and rage broke  
from them. They found concealed  
beneath his clothing a tight fitting  
coat of mail.  
The cause of his having escaped  
uninjured in so many duels was now  
fully explained. He had evidently  
provided himself with this defense  
from the old armory which his man-  
sion contained. Though doubtless  
not perfectly bullet proof, yet in nine  
cases out of ten a ball was almost  
sure to glance off the network of  
steel.  
As to Mr. Martin, his fame as a  
marksman soon spread far and wide.  
People were exceedingly cautious in  
what they said, and how they acted  
toward the old gentleman. None  
ventured to trifle with one who was  
known to be "a dead shot."—The  
Flag.

## Cures Cancer of the Skin.

Mr. A. C. Tilly, of Arcadia, La.,  
writes the following under date of  
March 26th, 1890: "I have suffered  
a malignant form of scrofula for  
twenty-five years, which afterwards  
developed into a cancer. In 1875 I  
had the cancer cut out, but not cured.  
Shortly after this the scrofula broke  
out all over my head and body in ul-  
cers and eruptions, the ulcers were  
full of humor and constantly running.  
I was in such a horrible condition  
from its effect that I could not sleep,  
and the strain on me was so great  
that I feared I would lose my mind.  
I consulted physician after physician  
and took thousands of dollars worth  
of medicine without receiving any  
benefit. Early in the spring of 1888  
I was induced to try Swift's Specific  
(S. S. S.). The medicine had a won-  
derful effect on me, and in a short  
time I was entirely cured of the can-  
cer and scrofula that I had suffered a  
living death from, for twenty-five  
years."  
Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases  
mailed free.  
SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.,  
Atlanta, Ga.

Try keeping the tomato vines up  
to the ground this summer, and see  
what a difference there is in the  
fruit. Some people prune tomato  
vines to make the fruit larger.

## DEMAGOGISM.

### BANKHEAD'S REPLY TO A LETTER FROM WINSTON COUNTY ALLIANCE.

His Position on Some Current Legis-  
lative Questions—He is for the  
Farmer and Against the  
Lawyer.

The Halesville View is published  
at Halesville, Ark. postoffice, Win-  
ston county.

In its issue of May 1 appears a re-  
cent correspondence between the  
farmers' alliance of Winston county  
and Hon. J. H. Bankhead.

The county alliance addressed Col.  
Bankhead a letter of inquiry and he  
replied. The correspondence was as  
follows:

THE ALLIANCE TO BANKHEAD.  
To Hon. John A. Bankhead, Member of Con-  
gress Sixth Alabama District, Washington,  
D. C.

HONORABLE SIR: We, the mem-  
bers of the farmers' alliance of Win-  
ston county, Alabama, in county al-  
liance assembled, on the 11th day of  
April, 1890, respectfully ask you, as  
our representative in Congress, to in-  
troduce a bill in Congress for the re-  
lief of the industrial classes of our  
country:

1. No more bonds issued by the  
government.  
2. The free and unlimited coinage  
of silver.  
3. On the retirement of national  
bank currency legal tender United  
States notes to be issued therefor.

4. The government to loan money  
direct to the people on landed sec-  
urity at the actual cost of placing the  
loan.  
JASPER N. CURTIS,  
President.  
G. W. GIBSON, Secretary.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, United  
States, Washington, D. C., April 27,  
1890.—Jasper N. Curtis, President  
Farmers' Alliance, Winston County,  
Alabama. My Dear Sir: Your es-  
teemed communication has been re-  
ceived and noted. The relief to  
which you refer meets my hearty co-  
operation. Bills have been intro-  
duced bearing on each of the sub-  
jects mentioned in your letter. The  
trouble is we have so few farmers  
here in congress that we can do very  
little, and the lawyers are trying  
very hard to beat what few of us that  
are here. I am in full sympathy  
with the farmers and wage workers,  
but I want to tell you they have very  
few friends in congress. The law-  
yers think they are the only class  
who have sense enough to legislate  
for the country, and the result is the  
thing grows worse all the time. As  
you know I am a plain farmer and  
make no pretenses to greatness, but  
I know how to vote for lower taxes  
on what farmers buy and for more  
money to pay their debts with, and  
that is more than some people know  
who think they are great men. I  
have been informed that the dele-  
gate from Winston to the congress-  
sional convention will vote for a Bir-  
mingham lawyer for congress in the  
sixth district. How do the farmers  
expect to get relief when their mem-  
bers' views? If the farmers expect  
legislation in their interest they must  
elect men who are in sympathy with  
them, and who know what they  
need by experience and contend with  
them.

I will always be glad to serve you  
in any way I can, and would like to  
hear from you often.  
Your friend,  
J. H. BANKHEAD.

## ETOWAH'S COURT HOUSE.

The Question of Building a New One,  
Under Consideration.

Gadsden, May 12.—A party of At-  
talla's prominent citizens came over  
today and appeared before the com-  
missioners' court and presented a pe-  
tition asking that the question of  
building a new court house be de-  
ferred until the legislature meets  
and has a vote on the removal of the  
court house.

Several speeches were made by the  
Atalla delegation which were re-  
sponded to by several Gadsdenites.  
No action has yet been taken on the  
matter, but we understand that two  
of the commissioners are in favor of  
building the court house at Gadsden  
and two for deferring the matter un-  
til the legislature meets. This makes  
a tie and as Judge Tallman has to  
vote in case of a tie, it is very prob-  
able that Gadsden will retain the  
court house and work will be com-  
menced on a \$50,000 court house by  
June.

My son is affected with weak lungs  
and has tried various treatments,  
but Bull's Sarsaparilla has done him  
more good than all other medicine.  
I cheerfully make this statement for  
the benefit of the afflicted.—John S.  
McGee, Horse Cave, Ky.

The bugs and the worms are watch-  
ing for you. They are all hungry,  
and if they are permitted to satisfy  
their appetites, the garden and field  
must suffer. Declare war from the  
beginning.

## THE LIGHT IS BREAKING

### UPON THE NEGROES OF MIDDLE GEORGIA.

Frank Dwyer Gives His Reasons for  
Leaving the Republican Party  
—The Negroes Friends Are  
His White Neighbors.

Atlanta Constitution.  
The light is breaking on the ne-  
groes at last. Frank Dwyer, a col-  
ored man of middle Georgia, sends the  
Constitution a card, in which he re-  
nounces his allegiance to the repub-  
lican party. He says its pretense of  
friendship for the colored people is a  
fraud, and its proposed national elec-  
tion law an insult to his race.

The card is as follows:  
Dublin, Ga., May 9, 1890.—Edit-  
ors Constitution: Since I attained  
my majority I have acted with, and  
supported by my vote and influence,  
the republican party. Being a col-  
ored man, I conceived it to be my du-  
ty so to do. Owing to the conduct of  
the present administration I have  
resolved to renounce my allegiance  
to this party, and in the future to co-  
operate with the democratic party.  
There are hundreds of colored people  
in this section who will pursue the  
same course. We are impelled to  
this course by the position of the re-  
publican party on the important is-  
sues of the day. We consider the  
proposition of the republican party  
to enact a law whereby our elections  
will be controlled by the federal au-  
thorities, a menace to popular free-  
dom and an insult to our race, and a  
meeting of the colored people is called  
for the purpose of protesting  
against the proposed legislation, as  
well as to protest against the passage  
of the iniquitous tariff bill cham-  
pioned by McKinley and the republi-  
can party. The colored people in  
this section are now convinced that  
the professions of friendship for the  
republican party for our race are a  
fraud and delusion, and that our best  
friends are the white people of the  
south and the democratic party of  
the nation. A public meeting of  
colored men will soon be held here  
to act accordingly. I will write you  
the full proceedings of the conven-  
tion.—The Hon. Charles H. J. Tay-  
lor, colored, of your city, has been  
invited to be present and address the  
convention. FRANK DWYER,  
Colored.

## Decay, The Universal Law.

Let anything in nature become  
lifeless and inactive, and decay fol-  
lows as a usual sequence. Decay is  
the universal law. Can you wonder  
when a person feels constantly worn  
out and more than half dead, that  
decay of the lungs (consumption)  
and decay of the kidneys (Bright's  
disease) is incurable. Who says so?  
Only those experimental doctors who  
have failed. Don't despair! While  
there's life there's hope! In check-  
ing decay of the lungs of the lungs  
or kidneys, preventing further ulcer-  
ation, it is essential that all blood  
impurities should be removed, and  
an alternative influence exerted upon  
the whole system. The appetite and  
digestion must both be improved.  
The nervous system soothed, and  
sleep, nature's sweet restorer, in-  
vited and encouraged. Energy must  
be aroused and mental depression  
banished. In this momentous rally-  
ing effort Dr. John Bull's Sarsapa-  
rilla is an essential ally to nature.  
Use this remedy. It has restored  
many to health and strength, even  
after doctors had given up all hope.

Captain Alexander, of Charlotte,  
N. C., is the Farmers' Alliance can-  
didate for Congress, and as the Alli-  
ance is opposed to national banks he  
has deemed it politic to resign his  
directorship in the First National  
Bank of Charlotte, and sell his stock  
to his sister. If the Farmers' Alli-  
ance is satisfied with this sort of a  
divorce between its candidates and  
the national banks it must be made  
up of very simple minded persons.  
We do not believe that Captain Alex-  
ander will do anything to impair the  
value of his sister's property, prop-  
erty to which he undoubtedly has a  
stout string tied.—National (Wash-  
ington) Democrat.

There is more Catarrh in this  
section of the country than all other  
diseases put together, and until the  
last few years was supposed to be in-  
curable. For a great many years  
doctors pronounced it a local disease  
and prescribed local remedies, and  
by constantly failing to cure with  
local treatment, pronounced it in-  
curable. Science has proven Catarrh  
to be a constitutional disease, and there-  
fore requires constitutional treat-  
ment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, man-  
ufactured by J. F. Cheney & Co., To-  
ledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional  
cure on the market. It is taken in-  
ternally in doses from 10 drops to a  
teaspoonful. It acts directly upon  
the blood and mucous surfaces of the  
system. They offer one hundred dol-  
lars for any case of Catarrh that it  
fails to cure. Send for circulars and  
testimonials. Address:  
F. J. CHENEY & CO.,  
Toledo, O.  
Sold by druggists, 75c.

AM-17

## ALLIANCE PRINCIPLES.

### A Reply from Ex-President Cleve- land to Secretary of the Alli- ance.

Pittsburg, Pa. May 12.—A Steuben-  
ville, O., speaker to the Pittsburg  
Post says a few weeks ago J. A.  
Hill, corresponding secretary of Oak  
Grange Lodge No. 2 of the Farmers'  
Alliance near this city, wrote to Ex-  
President Cleveland, enclosing a  
copy of the declaration of purposes  
of the Alliance, and asking for Mr.  
Cleveland's views thereon.

The following are the declaration  
of purposes and Mr. Cleveland's re-  
ply:

DECLARATION OF PURPOSES.  
Profoundly impressed that we, the  
Farmers' Alliance, united by the  
strong and faithful ties of financial  
and home interests, should set forth  
our declaration of intentions, we  
therefore resolve to strive to secure  
the establishment of right and jus-  
tice to ourselves and our posterity;  
to labor for the education of classes in  
the science of economy of govern-  
ment in a strictly non-partisan spirit;  
to indorse the motto, "In things es-  
sential, unity; in all things chari-  
ty;" to secure the purity of the elec-  
tion franchise and to induce all voters  
to intelligently exercise it for the en-  
actment and execution of laws which  
will express the most advanced pub-  
lic sentiment upon all questions in-  
volving the interests of laborers and  
farmers; to develop a better state,  
mentally, morally, socially and fi-  
nancially; to constantly strive to se-  
cure entire harmony and good will  
among all mankind and brotherly  
love among ourselves; to suppress  
personal, local, sectional and nation-  
al prejudices, all unhealthful and all  
selfish ambitions; to assuage the suf-  
ferings of brother and sister; to bury  
the dead, care for the widows and  
educate the orphans; to exercise  
charity toward offenders; to con-  
struct the words and purposes in their  
most favorable light, granting hon-  
esty of purpose and good intentions  
to others, and to protect the prin-  
ciples of Alliance until death.

Mr. Cleveland's reply was:  
March 4, 1890.—J. A. Hill, Corre-  
sponding Secretary—Dear Sir: I  
have received your letter, accompa-  
nied by a copy of the declaration of  
principles of the Farmers' Alliance.  
I see nothing in this declaration that  
cannot be fully endorsed by any  
man who loves his country, who be-  
lieves that the object of our govern-  
ment should be freedom, prosperity  
and happiness of all our people, and  
who believes that justice and fair-  
ness to all are necessary conditions  
to its useful administration.  
It has always seemed to me that  
farmers of this country are more es-  
pecially interested in the equitable  
adjustment of our tariff system. The  
indifference they have shown to that  
question and the ease with which  
they have been led from a sober con-  
sideration of their needs and their  
rights as related to this subject have  
excited my surprise. Struggle as  
they may, our farmers must continue  
to be purchasers and consumers of  
numberless things included in the  
costly tariff regulations.

Surely they have a right to say that  
this cost shall not be increased for  
the purpose of collecting unnecessary  
revenue, or to give undue advantage  
to domestic manufacturers. The  
plan that our industries need protec-  
tion, which thus impoverishes the  
farmers and consumers, is in view of  
our natural advantages and skill and  
ingenuity of our people, a hollow  
pretext.

Struggle as they may, our farmers  
cannot escape the conditions which  
fix the prices of what they produce  
and sell according to the rates which  
prevail in foreign markets, flooded  
with the competition of countries en-  
joying a freer exchange of trade than  
we.  
The plausible presentation of the  
blessings of a home market should  
not deceive our depressed and im-  
poverished agriculturists. There is  
no home market for them which does  
not take its instructions from the  
seaboard, and seaboard transmits a  
world of foreign markets. Because  
my conviction that there should be a  
modification of our tariff laws arose  
principally from an appreciation of  
the wants of the vast army of con-  
sumers comprising our farmers, our  
artisans and our workmen, and be-  
cause their condition has led me to  
protest against the present imposi-  
tion, I am especially glad to see my  
fellow countrymen arousing them-  
selves to the importance of tariff re-  
form. Yours very truly,  
GROVER CLEVELAND.

Parents you do yourselves and  
your children great injustice if you  
fail to give your children Dr. Bull's  
Worm Destroyers. Many little lives  
are sacrificed by such neglect.

## Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint.

Is it not worth the small price of  
75 cents to free yourself of every  
symptom of these distressing com-  
plaints, if you think so call at our  
store and get a bottle of Shiloh's Vi-  
talizer. Every bottle has a printed  
guarantee on it, use accordingly, and  
if it does you no good it will cost you  
nothing.  
J. T. DOSTER & CO.

## The Alliance thrust itself into

politics, or was it provoked into poli-  
tics? We mean in this State.

People who live in warm latitudes,  
and who dwell out of doors, and thus  
mix a good deal, are prone to discuss  
what is going on. Hence it is that  
there has always been a vast quanti-  
ty of politics in the south. Indeed,  
apart from politics and religion, it  
may well be doubted if our people  
can be considered intelligent on  
learned topics. And, as they dare  
not discuss religion, the amount of  
politics to the square inch in our part  
of the country has ever been abnor-  
mal.

And the evidences of large politi-  
cal activity in a country is a sure in-  
dex of its poverty. The poorer peo-  
ple are the higher one may expect  
their excitement or enthusiasm in  
this line to go. If all of us were pros-  
perous and profitably occupied we  
would be likely to say to public  
questions, as Agrippa to Paul, "Go  
your way; at a more convenient sea-  
son I will call for thee." "There is  
nothing," says Hugo, "that makes  
the heart so like a stone as being un-  
der warm blankets;" but poverty  
which afflicts all this land, is easily  
made to apologize for its condition  
by laying the blame at the door of  
those who control government af-  
fairs. This is because no man can  
be made to believe it to be his own  
fault that he is cramped by adver-  
sity; and it is easy to convince him  
that legislation or other change of  
government is necessary to his wel-  
fare. It is this fact which finds its  
expression in the story of the poor  
Irishman, shipwrecked on a rocky  
isle, and the first question he asked  
was what kind of government there  
was there; when, being told, he ex-  
claimed that he was "agin it." It  
takes a wise man to know.

"How small, of all that human  
hearts endure  
That part which kings or laws can  
cure."

The tendency of all organizations  
in the South being towards politics,  
it was not to be supposed that the  
Alliance would stay out of it. It was  
bound to follow the law of our social  
gravitation. There is, however, a  
wide difference betwixt the descent  
of a snowflake and the velocity of a  
sliding stone. The Alliance left un-  
satisfied would no doubt have filtered  
gradually into the common reservoir.  
To attack it was simply to open the  
floodgates.

That the Alliance was attacked,  
and wantonly attacked, is the wide-  
spread belief of its membership in  
this state. We shall not now dis-  
cuss this view of the matter. The  
result of its belief is the fact which  
concerns us. And even this aspect  
of the case is so far-reaching in its  
probable consequences that its exam-  
ination must be deferred to a future  
time. The fact exists that a new and  
strong organization has appeared in  
the arena of politics, and that its  
presence there has been precipitated  
by indiscreet assaults on its motives  
and its objects. Whether or not they  
will "remove the landmarks our  
fathers have set," remains to be  
seen.—Hayneville Examiner.

## OBITUARY.

Died at Alexandria, Ala., May 8th,  
1890, Mrs. M. M. Eastwood, widow  
of John Eastwood, deceased.  
At 12 o'clock, May 8th, Mrs. East-  
wood was sleeping an unusual  
peaceful sleep, from which friends  
of earth could not arouse her, and  
without a struggle. Never was I  
more fully impressed with the sleep  
in Jesus. Surely death had no sting  
for her, as she said if it was God's  
will it was all right. Although she  
had been sorely afflicted for several  
weeks, strange to say, she was never  
known to complain or murmur.  
She was an uncommonly stout lady  
of unusual judgment, unswerving  
Christian character and a member of  
the Missionary Baptist church. She  
was about 57 years old and leaves  
eight children. All who knew her  
will lament her death, as  
"None knew her but to love her."

## FAMILY POISONED.

Negro Boy Attempts to Kill His Bene-  
factors.

MARIETTA, GA., May 13.—A sensa-  
tion has been created by a case of  
wholesale poisoning perpetrated by  
a 16-year-old negro on the family of  
Col. John O. Gartrell. During the  
last term of Cobb Court Jim Walker  
was sentenced to a term of four  
months on the chain gang for carry-  
ing concealed weapons. Col. Gar-  
trell was prevailed upon by the boy  
to pay him out and let him work it  
out on his farm.

One morning last week shortly  
after breakfast Col. Gartrell and six  
members of his family were taken  
violently ill. Dr. Gaber found the  
entire family suffering terribly from  
poison. How they were poisoned  
puzzled everybody, but finally a  
small negro gave the secret away  
that Jim Walker had put poison in  
the tea kettle, which proved to be  
true as the inside of the kettle was  
stained with arsenic. The boy was  
arrested on a warrant for assault with  
intent to murder, and after having  
a committing trial before Justice  
Winn, was bound over to the Superi-  
or Court.



FOR COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT,  
M. H. LANE.

We want to see the firm main as they have been in this country the sure foundation, the stable and the controlling power of the Democratic party. We want the Alliance grow stronger and grow with the years, fulfilling the purpose for which it was organized. We want it to be the basis of the future and above the reach of the present.

One of the most eminent railroad men in the United States says that the best paying work in this country is a mineral which he is interested in.

We take this notice to be another evidence that the cans are everywhere seeking the Farmers' Alliance as a mentality for keeping them in power and for defeating the race.

and north-west quarter of north-west quarter, Section 30, Township 36 North, Range 7, containing in all 640 acres as surveyed and platted by G. McClellan county surveyor.

The American Freehold Loan Company of London, Limited, and Life Insurance Company of Alabama, Mortgagees.

H. L. STEVENS,  
W. R. NELSON,  
Attorneys.

North's merely to  
named seller had notice of his  
claim, and the proof in support of it  
and that said proof will be made  
Judge of the Probate Court at Jac  
Alabama, on June 3rd, 1900 viz: W  
Barker, homestead entry, No. 2247  
of SW 1/4, Sec. 24, T. 14, south of R.  
He names the following witnesses  
his continuous residence upon, and  
tion of said land: Green B. B  
Chandler, John Hollingsworth,  
Alien, all of JACKSONVILLE, Ala.  
J. H. B.

Jessie Houston, Beat No. 13—Lot  
 No. 2 and 3, Block 26, Division 1,  
 Osannu, Tax for 1889  
 Coal \$3.60  
 Cattle 3.45  
 Advertising 2.03  
 Total \$8.98

6500 ROLLS OF WALL PAPER  
 and various other goods for sale

Register. 1 apr 26-5t Tax Collector. plus sent on application



# TREDEGAR.

## OPENING SPRING SALE OF TREDEGAR CITY LOTS AT Jacksonville, Calhoun County, Alabama.

MAY 29TH, 30TH, AND 31ST.

By the Jacksonville Mining and Manufacturing Company of Alabama.

The Company owns and controls the finest areas of Hematite Iron Ore and Manganese deposits, and of hard wood and pine timber lands in the district. Within the past 60 days two car wheel iron furnaces have been secured; the Tredegar National Bank has been organized and is ready for business; an electric light plant for public and private lighting has been contracted for; a third iron furnace is in negotiation; a telephone service established; iron mines put in operation; manganese mines under development, and negotiations are nearly perfected for the establishment of a large rolling mill, ferro-manganese plant, cotton mill, new brick works, ice factory and cold storage plant and a basic steel plant. Before the date of the sale some, if not all, of these negotiations will probably be closed.

We have already in operation extensive lumber and planing mills, tannery, complete system of city water works, and a number of mercantile houses in nearly all staple lines of business.

The elegant Tredegar Inn was opened to the public by the Company March 1st.

Calhoun college, four churches, elegant private residences, beautiful scenery and perfect climate.

### "GOOD WATER AND GOOD SOCIETY."

A choice selection of city property, centrally located, will be offered.

Prices will be kept down to a limit within which every investor can be assured of a handsome profit.

Future developments will not be discounted. Every purchaser will share in the increase of values produced by developments.

The nights are cool, and visitors should bring overcoats.

Ample accommodations for all comers at the Tredegar Inn, the Warlick House and at superior private hotels and boarding houses.

For further particulars address,

J. W. BURKE, President.

GOLDSMITH BERNARD WEST, General Manager.

TREDEGAR, P. O. Jacksonville, Calhoun County, Alabama.

### The Republican.

#### Issued Weekly.

Rates of Advertising.  
Transient advertisements \$1 per square, and one inch makes a square.  
Local notices 10 cents per line.  
Advertisements must be handed in Thursday or before to insure insertion.

#### SUBSCRIPTION RATE.

One year, One Dollar.  
Six Months, Seventy-five Cents.  
Three Months, Forty Cents.  
Subscriptions must be paid in advance. No name will be booked unless money accompanies the order.

Circuit Court adjourned Thursday.

You can get the very newest out in Handkerchiefs at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

Mr. B. B. Bridges, of the Edwardsville bar, was in Jacksonville this week.

A beautiful line of Vandyke Laces and Ruching at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

Solicitor J. H. King and Messrs. Bigsby and Larned, of Anniston, were in Jacksonville Tuesday.

A nice line of Pointed, Embroidered and Sailor Collars at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

Hurry up the brick yards. If the people of Jacksonville can get brick at reasonable rates this summer the building boom will be immense.

You will find Millinery to suit all classes from the cheapest to the best at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

Monday the REPUBLICAN office received pleasant calls from editor Brewster of the Piedmont Post and editor Langley of the Atlanta News Herald.

The latest in money purses at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

Attention is invited to the change of advertisement of Ullman Bros. this week. This elegant establishment presents new and varied attractions.

The more the miners dig into the mountain sides near Jacksonville the richer and more enormous the iron deposits appear.

Good hide of stationary and Box Paper at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

Messrs. E. E. Elam, R. J. Riddle and other Annistonians invested in hotel at Jacksonville this week. They know a good thing when they see it.

Mrs. Kate Jelks has moved her stock of Millinery to the Hammond store, next to the old hotel.

Teas and grading machinery has arrived from Birmingham and Mr. Nichols, sub-contractor, is making the dirt fly on the Blue Mountain Mineral Railroad at this place. All aboard for Anniston.

Mrs. Kate Jelks carries the largest stock of Millinery in the county, therefore you can come nearer getting what you want than anywhere else.

The County of County Commissioners have been in session this week. Among other things they have been considering the advisability of building a new jail at the county site and a jail at Anniston for the City Court.

Mr. Milton A. Smith, editor of the Anniston Hot Blast, was in Jacksonville Tuesday, and gave the REPUBLICAN a call.

Mr. W. P. Cooper, nominee for Representative, was in Jacksonville Tuesday.

Dr. J. F. M. Davis and Mr. Decatur Davis of Choccolocco were in town Wednesday.

You can get the newest Corset out at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

The gentlemen who are going to erect the Basic Steel plant in Jacksonville (Tredegar) are expected here in a few days.

A nice line of very fine flowers, just received at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

The prospect for the location of the third furnace here is very encouraging. Negotiations are progressing satisfactorily and smoothly.

A pretty line of new White Goods and dotted Swiss at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

Dr. S. G. Stone, Mr. Geo. W. Arnold and Mr. Wm. C. Crow went to the river fishing this week and brought back a fine quantity of fish.

Mr. M. W. Woodruff was in Jacksonville Friday.

Judge Carthel, of Anniston was in Jacksonville Friday and paid the REPUBLICAN office a visit.

Commencement Dresses.

We will give special inducements to ladies wanting to buy White Dresses for Commencement, as we have a very large variety of Embroidery, Flouncing and White Goods especially for young ladies' dresses at Ullman Bros., Anniston.

Divine services may be expected at the Episcopal Church Sunday May 18th, at 11 o'clock. Subject: "I will never leave nor forsake thee." The public cordially invited.

W. T. ALLEN.

Attention is invited to the flower plant advertisement of Miss Ida Dickinson. We have seen a basket of flowers from her nursery and they are far prettier than any received here from nurseries abroad by our ladies. If you have any orders to make for flowering plants, do not send abroad, but give your orders to Miss Dickinson.

Mr. J. B. Bruce, of Tradesville, S. C., a member of the firm of J. T. Doster & Co., druggists at this place, has moved to Jacksonville, and bought property largely. He is pleased with the business of his firm here and perfectly confident of the future of the town. The firm of Doster & Co. have bought a lot of Maj. P. Rowan on the south side of the public square, at one hundred dollars a front foot on which they will erect a large brick drug store house this summer.

Attention Gentlemen.

If you are in need of a fine Dress Suit, Business Suit, Pants, Alpaca or Flannel Coats and Vests, Straw or Fur Hats, Underwear, Flannel, White Shirts, Scarfs, or fine Shoes, go to Ullman Bros., Anniston. They will save you money. Special low prices on circus day at Ullman Bros., Anniston.

#### THE ELECTROPOISE.

What we have we squander. What we have not, we want. You have had the best of health, but you have drained all your resources, and you feel sick, and are now discouraged. But you need not be; thousands have been as sick, even more so, than you are, but they have recovered. What you really need is strength, to enable you to throw off the disease that is slowly, but surely, destroying you. The Electropoise does its work in exactly that direction. It places the body in such a condition, that Oxygen, the life giving force, is largely absorbed, and so the necessary strength is supplied. That enables you to throw off the disease, and that too without the use of drugs. It quickens the circulation and gives it something to circulate. That is just what it supplies, blood food, nerve-nourishment. It is entirely common sense from first to last. Nature takes care of you in exactly that way, and is the *vis medicatrix* relied upon by the medical faculty to effect a cure. Nature is a loving mother, and the method of the Electropoise is in accord with the principle on which she works, and is not only a reliable means of cure, but a pleasant one. Send to DuBois & Webb, Box 72, Birmingham, Ala., for the unsolicited testimonials of many men and women, well known to you; they will be sent you free of charge, and will tell the whole story. Not a word more long as is necessary.

#### FOR SALE.

The Walker Residence in Jacksonville, Alabama.

Comprising twelve acres of ground, a fine Brick Mansion of twelve large, and some smaller rooms, with brick and wooden outhouses. Terms, one, two and three years, with notes well secured, bearing interest at eight per cent., payable semi-annually. Possession given 1st January next. Apply to STEVENSON, MARTIN & GRANT, Jacksonville, Ala.

C. J. CLARK, Executor.

You can get better Millinery for the least money, at Mrs. Kate Jelks, than at any other house in the county.

Don't belong to the stingy squad. If you are a member of it get out of it and join the whole-souled, liberal and progressive element of the town. Then your soul will expand and your heart will leap for joy when it realizes that it has its home in the bosom of a generous man.

Special Inducements to the Ladies.

Don't miss seeing Barnum's circus, also the largest and cheapest store in Anniston, Ullman Bros. They will give special bargains on that day.

Two hundred pieces of Flouncing for Ladies, Misses and Children from 25c to \$5.00 per yard. White and colored Lawns, Nanooks, Swiss, Cross Bar Muslin from 5c to 50c per yard.

Dress Silks from \$7.50 per yard up. Woolen Dress Goods, Colored Wash Goods from 4c to 25c per yard. Under Vests from 10c up. Silk Gloves, Hose, Corsets and Parasols at prices lower than ever sold in Anniston. Finest French Millinery at prices which defy competition. Any lady or gentleman trading \$10 we will refund traveling expenses, and save money by buying their goods from Ullman Bros., Anniston.

### GRAND COMBINATION.

### The Weekly News, Birmingham,

AND

### The Jacksonville Republican.

Both papers one year for 1.50 with a ticket in the distribution of 750.00 Gold Presents to be made by the News, on the first day of July next. In addition to getting the

### Two Best Newspapers

Published in Alabama, you may receive One Hundred Dollars in Gold, or one of the Three Hundred and Seventy-one Other Solid Presents in Gold.

### An Additional Offer.

All who subscribe before May 1, will also participate in the SUNDAY CHRONICLE Gift Distribution of One Hundred Valuable Presents worth from \$10 to \$500 each, which will be made on that day by the NEWS, which recently absorbed the Chronicle.

Write the NEWS Birmingham for sample copy and forward subscriptions to

### The Republican.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

### Save Money By Buying GOOD GOODS CHEAP As we are the oldest firm in the City

#### EXPECT TO STAY HERE

We will in the future as we have in the past sell Good Goods At Prices Which Defy Competition!

We buy in very large quantities for CASH for our four (4) stores in Talladega, Gadsden, Attalla and Anniston, and are able to undersell all competition. Our stock of Men and Boys Clothing is the largest and most select, and we have a fine line in Prince Alberts, Frock and Sack Suits in all the latest patterns and newest cut, PERFECT FITTING GARMENTS.

35 Different Styles 35  
Of Dress & Business Pants, from \$2 to \$8.50. 450 Boys School and Dress Suits from \$2 to \$15.00.

Knee pants from 25 cents to \$2.50. Shirt waists from 25 to 55 cents. Men's and Boys' Straw Hats from 25c to \$5.00. Men's and Boys' Douglas Shoes from \$2 to \$4. A grand line of White Shirts, Underwear, Collars, Cuffs, Scarfs and Ties.

#### FOR THE LADIES.

We have the finest line of Dress Silks, Wool Dress Goods, Wash Goods, White Goods, Laces for Overdresses and every kind and quality of Embroidery. Our Millinery and Ladies' Hats are the finest in the city.

#### Ladies' and Children's Shoes and Underwear.

Carpets, Trunks, Valises, and last, but not least, the finest line of Ladies' Parasols and Sun Umbrellas ever seen in the city, from 40c to \$10. No trouble to show goods, and we will save you money. Give us a chance.

Respectfully,

ULLMAN BROS., Anniston, Ala.

### AT TREDEGAR ON TIME.

### NISBET & PRIVETT,

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All who are indebted to me will please make immediate payment. I am obliged to have the money due me.

T. R. WARD



## LITTLE DAVE

### PLUNKETT RELATES AN INCIDENT OF THE WAR-TIMES.

"Grown folks are common, but mighty seldom you hear of crazy children," said Plunkett, as he turned to face Brown and continued:

"Little Dave was a crazy child, and the way he got to be crazy is one of the unwritten stories of the war. He lived over the creek—beyond the mill, there—and he had got used to some mighty hard times and lonesome times, for the men folks were all in the army and little Dave's mama had to leave him all alone many a time to go off to mill and to scuffle around in many ways that these since the war women know nothing of.

"He had learned to set around on the grass in the yard and on the old gate-posts and wait for mama's return. Patience had got to be one of his characteristics, for many had been the time that his mother was belated and he had cried himself to sleep on the grass in the yard.

"As the war went on the more lonesome Little Dave's waitings got to be, for at first chickens crowed and cackled, and the pigs grunted around, and a yearling calf played horse with the little fellow and Ponto, his little dog, was always ready to cheer him as best he could, but one by one, and one way and another, the war had stripped the place of every living thing but the boy and his mother, and when she was away there was not a sound save the sighing of the wind and the rustling of the leaves to keep him company—it was lonesome, lonesome times.

"On the day I'm telling you of the mother left home early to procure some meal. Kissing her little boy good-bye, she promised him to be back by the dinner hour and she brushed a tear from her eye as she turned at the bend of the road and he sat straddle of the big gate-post watching her departure.

"For hours Little Dave sat, first on one gate-post and then on the other, watching the bend of the road for his mother's return. At last the sun turned over toward the west and Dave knew that his mother should have been at home—it was past the dinner hour. With patient-set face the little fellow still held up, but the tears were running down his cheeks and dirt had stripped his face from the hands that had wiped 'em away. Little Dave was restless now. It was two o'clock and his mama was still away. He was hungry and scared and his eyes were hurting from his watching. Everything leaves the old place, he thought, Little Dave and mama was all that was left, and now mama is gone and there is nothing left but poor Little Dave. Then he waited and watched, till at last, exhausted, he threw himself upon the grass and cried himself to sleep.

"Little Dave didn't know that the mother was crying and struggling and was frantic because she could not get to him. But so it was, the yankees had come, she was cut off from home and Little Dave, and the battle would soon begin.

"Hardee's troops were double-quickening over the fields and old Sherman was anxious to do any kind of devilment, but Little Dave slept on and knew nothing about what was going on.

"At last the guns opened—the cannon and the muskets—and he was awakened by the din. Think of a little six-year-old boy being awakened in the midst of a great battle. So it was. He awoke dazed. He ran here and there, crying 'mama! mama! mama!' The cavalry rushed past him, the artillery lumbered by, the yell of the troops, mingled with the rattle of the guns and Little Dave lost his mind—he was crazy—a crazy child. I hope there will never be another.

"The battle was over, the armies were gone, death and desolation were everywhere. Like a skinned rabbit, Little Dave hid in the sedge while the mother moved along the battle line, calling:

"Dave! Dave! oh, my Little Dave!"

"The smoke of the battle had settled in the low places and the mother's eye could not see her Little Dave as he darted from stump to stump, and from log to log, in hiding from his best friend.

"Dave! Dave! oh, my Little Dave!" the mother cried, as she wrung her hands and moved amongst the ruin of the battle-field.

"A crazy woman!" said some soldiers, who were on the hill burying the dead.

"And so it was. A crazy mother and a crazy child was one of the cruelties of Sherman's visit.

"War's a bad, bad thing."

SARGE.

Oh, What a Cough.

Will you heed the warning? The signal perhaps of the sure approach of that more terrible disease, Consumption. Ask yourselves if you can afford for the sake of saving 50 cents, to run the risk and do nothing for it? We know from experience that Shiloh's Cure will cure your Cough. It never fails. This explains why more than a Million Bottles were sold the past year. It relieves Croup and Whooping Cough at once. Mothers do not be without it. For lame back, side of chest, use Shiloh's Porus Plaster.

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## There's the Dinner Bell!

What a clattering and a clattering as the children answer the dinner bell and rush into the dining room. Oh! the gratification a good appetite affords as our noon day's meal is set before us. But this vacant chair, what does it mean? "Oh, that is Uncle Charley's seat. Guess he don't feel like eating, he's got dyspepsia, you know." Dyspepsia! horrors! Deliver us from dyspepsia. What's the use of being plagued with such an ailment anyway? What's the use having a stomach so irritated and sore that even one bite of food gives it distress? Why not heal the soreness and allay the irritation and strengthen its muscular processes, by using Botanic Blood Balm. Will it cure? It certainly will. Many, many a former dyspeptic owes his enjoyment of life to B. B. B. Give it a trial.

S. J. Chandler, Richmond, Va., writes: "No one can afford to be without B. B. B. who wishes an appetite. I could scarcely eat a single biscuit for breakfast, but since taking B. B. B. I clean the whole table so to speak."

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### CURE SICK HEADACHE.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing the annoying complaint while they also correct the disorder of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure

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March 27.

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We feel sure there must be lots of Gentlemen who are "timidly persuaded" to give Ready-made Clothing a trial, but are hesitating—shy of the result—afraid that after they get the Clothes home they won't suit them.

## LISTEN!

Don't take any one else's stock as a criterion of OURS. One might look upon Snow's Creek and try to picture in it the majestic Mississippi with as much propriety. We carry lines of goods that are total strangers to our competitors—in fact, there are very few Clothiers in the Country who make up the fine superior grades of fabrics we do. When we say we are challenging the efforts of Merchants Tailors, it means Just That. They boast of the perfection of their fit. We Guarantee ours to fit you perfectly in every particular. They announce the exclusiveness of their patterns. We've had opened to us within the last few seasons the same purchasing facilities they enjoy. They look over the market side by side with us. The difference is, we buy in bolts, they buy in single suit patterns. Now, the only question is: Is it worth Double the Money to have your Clothing cut for you personally? To a man you'll say

## NO!

And you're right. Now, you hesitators WE take all the responsibilities, we're behind our Clothes to the end—literally. If they're not absolutely satisfactory all the way through—we want to know.

There never was a claim made to us that wasn't adjusted speedily and satisfactorily—and you're given the benefit of all the doubt everytime. We are not doing business just for now,—but for the future as well.

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in which they guarantee better bargains than can be had elsewhere in this county. With cheap store rent and cheap living at Jacksonville, and goods bought at first hands for cash, by our Mr. Wm. Dean, who just returned from market, we are enabled to make this announcement with complacency. Our stock consists in the

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we mention specially an extra select assortment of Ready-Made Clothing, Fine Boots, and Shoes, Hats, Caps, Underwear, Negligee Shirts &c. Generally we have the best selected and largest stock of

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# JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN.

ESTABLISHED 1837.

JACKSONVILLE, CALHOUN COUNTY, ALA., SATURDAY, MAY 24, 1890.

VOLUME 54

## MILLS TO THE FARMERS.

### A LETTER TO A TEXAS ALLIANCE.

Which Democrats Everywhere Should Read—Why They Cannot Support the Sub-Treasury Scheme.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 12, 1890. Messrs. J. N. Barber and John M. Randolph: GENTLEMEN—I have received your letter of the 12th of April, enclosing the following resolution adopted by the Farmers' Alliance of Milam county, Tex., on the 8th day of April 1890.

"Whereas, The Milam County Farmers' Alliance did unanimously endorse H. R. Bill No. 7162, and Senate bill No. 2806, now pending in Congress; and whereas, we are very desirous that one of said bills be enacted into law at the earliest day possible; therefore, be it resolved by the Milam County Farmers' Alliance in session on the 8th day of April, 1890, that J. N. Barber and J. M. Randolph be, and are hereby appointed as a committee of conference, and are hereby instructed to lay before our Representative, Hon. R. Q. Mills, a certified copy of these proceedings by mail, and request him, at the very earliest day possible, to inform said committee whether he will support either one of said bills; and, if so, which one; and that said committee at once make known to the Farmers' Alliance of Milam county, in any manner they may see proper, such reply as they may receive from Hon. R. Q. Mills, and that the same be asked of Hon. J. H. Reagan and Hon. Richard Coke."

The pressure of public business upon me has prevented an earlier reply to your request. I hope, however, that my answer will reach you in time to enable the Alliance to take such action as in their judgment they may deem proper in reference to the subject. The measure which you desire me to support affects the interest of all the people of the United States, and as a public servant I feel it my duty to make my answer to the entire body of my constituency through the public press.

The two bills mentioned are substantially the same. They differ only in unimportant details. They both provide for the erection of a Government warehouse in every county, in every State and Territory which, during the last two preceding years, produced and sold cotton, corn, wheat, oats and tobacco in excess of five hundred thousand dollars in value; that the Secretary of the Treasury shall establish a sub-treasury department in each of said counties; that a manager shall be elected to take charge of said sub-treasury; that the owners of corn, cotton, oats, wheat and tobacco may deposit the same in said Government warehouse nearest the point of production and receive United States Treasury notes for 80 percent of the net value of said products, said value to be determined by the manager under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury based on the prices current in the leading cotton, tobacco and grain markets of the United States; that the Secretary of the Treasury shall have prepared and issued Treasury notes in such amounts as may be required for the purposes of the act; that the notes shall be full legal tender for all debts public and private and be counted as part of the lawful reserves of national banking associations; that the manager shall receive the products provided for and give the depositor a receipt for the same stating the amount and value of the products deposited, and the amount of money advanced, the interest and insurance and other charges to be paid. The receipts are made negotiable by endorsement and the holder is permitted to redeem the products advanced with 1 percent per annum interest and other charges. In case they are not redeemed within 12 months they are to be sold at public auction and the proceeds of sale are to be applied to the payment of the money advanced with interest and charges. If there should be an excess after such payment the same is to be paid to the holder of the receipt. The sum of \$50,000 is appropriated to carry out the provisions of the bill. I cannot in the scope of a letter recount all the results that would follow the passage of either of said bills. It will be sufficient to notice a few of them. The friends of the measure tell us that it will only be necessary to build some 800 houses, to store these products; that there are only about that number out of the 2,400 counties in the Union, that produce and sell these named articles in excess of \$500,000 annually. But these 800 warehouses must be large enough to hold all of these products, raised in the counties where they are situated, and such products of the other counties as may be deposited. What will these warehouses cost? If the cost of the public buildings erected by the Government heretofore and those being erected now constitute any evidence by which one may determine that matter, it will require a very large sum to begin with. The Government has erected one public building in the ninth congressional district in the city of Waco at a cost

of one hundred thousand dollars, and I am sure that if it was filled from cellar to garret it would not hold one-tenth of the cotton raised in McLennan county, to say nothing of the corn, wheat and oats. If the houses could be built at an average cost of \$100,000 it would require eighty million dollars to build them. This is the smallest objection I have to the sub-treasury system. If its effects were otherwise good I could support it over this objection. But suppose the houses cost nothing, would it then be a wise policy to adopt? The most prominent feature of this policy is the entire absorption of the private business of the people by the Government.

The Alliance tell us that our farmers cannot support themselves and those dependent on them without the Government will take these products and lend them money on them. But if that be true how much better will he be next year than he is now? He will have to borrow again, and as he is not able to make his income meet his out-go without borrowing he must get worse year by year, and sink at last into bankruptcy. When the Government begins to take charge of the cotton, wheat, corn, oats and tobacco, it will go on, and bacon, pork, beef, butter, cheese, lard, hay and all other farm products will demand of the Government to take their surplus and advance them 80 per cent. on it. And in periods of manufacturing and mining depression iron, steel, woolen and cotton goods will demand to be deposited and taken care of and money loaned to their owners, and so will coal and ores and lumber. If the policy is adopted it must apply to all, and the power of those interested in these products will compel the Government to extend its paternal care to them. How much money will it take to make the 80 per cent. advance on the five articles provided for by the bill? Its friends say it will require enough Treasury notes to about double our circulation. The amount of money in the United States to-day, outside the Treasury, is about \$1,400,000,000. Will it put this amount of paper money in circulation? Say that it will increase the circulation one-half of that amount, the first effect would be suspension of specie payments. Gold and silver would quickly leave the channels of circulation, perhaps leave the country, and the business of the country would be floating on a vascillating volume of paper money. All prices would rise in proportion to the increase, and then as the bill provides for the destruction of the money when it is paid back to the Government, there would be a contraction equal to the expansion, and prices of all farm products would fall, in company with all other property. This measure provides for an annual expansion and an annual contraction of the currency. That itself would bring incalculable disaster to the country, and no class of our citizens would feel it more severely than our farmers. When the business of the country is on a vascillating paper circulation it is exposed all the time to the perils of speculation and gambling in the products of labor, in which game the working people of the country are always losers.

The policy which the sub-treasury system will inaugurate will lock up and keep out of market the products necessary to feed and clothe the human family, and of course, it will bring with it distress and suffering among all the poorer classes of people who live by their daily toil, and must receive their daily supplies from the market places. Why Southern farmers should go into it I cannot comprehend. They buy their bacon and flour from the Northwest, and if the producers are enabled to lock it up and hold it for higher prices it will be at the expense of the cotton grower. How is he to be benefited? When he locks up his cotton against whom is he contending? All his crop is sold. Two-thirds of it goes to Europe, and the other to cotton manufacturers in the United States. If the cotton grower expects to sell at the market price, and tries to force the manufacturer to give him more than the market price, the manufacturer can close his mill and turn his working people in the street and wait until the grower is ready to sell. He can stand the strain longer than the farmer can. His employees will drink the cup of sorrow that the grower but it will not come near his lips. In the meantime the cotton grower will be paying the warehouse combination price for his bacon, lard and flour, and if he holds his cotton for the year provided for by the bill he can put two crops on the market at once, sell them at half price, pay interest, insurance and other charges and close up the transaction a heavy loser. Let us look at it from the position of the consumer of farm products. What are they to do while farm products are locked up in the sub-treasury? What are they to do for daily subsistence? What have they to depend upon which to draw 80 per cent. of its value with which to purchase their daily supplies? They are entitled to equal considerations with the rest. As Democrats, we all believe with Mr. Jefferson, in "equal and exact justice to all." Our whole system of free government is founded on that cardinal principle,

and the Democratic party was organized at the beginning to secure it. All the battles it has fought and all the victories it has won have been to preserve it. The Democratic party has never favored class legislation and it never will. When any measure is proposed for its adoption it must impose its burdens and bestow its benefits alike on all. I am thoroughly convinced that the sub-treasury scheme will injure farmers and all voters, but I am presenting it to you in the light in which its advocates present it, as a measure beneficial to the depositors of the farm products, but injurious to those who have to buy and consume them. There is another objection to the proposed scheme that I am afraid is not considered by my Democratic friends in Milam county. It will require ten or dozen officers at each of the sub-treasuries to receive and care for the products deposited, return them to the depositors, and make settlement for advances, interest, insurance and other charges, or sell them at auction and account for proceeds of sale, to render accounts to the government, to receive its money, keep books, make returns, and perform such other duties as will be found necessary in conducting so large a business. The bill only provides for one such officer, but that is manifestly insufficient and the Government, if the bill is passed, will provide force enough to execute its provisions. Under the constitution they must be appointed by the President or by those under his authority. Have my Democratic friends, considered what would be the effect of filling the Southern States with Republican office holders dispensing hundreds of millions of money? Do you want to return to the period of reconstruction again? Have the Democrats of Milam County forgotten the throes and convulsions through which we passed during that time? The Republicans in the Senate and House are holding nightly caucuses to agree upon a system of Federal control over our ballot boxes in order that they may take control of our elections, and by Republican returning boards, appointed by Harrison, have Republicans placed in office, instead of Democrats who have been elected by the people. Ever since they secured the Administration and both branches of Congress they have been busy devising ways and means to overturn the Southern State government and put them again in the control of a mercenary board of adventurers worse than the locusts and lice of Egypt. To pass either of these bills and inaugurate the sub-treasury system would be to prepare the way and make the path straight for the restoration of that control. It would bring to the South a period of corruption and oppression that by contrast would make the former period of reconstruction respectable. If all the houses provided for by this bill could be built without cost to the Government, and if all the offices necessary to carry it into effect, could be filled with Democrats, and if the Government had a thousand millions of gold and silver to lend to the farmers without interest, and without inflating the currency the measure would then be full of evil and destitute of any compensating good. The throwing into the circulation of a thousand millions of gold and silver would raise prices very greatly, and while the products the farmer had to sell would be greatly increased in price, so would that which he had to buy. So that exchanges would be lifted upon a higher plane, but their relative value to each other would be just the same.

The relief which our farmers need is the relief for which Cleveland fought and fell. That relief was to give them more markets and a greater demand for their products; that greater demand would raise their prices and put into their pockets more than a thousand millions of dollars annually, not of borrowed money, but of money that belonged to them, and which did not have to be repaid to anyone. While opening the markets of the world to their surplus products would increase the value of what they had to sell it would at the same time decrease the value of the things they had to buy. This policy would begin a redistribution of the wealth of the country; and the wealth that is now piled up in castles would be distributed in the pockets of the producers. The only way in which Congress can emancipate our farmers, is to reduce, greatly reduce, taxation on all manufacturers and other things which are imported and which we have to buy, and thus let in five or six hundred millions of foreign products that are now kept out. When these come in an equal amount of cotton, wheat, corn and other things would go out to pay for them and that would increase demand, which would increase the value of the many hundred millions of agricultural products we exported \$750,000,000 of agricultural products of the largest amount we have ever exported in any one year. The result of our government's increased demand for these products would be to take the price of rice, barley, cotton and tobacco and apply them

of the year 1889 we will see that the crop of 1889 would have been worth \$1,570,000,000 more than it was. Why did we not have the prices of 1881? Because there was not the same demand for export as in 1881. We only exported \$332,000,000 worth of agricultural products in 1889, which was about \$5 per head or our people, while in 1881 we exported about \$14 per head. But why did we not export a larger surplus in 1889 than in 1881? Because we put high duties on the manufactures of France, Germany, Austria and other countries and in the last ten years they have been retaliating by putting on high duties on our agricultural products. When we reduce the duties on their goods they are ready to reduce the duties on our agricultural products. It was to accomplish this that Cleveland drew the Democratic blade in 1887, and it is to accomplish this that the Democratic party is embattled to-day.

It is painful to me to decline to support any measure urged on me by my constituents. I am deeply sensible, at all times, of the gratitude I owe to them. They have conferred upon me honors and distinctions beyond my merits. They have supported me with unwavering fidelity through a long public service, and it would be a great pleasure to me to represent them again if I can do so as a Democrat, standing on a Democratic platform, and aiding in carrying out Democratic principles, which I believe to be necessary to perpetuate the blessing of free government. But if my constituents have grown weary of Democratic principles, weary of hearing the words of Jefferson demanding "equal and exact justice to all men," as a fundamental condition of free government; if they want to embark in class legislation, and inaugurate a war of interests and of classes; if they want to surrender their private business to the control of a centralized government a thousand miles away from them; if they have lost faith in their capacity to govern themselves better than they can be governed by others; if they have ceased to believe that government is best that governs the least, or, as Samuel J. Tilden most happily expressed it, "The General Government should not do for the State what the State can do for itself, and no government should do for the citizen what he can do for himself," then I must give place to another. I am too old to change the convictions of a lifetime. I am a Democrat because I believe the great sum of woes which humanity suffers from a disregard of Democratic principles. I am a Democrat because I believe that the happiness and prosperity of ourselves and our children depend upon the triumph of the principles which were declared by Jefferson and supported by Madison, Monroe, Jackson, Van Buren, Polk, Pierce, Buchanan and Cleveland. I have given the best years of my life to my State. I have served her faithfully in war and in peace. I have never done an act that my convictions told me was detrimental to her interests. I am too old to be tempted by any position to abandon a post of duty or prove recreant to a public trust. I cannot afford to retire to private life, but I cannot afford to share the guilt of participating in an act that will bring distress and suffering to millions of my fellow citizens.

Very truly yours,  
R. Q. MILLS.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by J. F. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case of Catarrh that it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address,  
J. F. CHENEY & CO.,  
Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75c. M-17

Shiloh's Consumption Cure.

Successful Cough Medicine we have ever sold, a few doses invariably cure the worst cases of Cough, Croup, and Bronchitis, while its wonderful success in the cure of Consumption is without a parallel in the history of medicine. Since its first discovery it has been sold on a guarantee, which no other medicine can. If you have a Cough we will ask you to try it. Price 25c, 50c, and \$1.00.

J. T. DOSTER, & CO.

Hall's Catarrh Remedy, a marvellous Catarrh Remedy, for Catarrh, Diphtheria, and Headache. With there is an ingenious for the more successful of these complaints. Price 50c, 75c, and \$1.00.

TER & CO.

## CRUSHED ITS RIVAL.

### A STANDARD OIL TRUST DECISION OF INTEREST TO BIRMINGHAM.

The Secrets of the Monopoly Cannot Be Investigated—Rice's Defense of His Liberty—His Ruin.

Birmingham Age-Herald.

News has been received in this city that the general term of the supreme court of New York has reversed the decision of the lower court in the suit of George Rice against the Standard oil trust. This case has gained national fame, and is of especial interest to Birmingham, as this city was one of the places where Rice established an agency in opposition to the great monopoly. He was utterly ruined in his attempt, and finally he invested the remainder of his wrecked fortune in a certificate of oil trust shares and as a stockholder demanded to see the books to pry into and expose the secrets of the trust. The supreme court holds that he has no right to do it. The history of the case is an interesting one.

George Rice lives at Marietta, O. He was one of the early operators, and the first to discover "deep oil." He has, or had, thirty wells, all in the Marietta region. This region is a tract of about 4000 acres, and had 500 productive wells. Two companies laid pipe lines and were doing well, when the Standard oil company came in, and by paying producers a premium of 30 cents a barrel cleaned out the originators of the transporting business. Up to this time Mr. Rice had shipped his oil by rail, and had not patronized either pipe line. Rice had paid 17 1/2 cents a barrel. The receiver of the Cleveland and Marietta railroad raised the rate to 35 cents, lowered the Standard's rate to 10 cents, and paid to the Standard a bonus of 25 cents on every barrel shipped by Rice. In other words, the railroad lowered its own rate from 17 1/2 cents to 10 cents and made Rice pay 25 cents a barrel to the Standard. Rice proved things before the late Judge Baxter in the federal court at Columbus, O., and the receiver was removed, but the rate was kept at 35 cents.

Rice then built his own pipe line to Lowell, a point on the river, whence he could ship his crude oil by barge to his refinery. This operation required nerve and pluck. He crossed the right of way of his enemy by sheer intrepidity, as they dared not cut his pipe for fear of reprisals. In 1886, Rice, having his own wells, pipe line and refinery, set up to sell oil in the United States in defiance of the mandate of the oil trust. He had twenty-five agencies and sold oil in seventy-three towns, New Orleans being a principal point. His agent there was taken away. After a sharp engagement Rice got a warehouse and then another. Established expensively, but still established, he next found the railroad rate from Memphis to New Orleans doubled on his oil. He had to ship by outlandish routes to all towns. His free oil traveled 1196 miles to reach Chattanooga, 542 miles; 1214 miles to Birmingham, distant 685 miles, and 1046 miles to reach Atlanta, distant 692 miles. The direct railroads alleged that they could carry oil cheaper in tanks than in barrels. Rice offered to build tank cars if the direct railroads would make a contract with him. This they refused to do, although the tank rate had not changed for five years. Forced off the railroads, Rice shipped by river, but finally he found himself at the end of his resources, and now the history of his ruin is made complete by the supreme court decision.

## A Lesson in Horticulture.

A couple of thriving tobacco plants stand in the window of the Berkshire cigar company's store. A young lady stood looking at them Tuesday afternoon, and just then Shey Cone stepped from the door. The following conversation ensued:  
Young Lady—Can you tell me what kind of plants those are, sir?  
Mr. Cone—Tobacco plants.  
Young Lady—Do cigarettes grow on them?  
Mr. Cone—No; cigarettes are not made out of tobacco.  
Young Lady—When do they bloom?  
Mr. Cone—Never. When the leaves wither and turn brown in the fall of the year they curl up and dry in the shape of cigars. Then they are picked.  
Young Lady—How funny.  
Mr. Cone—Very funny.—Berkshire News.

An Alliance man was elected to the Legislature in Georgia and refused it is said, to vote for a candidate for solicitor because he learned that he was a lawyer. We have known men to act as solicitors in Alabama, who were not lawyers to boot.—Piedmont Post.

Forest fires have done much damage in southern New Jersey.

## Sam Jones and the Negroes.

Charlotte (N. C.) Chronicle.

I want to see you niggers and poor white folks saved. You have a bad enough time in this world, and it's too bad for you to go to Hell. Politics and whisky are your ruin. Your best friends are your white neighbors. You say: "I'm a Republican." Did the Republicans ever give you anything to eat or wear? I'm not talking for the Democrats, but who's postmaster here? (Several answered "a white man.")

Here the preacher told about the old negro's dream about Mahone's riding to Heaven, and said that all the politicians cared for the negroes was to ride them to the offices and hitch them outside. (Voices in the audience, "that's so.") What makes you run after them?

Politics wasn't made for poor folks now. The best thing for you to do is to look to God and your neighbors for help. I'd rather give up some of my white neighbors than some of my colored neighbors, for when any of my folks get sick they will come and wait on them then and work for me. You are good to go to see one another when you get sick, ain't you? (Voices "yes.") You go and stay till all the rations are eat up and then leave 'em to die. You ought to stand up for one another more.

Talk about social equality. You niggers don't want it. Niggers and whites will mix, but they mix at the bottom. It's the lowest down of both races. You let politics and social equality alone and go to work, you old fools.

Turning to some of the preachers, he said, no wonder you are sweating. Don't try to imitate the white folks in their big balls. Quit trying to undermine your own folks by talking about them. Behonest, industrious, sober, and strive to do right, and serve God. Don't you know that all the negroes love whiskey. All of you that don't love it stand up, now don't lie. (About twenty-five stood up.) I expect half of you ought to be knocked down.

You stick to your churches, to God, and one another. Quit your stealing, whiskey drinking, gambling, and lying and do right, and after awhile you'll get home to heaven; and your old black skins will peel off, and your hair strigten right.

## The Senate on the "Original Package."

WASHINGTON, May 20.—The bill which was under discussion in the senate today, granting to the several states the power to regulate or prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquors, is to be pushed through to the exclusion of everything else.

The bill is designed to meet the emergency in Iowa, caused by the recent decision of the supreme court, restraining that state from interfering with the sale of liquor in "original packages."

It will probably pass the senate tomorrow, and go to the house and be taken up as a party question on Friday or Saturday.

The Iowa republicans have represented to their colleagues in congress that their only hope of retaining political supremacy in the Hawkeye state is to carry favor with the prohibition element. The "antis" have drifted away from them and they are losing ground in the tariff so that their only salvation lies in fusion with the prohibitionists, a sort of combination of blackleg and puritan. The bill will therefore be passed as a republican measure. Whiskey will again be interdicted and placed under the ban, and be drunk on the sly freely as it is now.

The Gadsden Times-News seems to be alarmed about the wisdom of re-nominating Gen. Forney for Congress from the Seventh District, and states that it believes he will be defeated if nominated. The Home thinks the Times-News unduly alarmed about Gen. Forney and has no hesitancy in saying that if his name is placed before the Convention he will be nominated and he will also be elected in November. The Democrats of the Seventh District are not afraid of the Republicans and the more that Gen. Forney is opposed by them the stronger he will be with his party. Two years ago the protectionists worked hard to get a gentleman to run against Forney but his strength and popularity were too well known to get any one to oppose him. Forney is not in danger.—Talladega Home.

## Chronic Ill-health.

How many pass through life never knowing what it means to feel well. How many continue to exist who would gladly lay down and rest forever. With some it requires more courage to live than to die. They live for those they love. They live to be a protection and provide for helpless little ones. Ah! and it is when a kind parent is afflicted with aches and pains, nervousness, weakness, dyspepsia, etc. And yet, is not a parent to blame who will thus suffer, when means of relief are right at hand. Many who long suffer in a state of chronic ill-health, whose lives were made miserable by their feelings of distress, and who found no relief from doctors, have quickly begun a use of Dr. John Bull's Sarsaparilla, and found health and strength therein. A word to the wise is sufficient. Demand this remedy of your druggist. Take no other.

## FIRM FOR PROHIBITION.

The Methodist Conference on the Liquor Traffic.

St. Louis, May 20.—In the Methodist Episcopal Church conference, this morning, the committee on temperance made a long report in which they define the position of the church on the subject of temperance, and give the result of extensive inquiries of various conferences throughout the country as to the attitude of the churches and their members in regard to the use of intoxicating beverages; their manufacture and sale; and license or prohibition.

The committee say, in substance, that—  
1. We are convinced that if more advanced position is possible to take than the one which the Methodist Episcopal church, south, occupies to-day upon the question of temperance, our membership ought to get ready at once to take it. We are emphatically a prohibition church. We stand out squarely for the complete suppression of the supply of the liquor traffic. We offer no compromise, and seek no terms from a sin of this heinous quality.

2. Our inquiries develop the gratifying fact that in most sections there is very little drinking among our membership.

3. We are able to state that, for the most part, our church members throw the full weight of their influence and authority, as voters, against licensing the liquor traffic.

4. The testimony was uniform and unvarying as to the fidelity of our preachers in the cause of temperance.

5. The evidence was practically universal as to the valuable work of the National Woman's Christian Temperance union in the cause of temperance.

The report was unanimously adopted.

The committee on the spiritual state of the church was instructed to prepare a condemnation of worldliness for insertion in the book of discipline, and made a long report condemning dancing, card playing, theater-going, attendance at race courses, etc.

Dr. Philpot of Texas, moved an amendment to cover the use of tobacco and opium, but it was ruled out of order as being of the same nature as the resolution offered last week, and which was indefinitely postponed.

The doctor yielded with poor grace and sat down, and I want it to go forth to the world that the general conference refuses to consider the subject."

Dr. Duncan, of Tennessee, author of the original resolution on worldliness, which caused all the discussion and wrangle over the question, moved an amendment, providing for a change in the discipline, but it was not adopted.

There was evidently a disposition growing in the church to order up resolutions to worldliness. "If there is a pill in that report," the doctor shouted, "it has been so sugar-coated that you will never taste it."

Rev. Mr. Heas wanted the utterance to include racing, owning racing and selling race horses, manipulating land booms, buying and selling lottery tickets, renting a building in which the liquor traffic is carried on, and owning or editing Sunday papers, but his motion was voted down and the report of the committee was adopted by a large majority.

## STATE NEWS.

Sheffield, Ala., had a most successful land sale last week.

Preparations are being made in Selma for the annual state convention of Odd Fellows.

The Montgomery Greys will be in attendance at the unveiling of the Lee Monument.

Everybody rejoices that the cotton factory is a go. Montgomery's course is onward and upward.—Advertiser.

The Monahan Park Hotel at Fort Payne, will hereafter serve six o'clock dinners. This is a decided Northern innovation.

The Manufacturer and Agriculturalist is the name of a new monthly started at Sheffield. Mr. Thomas J. Key is editor.

Harrison has appointed a route agent on the mail train on the Birmingham Mineral railroad. He is a negro named J. T. Shaw.

A handsome new depot is to be erected immediately and a beautiful park will be laid out in connection with the building at Fort Payne.

The L. & N. railroad has completed and is now running its double track from Grace's to Boyle's station, above and below Birmingham.

Sheffield Enterprise: The new boiler of the water works company is being bricked up and will soon be working away. This boiler will increase the flow of water one million gallons daily.

The latest railroad news for this section is that the Macon & Birmingham is being graded three miles west of Lagrange, and the surveyors are at work on the new route from Gadsden via Piedmont to Rossville.

North Alabama is now the theatre for all eyes this month. The land sales at Sheffield and Bridgeport this week, and Decatur at an early date, has attracted capital from every section, North, South, East, and West.

The death of Col. J. W. Sions on the 5th, in Birmingham, is a loss to the state of a useful citizen whose energy and enterprise contributed largely in the upbuilding of the Macon City.—The Huntsville Democrat.



# The Republican.

L. W. GRANT, Publisher.

MAY 24, 1890.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,

W. P. COOPER.

FOR COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT,

M. H. LANE.

Real estate and so much a front foot is all the talk here now. Politics is about lost sight of.

The people of Piedmont are happy over the results of their late land sale. It is said to have been a great success.

The Anniston City Charter bill passed the Senate in the identical shape in which it came from the House, and the Senate Journals will so show.

The Oxanna News, edited by Mr. J. W. Clardy, has come to our table. It is a most creditable publication, and we wish for it the most abundant success. It ought to have a large advertising patronage from the three towns.

Etowah county differed with the Gadsden Times as to the policy of nominating Gen. Forney for Congress and instructed her delegates to vote for him. The county convention was overwhelmingly for him. Col. Denison supported the claims of the old war horse in an able and gallant speech.

The Barbour county convention was the most exciting in the annals of the State and the scene at times was disgraceful. Kolb got the delegation contrary to the opinion that went out after the best conventions were held. There was some lively trading done, it is said.

Francis Avenue property keeps jumping. It is most eligibly situated both in respect to the business portion of Tredegar proper and the business center of Jacksonville, and is directly at the industrial center. No wonder this fine property keeps steadily advancing. It is gilt edge.

The prospect for a large attendance at the land sale here the 29th, 30th and 31st, are flattering. A free excursion train will be run from Chattanooga and tickets on same have been mailed from here to hundreds in Chattanooga, Knoxville, Rome, Milledgeboro, and other points.

"Right on that spot," said Mr. Davis, the expert Welch iron maker, pointing to an industrial reservation in Tredegar, "iron can be made cheaper than anywhere else in the world." These are strong words but they come from an honest and disinterested man who knows what he is talking about.

The Cherokee Telephone has suggested that, as Weavers Station (which wants a new name) lies midway between Jacksonville and Anniston, it, in imitation of Oxanna, be called Jackanna. The good people of Weavers do not enjoy the prospect and they are writing to the Anniston papers and saying so. We should think not. Besides, the name would not be appropriate long. If Jacksonville changes her name to Tredegar, the good people of Jackanna would have to follow suit and substitute Tredeanna for Jackanna, which wouldn't help matters much. No, let the pretty place have no such ugly names. Let it be called Caveton, Weaverston or Cave City.

There is universal complaint of the very poor service of the Western Union Telegraph Company. The mail is about as quick and a great deal more certain. Last evening a party of gentlemen at Anniston determined to invest several thousand dollars in Jacksonville real estate and telegraphed here for prices on certain property. They sat up at the Inn until midnight awaiting a reply but got none. The telegrams were only delivered this morning to parties here. One of the Anniston gentlemen came up this morning on the early train and got here about as quickly as his telegram of the evening before.

Not long ago the writer wired a friend to have a carriage waiting for him in Piedmont on the arrival of the noon train. The message was sent in the early hours of the morning. In due course of time he, with Prof. Pratt, took the up train due at Piedmont about 12 m. On reaching there no carriage was in sight, and his friend came up with the information that he had just that moment received the telegram. We came near beating our message and it had several hours the start.

Such delays in transmitting and delivering messages is not only annoying, but sometimes entails serious pecuniary loss on parties.

The first thing the Western Union telegraph company knows it will have a big damage suit on its hands, if it does not improve its service in this latitude.

## A REVELATION.

### Such Were the Iron and Manganese Mines of Tredegar to an Old Pennsylvania Iron Maker.

With Long Experience in Great Britain, Pennsylvania and Tennessee, Mr. J. M. Davis Says Tredegar Iron and Manganese Mines Surpass Anything He Ever Knew.

AND PREDICTS THAT HERE WILL BE MADE THE CHEAPEST IRON IN THE WORLD.

A reporter of the REPUBLICAN ran across Mr. T. S. McDaniel the expert mining engineer now engaged in opening mines for the Jacksonville Mining & Manufacturing Company a day or two ago and being struck with the jubilant expression of his countenance ventured to ask him what made him so happy?

"Because," said he, "what I have been saying as to the extent and richness of the iron deposits at Tredegar is more than confirmed by one of the most practical and intelligent iron workers in the South or in the United States as for that."

"Who is he, Mack, and why did he come? Is he one of the party who intend to erect one of the furnaces at this point?"

"He is not a capitalist; but a practical worker in iron, whose judgment is greatly relied upon by men who know anything about iron. His name is J. M. Davis. He now lives in Chattanooga; but went there from Scranton, Pa. He was foundryman for the Citico furnace from 1885 to 1887 and has since then been connected with other iron industries or development companies. What he does not know about iron ore and manganese is hardly worth knowing. He came here a few days ago at the instance of some Chattanooga gentlemen who had been reading the wonderful accounts of the mineral richness of the country at Tredegar and who wished to verify the same before making investments here on the 29th, 30th and 31st. Three of the gentlemen came with him to the mines. I went with the party and showed them some of the openings and then some of the remarkable exposures of manganese. We spent a long time in the mines and Mr. Davis made a most critical examination. When he got through, he just turned himself loose. You ought to have heard him. He convinced those Chattanooga gentlemen that they had just seen the best thing they ever saw before or will ever see again, unless they come back to Tredegar, quicker than I am telling you. He talked straight from the shoulder, like the honest Welshman that he is, and it would have sufficed Tredegar's cheeks with pleasure to have heard him."

"We all know about the extent of the iron ore; what did he say as to the quality?" said the reporter.

"He said it was as fine if not the very finest he had ever seen in his life and that it was simply inexhaustible in extent. Pointing to the first opening in the mines, which you will remember is a cut about 70 feet deep running from the base of the hill into the ore, he said, 'I would give \$50,000 to have shown to me one out on any part of our mineral property in Tennessee equal to that.' After riding over the remaining part of the iron property in that immediate vicinity he said that he was acquainted with pretty much all the best iron properties in the United States; but that he was free to say he had never before in his life seen anything anywhere approaching the deposits here, either in richness or extent. The more he explored the more enthusiastic he became, and when we returned to town he pointed to one of the spots reserved for furnaces on the line of the E. T. Va. & Ga. R. R. and said, 'Mr. McDaniel, there will yet be made the cheapest iron produced in the world.' Don't you think he has fully sustained everything I have been telling you people as to the fabulous wealth you have in your mines, to say nothing of your other advantages?"

"It looks so, Mack," said the reporter, "but do you think he was entirely disinterested?"

"Of necessity so. He was brought here as I have told you by outside parties, contemplating investment here, if he should verify the claims set up for Tredegar as to mineral richness. He could have no motive in the world for misleading them. He is even more disinterested than I could be, and you know that I am only an employee, to develop the mines of the company, and do not own a dollar of stock of the company or a foot of land in the city. In fact his own interests are centered in East Tennessee iron properties and naturally he would prefer not to admit that this property so far surpassed his own."

"That all sounds fine for the iron, Mack; but what did he say of your big manganese find," said the reporter.

"He was even more astonished at that than at the iron deposits. He has seen the statement in the newspapers that I had uncovered a vertical face of fifteen feet of manganese near the iron beds, but was frank to say he had not believed it; but said he, 'I find on examination that it is nearer twenty feet, and I should not be surprised to hear it was nearer seventy feet. I am prepared to believe anything I may hear of this mine in the future, for it is the biggest thing I have ever before seen or heard of in manganese; and what is most astonishing of all is its excellent quality and its freedom from stone and other foreign substances.' Concluding a review of the whole field, he said to the gentlemen who brought him here: 'Gentlemen, the newspapers have said as to the ores of Tredegar; but I would not have believed this if I had not come here and seen it with my own eyes.'"

"Did he express himself as to Tredegar's prospects?"

"Yes, he did. He said that if some of the proposed cities in Tennessee, at which fabulous prices had been paid for town lots, had one half of the mineral wealth that he had seen here this morning, they might then talk of building cities. He had never seen in the vicinity of one proposed manufacturing town, for which \$300 per front foot had been paid, anything that would half compare with the deposits at Tredegar. He further said that if the people of Scranton, Pa., could see what he had seen this morning, they would almost go wild with excitement."

The reporter wants to say just here that Mr. Davis did not see a tithe of the mineral property of the Jacksonville (Tredegar) Mining and Manufacturing Company. While the property he examined contained probably as good ore as other parts of the property of the company, there are deposits that even far exceed in extent those examined by him.

On his return to the city, Mr. Davis was enthusiastic and talked freely to several of our citizens of his favorable impressions. He will return at an early day on his own account and make a more extended examination of the mineral property of the company.

When he comes back he will be shown yet more extensive deposits of brown ore than he has seen and two more manganese mines of great extent and some new discoveries on the manganese property which he examined, that is destined to astonish the country.

So it is with all who come here to look. They go away impressed with the fact that here is the richest spot in the South.

Truck Farmers.

AN EXTENSIVE COLONY TO BE ESTABLISHED.

Which Will Demonstrate What Calhoun County Can do in the Way of Supplying Vegetables and Fruits.

The oft repeated arguments made by the News in favor of Calhoun county as a locality favorable for the profitable production of vegetables and small fruits is about to receive a practical demonstration at the hands of a company amply able to carry through its plans.

The Tredegar Land and Improvement Company has among its possessions several hundred acres of fine farming lands favorably situated for small crop culture. These lands lie near Jacksonville but not near enough for practical utility at present for any other branch of industry than the cultivation of the soil.

It has long been a favorite idea of Mr. Goldsmith Bernard West, the able and practical manager of the company, to establish somewhere in the south a number of small farms fitted up exclusively for the culture of small fruits and vegetables and the profitable conducting of a general trucking business. After he became connected with the company and learned of these lands, he at once determined that they should be applied to the development of his long cherished plans—a determination which found a hearty second in President Burke and other members of the company.

The lands will be laid off into small farms under the general supervision and management of the company. First class gardeners and truckers will be placed in charge and each farm will be so conducted as to furnish an object lesson to agriculturists and at the same time yield the greatest revenue possible for the tillers.

A canning establishment will be an adjunct to this enterprise so that the surplus, if any, after supplying Birmingham, Jacksonville, Anniston, Piedmont and other surrounding towns and cities, will not be lost.

This movement is a long step

the advancement of the development now going on in Calhoun county. The mineral resources of our county is destined to soon fill it with a mining and manufacturing population. These must of course be fed from the soil, and Calhoun is exceedingly fortunate in having that soil in abundance within her own boundaries.

The fruitful valleys of the Choctaw, Ocoee, Alexandria, Tallapoosa, and the Piedmont region, are amply able under close and careful cultivation to provide food for all the enormous increase of population which the next few years must of necessity bring to this favored county—a country rich in ore, in climate, in soil, in water, in health, in advantages of transportation and in all those features desired by thrifty intelligent people.—Anniston News.

Pilest. Pilest. Pilest. Piles.

Symptoms—Moisture; intense itching and burning; most at night; worse by scratching. It allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. Swayne's Ointment stops the itching and bleeding; heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At drug stores, or by mail, for 50 cents. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia.

MOST FAVORED SPOT.

A Remarkable Man who Believes He Has Found the Most Favored Spot in the South.

Maj. Goldsmith Bernard West, who is well known throughout the country as the chief of the exploring party which the Manufacturers' Record had in the field for nearly a year studying and reporting on the mineral and timber resources of the South, has found what he believes to be the most favored spot in all the South for a big industrial center.

There is probably no man in the United States who is better prepared to select a good town site and to push it with tireless energy than Maj. West, and the fact that after studying the whole South, he selected Jacksonville, in Calhoun county, Alabama, as the place, will carry great weight with the capitalists and manufacturers. Jacksonville is the county site, and is a prosperous place of 3,000 people, having a \$30,000 hotel, opened by the company on March 15; a \$50,000 national bank, water works, and many splendid dwellings.

Maj. West is general manager of the land company organized to develop Jacksonville, which, by way of distinction from Jacksonville, Fla., will hereafter be known as "Tredegar."

The company own over 3,000 acres of town-site property adjoining the present town, and 15,000 acres of mineral and timber land adjacent to it. The iron ore on this property is practically inexhaustible and is of the highest quality. Manganese and Bessemer ores have been discovered on the property, and are now being mined preparatory for use in the two new charcoal furnaces which have been secured for Tredegar.

Active negotiations are now pending for a cotton mill, and that it will be located at Tredegar is practically assured.—The Chattanooga Evening News.

"How to Cure All Skin Diseases."

Simply apply "Swayne's Ointment." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, etc.; itching the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for Swayne's Ointment. 1000-6m.

In last Sunday's Constitution Bill Arp, the Georgia philosopher, tells how to build up a town and mentions several instances where the experiment had been tried and worked like a charm. It is a simple one. Here it is: "Don't wait on the help of others, but go to work yourself."

Tax Sale.

Notice is hereby given that the following lands and lots were decreed by the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, on the 14th day of April 1890 it being the 2nd Monday in said month and a regular term of said court, to be sold for the taxes and costs due thereon for the year 1889 and previous years, and notice is hereby further given that said lands will be sold by the undersigned, as Tax Collector, within the legal hours of sale on Monday the 29th day of May, 1890, before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville, Ala., to satisfy said taxes and costs to-wit:

Precinct No. 9—G. B. Russell, Lots Nos. 7 and 8 block I, in Piedmont, Ala.	Tax	Cost	Advertising fee	Total
	\$18 66	1 95	2 30	22 91
Precinct No. 15, W. G. Wheeler, R. D. Cruse, Agt., SW 1/4 of NE 1/4 of NE 1/4 of Sec. 18, T. 14, R. 7, 220 acres. <td>\$2 10</td> <td>1 95</td> <td>4 10</td> <td>8 15</td>	\$2 10	1 95	4 10	8 15
Precinct No. 15, T. W. Dunston, R. D. Cruse, Agt., SW 1/4 of NE 1/4 of NE 1/4 of Sec. 18, T. 14, R. 7, 220 acres. <td>\$2 10</td> <td>1 95</td> <td>4 10</td> <td>8 15</td>	\$2 10	1 95	4 10	8 15
Precinct No. 15, T. W. Dunston, R. D. Cruse, Agt., SW 1/4 of NE 1/4 of NE 1/4 of Sec. 18, T. 14, R. 7, 220 acres. <td>\$2 10</td> <td>1 95</td> <td>4 10</td> <td>8 15</td>	\$2 10	1 95	4 10	8 15

Honor Roll for May.

A. D. Alexander,	Morris Francis,
T. M. Alexander,	Ernie Goodlett,
Goldie Ayers,	Hugh Goodlett,
Tomie Bolling,	Lula Gore,
Ula Bolling,	W. T. Grogan,
Lula Bondurant,	Curtis Haley,
Mattie Brewton,	Eva Hames,
Emma Brothers,	Nena Hammond,
David B. Burns,	Pope Hammond,
Oro Carnes,	W. M. Harper,
Maggie Clark,	Bettie Henderson,
Fosie Caldwell,	T. B. Jenkins,
Willie Cox,	Willie Landers,
Annie Crow,	Blanche Lane,
Corra Crow,	Undine Lane,
Annie Davenport,	Joe Martin,
Clara Driskill,	Lona Matthews,
Clara Driskill,	W. H. McKee,
Floy Montgomery,	Jessie Warlick,
Sadie Nisbet,	Sadie Weir,
Sadie Nunneley,	Lutie Wiggins,
Frank Privett,	Emma Williams,
Lizzie Privett,	Maggie Wilkerson,
Olivia Privett,	Trixie Williams,
Katie Ross,	Willie Weaver,
Nannie Ross,	Ada Weaver,
Belle Scott,	Arthur Edwards,
Berta Stevenson,	Gray McHarg,
Orney Stevenson,	George McKelvin,
reston Stevenson,	W. T. Kendrick,
ohn Swan,	J. A. Spearman,
Ann Tredegar,	John Gaboury,
Carrie Turner,	Joe Porter,
Ward,	Eva Pringle,
Ward,	Bama Swan,
ge Warlick,	Annie Bates,
Ward,	

## INTO POLITICS.

LUTHERIN CHURCH GOES IN, IN ILLINOIS.

The Object Being to Attack the Compulsory Education Law—The House Again Discusses the Bill—McMillan and McKinley Have a Say.

Chicago, Ill., May 13.—The first move in the Lutheran church plan to go into politics for the purpose of attacking the compulsory education law, was made yesterday when ex-County Commissioner Senne, announced himself a candidate for the state senate at the recent meeting of the Lutheran synod at Springfield, Ill.

It was then determined to put up candidates for the Legislature in certain districts where the Lutheran church is strongest, pledged to vote for a repeal of the law. The particular clause aimed at is the one requiring that all of the common branches to be taught in the English language, and this is the one which the churches desire stricken out.

Mr. Senne said yesterday that the Lutheran would try to nominate and elect members of the legislature in a number of Northern districts, hoping to elect enough members pledged to a modification in the compulsory education law to control the balance of power in the legislature and force their point. The Lutherans are almost all Republicans, but in this they expect the aid of the German Catholics, who are largely Democrats, and between the two forces it is thought that half a dozen districts can be carried.

Need of Good County Roads.

College professors, civil engineers and magazine writers are directing public attention to the subject of country highways, and the Vanderbilt University, Tennessee, has gone so far as to provide for the free instruction in road engineering of one person from each county in the State. The Baltimore Sun, which is agitating the question in Maryland points out the power required to draw a wagon weighing, with its load, one ton on a level, macadamized road of broken stone is sixty-five pounds, which is increased to 200 pounds on a common dirt road. Prof. Ely, of John Hopkins University, estimates that poor roads cost the farmer, on an average, \$10 per horse, and Prof. Jenks, of Knox college, Illinois, argues that with good permanent roads freight could often be hauled ten miles on wagons cheaper than it could be taken one mile on a dirt road to a railroad station, unloaded, put on the cars and carried to its destination. Of the social influences of good roads, he says that "a large part of the mental inspiration of the farmers depends on their ability to attend church lectures, concerts and social gatherings at a distance, and really good roads enabling them to go so much more easily, would doubtless raise the whole intellectual tone of the farming community, besides keeping within the healthful influence of the farm many who are now forced into the towns."

Ethelbert F. Allen of St. Louis, who was used by Laura V. Ashdown for \$20,000, says the Chicago Times, because he promised to marry her and then married Miss Virginia Riddle, has soothed Miss Ashdown's mangled heart with \$450 cash down. Mr. Allen is certainly to be congratulated on his bargain. He has not only at a price bought off a lawsuit, but has got to boot a rare specimen of the genus woman for a wife; for while nearly every woman is an enigma there are few of them who are Riddles.

Dr. LeGrand is a warm friend to the new town of Tredegar. He has recently sold several lots at a handsome profit, and having confidence in the town went up yesterday and bought more property.—Anniston Hot Blast.

Commissioners' Sale of Valuable Land

STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

By virtue of an order and decree of the Probate Court of said county of Calhoun, made and entered on the 1st day of November, A. D. 1888. We the undersigned Commissioners, will offer for sale to the highest bidder at public outcry at the Court House door in the town of Jacksonville, Alabama, on Monday the 29th day of May 1890, the following described real estate known as the James H. Privett homestead, to-wit: The SW 1/4 of the NW 1/4 and twenty (20) acres off of the north end of the W 1/2 of the E 1/2 of the SW 1/4 of Sec. 25, and W 1/2 of NW 1/4 of NW 1/4 and the NW 1/4 of SW 1/4 of Sec. 25; also three (3) acres commencing in the middle of the creek where the Jacksonville and Corrales road crosses a mile creek, thence east five rods to section line, thence north with section line eight rods to said Privett's gate, thence along said Jacksonville and Oxford road to beginning in NE 1/4 of Sec. 29, all in T. 14, R. 7, for division among the joint owners, heirs of said James H. Privett.

Terms of Sale.—One-third cash and balance on credit of one and two years in two equal payments with interest from date of sale. Notes with good security will be required. This 11th day of April 1890.

J. H. MONTGOMERY, C. D. MARTIN, J. J. SKELTON, Commissioners.

B. G. MCQUELEN, County Surveyor

BROTHERS, WILLET & WILLET, Attorneys at Law, Jacksonville and Anniston.

## W. T. WILLSON

Carries the largest and most complete stock in Anniston of Dry Goods, Carpets, Curtain and Upholstery goods.

SHADES, WINDOW POLES &c

We have but one price which is marked in plain figures. To customers from Jacksonville buying to the amount of \$5 we deduct amount of R. R. fare one way, \$10, both ways.

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN JACKETS, WRAPS AND NEWMARKETS.

W. T. WILLSON, ANNISTON, ALA.

Agents for Buttericks Patterns and Gold and Silver Shirts.

oct20tf

STEVENSON, MARTIN & GRANT,

Real Estate Brokers,

Jacksonville, - - - Alabama.

Real Estate bought and sold on commission, rents collected &c. Property placed in our hands for sale will be advertised for sale without cost to land owner.

No Sale—No Charge.

Jacksonville real estate and farm and mineral land along the line of Jacksonville & Anniston Railroad specially solicited.

Mortgage Sale. In Chancery.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a mortgage of James J. Dean and wife to the American Freehold Land Mortgage Company, of London, Limited, and duly recorded in the office of Probate Judge of Calhoun County, Ala., in Book A, Vol. 2, of mortgages page 132, and also by virtue of power of sale in a mortgage to the Loan Company of Alabama recorded in Book Vol. 2, page 133 on the same land, we will sell at public outcry for cash, in front of the Court House in Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Ala., on the 29th day of June, 1890, the following described lands: West half of Section 21, east half of Section 23, less nine and a half acres east of Cedar Creek, Cedar Creek being the line south of the public road—west half of south-west quarter of section 21, east half of north-east quarter and east half of south-east quarter of Section 30; west half of south-east quarter of Section 20, less eight acres west of mountain top, south-west quarter of north-east quarter of Section 30 and north-west quarter of north-east quarter, Section 30, Township 13, Range 7, containing in all 628.80-100 acres as surveyed and platted by B. G. McClellan county surveyor.

The American Freehold Land Co., of London, Limited, and Loan Co. of Alabama, Mortgagees.

H. L. STEVENSON, W. R. NELSON, may17-4t Attorneys.

Cheap Money.

As correspondent of the Loan Co., of Alabama, I can offer money on improved farms at reduced rates.

H. L. STEVENSON.

July 14th

MEMORY

Mind wandering cured. Books learned in one reading. Testimonials from all parts of the globe. For sale by Dr. A. L. Fiske, sent on application to Prof. A. Fiske, 20 Fifth Ave., New York.

POSTPONED

Commissioners' Sale of Valuable Land

STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

By virtue of an order and decree of the Probate Court of said county of Calhoun, made and entered on the 1st day of November, A. D. 1888. We the undersigned Commissioners, will offer for sale to the highest bidder at public outcry at the Court House door in the town of Jacksonville, Alabama, on Monday the 29th day of May 1890, the following described real estate known as the James H. Privett homestead, to-wit: The SW 1/4 of the NW 1/4 and twenty (20) acres off of the north end of the W 1/2 of the E 1/2 of the SW 1/4 of Sec. 25, and W 1/2 of NW 1/4 of NW 1/4 and the NW 1/4 of SW 1/4 of Sec. 25; also three (3) acres commencing in the middle of the creek where the Jacksonville and Corrales road crosses a mile creek, thence east five rods to section line, thence north with section line eight rods to said Privett's gate, thence along said Jacksonville and Oxford road to beginning in NE 1/4 of Sec. 29, all in T. 14, R. 7, for division among the joint owners, heirs of said James H. Privett.

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BROTHERS, WILLET & WILLET, Attorneys at Law, Jacksonville and Anniston.

"Established 30 Years."

H. A. SMITH, ROME, GEORGIA.

Wholesale and Retail Bookseller and Music Dealer.

JUST RECEIVED a magnificent line of holiday goods, Comb and Brush sets, Work boxes, Writing Desk, Toilet sets for ladies and gentlemen, Pens, and various kinds of Photograph and Autograph Albums, Book sets, Standard Journals, and Gift Books, Scrap Books, Bibles, Prayer and Hymn Books, Picture Albums, Engravings, Maps, Brooches, Glass Dolls, Toys, Fancy Stationery, in French Boxes and a great variety for Christmas, Brides and Wedding Presents.

Pianos and Organs from different manufacturers, for Cash or installment plan, at low prices.

6000 ROLLS OF WALL PAPER and various other goods at low prices. Sent on application.

april-28

B. G. MCQUELEN, County Surveyor

BROTHERS, WILLET & WILLET, Attorneys at Law, Jacksonville and Anniston.

"LLIS & STEVENSON" Attorneys at Law, Jacksonville, Alabama.



# TREDEGAR.

OPENING SPRING SALE OF TREDEGAR CITY LOTS AT  
**Jacksonville, Calhoun County, Alabama.**

MAY 29TH, 30TH, AND 31ST.  
By the Jacksonville Mining and Manufacturing Company of Alabama.

The Company owns and controls the finest areas of Hematite Iron Ore and Manganese deposits, and of hard wood and pine timber lands in the district. Within the past 60 days two car wheel iron furnaces have been secured; the Tredegar National Bank has been organized and is ready for business; an electric light plant for public and private lighting has been contracted for; a third iron furnace is in negotiation; a telephone service established; iron mines put in operation; manganese mines under development, and negotiations are nearly perfected for the establishment of a large rolling mill, ferro-manganese plant, cotton mill, new brick works, Ice factory and cold storage plant and a basic steel plant. Before the date of the sale some, if not all, of these negotiations will probably be closed.

We have already in operation extensive lumber and planing mills, tannery, complete system of city water works, and a number of mercantile houses in nearly all staple lines of business. The elegant Tredegar Inn was opened to the public by the Company March 1st. Calhoun college, four churches, elegant private residences, beautiful scenery and perfect climate.

**"GOOD WATER AND GOOD SOCIETY."**

A choice selection of city property, centrally located, will be offered.

Prices will be kept down to a limit within which every investor can be assured of a handsome profit.

Future developments will not be discounted. Every purchaser will share in the increase of values produced by developments.

The nights are cool, and visitors should bring overcoats.

Ample accommodations for all comers at the Tredegar Inn, the Warlick House and at superior private hotels and boarding houses.

For further particulars address,

**J. W. BURKE, President.**

**GOLDSMITH BERNARD WEST, General Manager.**

TREDEGAR, P. O. Jacksonville, Calhoun County, Alabama.

## The Republican.

Issued Weekly.

### Rates of Advertising.

Transient advertisements \$1 per square, and one inch makes a square.  
Local notices 10 cents per line.  
Advertisements must be handed in Thursday or before to insure insertion.

### SUBSCRIPTION RATE.

One year, One Dollar.  
Six Months, Seventy-five Cents.  
Three Months, Forty Cents.  
Subscription must invariably be paid in advance. No name will be looked upon unless money accompanies the order.

Maj. T. W. Francis is in town.

Poles for the telephone exchange are being erected.

Now is the time to invest in Jacksonville dirt to make big money.

Dr. Rowan of New York is in Jacksonville to take in the coming land sale.

Dr. Lane has returned from the Baptist Convention recently held in Texas.

Real estate has been very active in Jacksonville this week and prices have steadily advanced.

Miss Mattie Boatman, of Georgia, is visiting relatives in Jacksonville.

Messrs. Eastman, Walden and other Chattanoogaes were in town this week making investments.

How wonderfully bright and happy our people all look! Good fortune could never strike a more deserving people.

One of the new streets being opened is to be called Washington, in honor of a Statesman out of date, as things go nowadays.

Mail matter is now coming to this office addressed simply to Tredegar. Tredegar is already well known everywhere among post masters.

Large forces of hands are at work on different streets of the town and the appearance of things are changing rapidly across the railroad.

Mr. Bernard Gaston realized seven hundred per cent. on some property purchased by him here. He thinks this is pretty good even for Tredegar.

Iola street is to be extended westward to the depot. It ought to be also extended eastward to intersect the street in front of Mr. Whisenant's residence.

Messrs. O. H. Parker and Dr. J. F. Walker were here this week and invested in real estate in the Francis addition near Francis Avenue. They located well.

If you are prepared to entertain visitors at the coming sale, do not hesitate longer to hand in your name to the office of the Jacksonville Mining and Manufacturing Co.

Mr. Henry F. Wyly, agent E. T. Va. & Ga. air line, of Montgomery, Ala., is spending a few days with his many friends and relatives here this week.

It is said that a force of men and teams who started a week ago from Birmingham to this point are now on their way to Jacksonville, Florida. So much for the confusion of names.

Mr. J. J. B. McElrath, of Centre, was visiting friends here this week.

It is said that a hundred cots have been ordered for the Tredegar Inn to provide sleeping places for guests, in event citizens do not come forward and provide better accommodation for guests.

Dr. LeGrand, of Anniston, says that what he likes about investments here is that people are conservative and consequently advance in values are steady, affording all buyers a pretty profit.

We regret that the contractors will not be laying down the self-cementing gravel on Francis avenue by the time of the sale. A section at least ought to have been laid, if only to show what the Company intend to do on this fine street.

Mr. Foster Stockton, of the Anniston Hot Blast, was in Jacksonville Friday.

### The Churches.

BAPTIST CHURCH.—Preaching in the morning and night. Subject for morning services, "The Cross and its attractions."

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Preaching at 11 o'clock a. m. and night. Sunday School at all the churches at 9 1/2 o'clock.

### 500 Laborers Wanted

Five hundred laborers wanted immediately to work on streets, mines and industries. Apply to Jacksonville Mining & Manufacturing Co.

### Special Inducements to the Ladies.

Don't miss seeing Barnum's circus, also the largest and cheapest store in Anniston, Ullman Bros. They will give special bargains on that day.

Two hundred pieces of Flouncing for Ladies, Misses and Children from 25c to \$5.00 per yard. White and colored Lawns, Nanook, Swiss, Cross Bar Muslin from 5c to 50c per yard.

Dress Silks from 37 1/2c per yard up. Woolen Dress Goods, Colored Wash Goods from 4c to 25c per yard. Under Vests from 10c up. Silk Gloves, Hose, Corsets and Parasols at prices lower than ever sold in Anniston. Finest French Millinery at prices which defy competition. Any lady or gentleman trading \$10 we will refund traveling expenses, and save money by buying their goods from Ullman Bros., Anniston.

### FOR SALE.

The Walker Residence in Jacksonville, Alabama.

Comprising twelve acres of ground, a fine Brick Mansion of twelve large, and some smaller rooms, with brick and wooden outhouses.

Terms, one, two and three years, with notes well secured, bearing interest at eight per cent., payable semi-annually. Possession given 1st January next. Apply to STEVENSON, MARTIN & GRANT, Jacksonville, Ala.

C. J. CLARK, Executor.

### Answer This Question.

Why do so many people we see around us seem to prefer to suffer and be made miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Coming Up of the Food, Yellow Skin, when for 75 cents we will sell them Shiloh's System Vi-talizer, guaranteed to cure them.

J. T. DOSTER & CO.

### In Memoriam.

Mrs. Sallie M. Borden, wife of Charles E. Borden, who resides at the head of Nances creek, died on the 13th day of February, 1890, after an illness of only a few days.

The deceased was the daughter of T. H. and M. J. Arnett and was born in Randolph county, Alabama, Feb. 8th, 1866. She was married to Chas. E. Borden, November 6th, 1883. Only a few short years did she remain to gladden his heart and cheer his life. She had been a consistent member of the Baptist church for three years and died as she had lived—"strong in faith and joyful through hope."

A multitude of relatives and friends mourn her loss; but we sorrow not as those without hope, for we are persuaded that our beloved sleeps in Jesus. "That blessed sleep from which none ever wake to weep." Yea, "Blessed are the dead which die in the Lord; even so saith the spirit for they rest from their labors." "L. A. B."

### Attention Gentlemen.

If you are in need of a fine Dress Suit, Business Suit, Pants, Alpaca or Flannel Coats and Vests, Straw or Fur Hats, Underwear, Flannel and White Shirts, Scarfs, or fine Shoes, go to Ullman Bros., Anniston. They will save you money. Special low prices on circus day at Ullman Bros., Anniston.

### OBITUARY.

Death the king of terrors, has entered our home and robbed it of one of its loveliest inmates, our little Franklin Pierce Skelton, who was born Oct. 26th 1888 and departed this life and went to join the "blood-washed throng" April 26th, 1890.

Little Frank is dead. No not dead, but sleeping. He has gone to sleep in the arms of his earthly parents, but will awaken in the arms of his Heavenly Parent; Him who said, "Suffer little children to come unto me."

No more will our hearts be gladdened here by his sweetly lisping Papa, Mama, but thank God we may by the mercy of Him who has taken our little Frank be permitted to hear his voice again in notes of the sweetest melody welcoming us to that bright and happy land where all is joy, peace and love.

Little Frank was our fourth and baby son, and to us a precious treasure who "budded on earth to mature in heaven."

The vacant chair and scattered toys constantly remind us that—

There is a voice we shall hear no more. There are faces whose smile for us is over; Sweet as the odors of spring, were they, Precious and rich but they died away.

They came like pines to the heart and ear, Never again will they murmur here; They have gone like the blush of a summer morn, Like a cloud of crimson through the sunset born.

Safe in the arms of Jesus, Safe on his gentle breast, There by his love over shadowed, Sweetly my babe will rest.

Commencement We will give spe to ladies wanting Dresses for Comm. have a very large ery, Flouncing and popular for young Ullman Bros., A.

## GRAND COMBINATION.

The Weekly News, Birmingham,

AND

The Jacksonville Republican.

Both papers one year for 1.50 with a ticket in the distribution of 750.00 Gold Presents to be made by the News, on the first day of July next. In addition to getting the

Two Best Newspapers

Published in Alabama, you may receive One Hundred Dollars in Gold, or one of the Three Hundred and Seventy-one Other Solid Presents in Gold.

An Additional Offer.

All who subscribe before May 1, will also participate in the SUNDAY CHRONICLE Gift Distribution of One Hundred Valuable Presents worth from \$10 to \$500 each, which will be made on that day by the NEWS, which recently absorbed the Chronicle.

Write the NEWS Birmingham for sample copy and forward subscriptions to

The Republican,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Save Money By Buying  
**GOOD GOODS CHEAP**  
As we are the oldest firm in the City  
AND

### EXPECT TO STAY HERE

We will in the future as we have in the past sell Good Goods At Prices Which Defy Competition! We buy in very large quantities for CASH for our four (4) stores in Talladega, Gadsden, Attalla and Anniston, and are able to undersell all competition. Our stock of Men and Boys Clothing is the largest and most select, and we have a fine line in Prince Alberts, Frock and Sack Suits in all the latest patterns and newest cut, PERFECT FITTING GARMENTS.

35 Different Styles 35

Of Dress & Business Pants, from \$2 to \$8.50. 450 Boys School and Dress Suits from \$2 to \$15.00.

Knee pants from 25 cents to \$2.50. Shirt waists from 25 to 65 cents. Men's and Boys' Straw Hats from 25c to \$5.00. Men's and Boys' Douglas Shoes from \$2 to \$4. A grand line of White Shirts, Underwear, Collars, Cuffs, Scarfs and Ties.

### FOR THE LADIES.

We have the finest line of Dress Silks, Wool Dress Goods, Wash Goods, White Goods, Laces for Overdresses and every kind and quality of Embroidery. Our Millinery and Ladies' Hats are the finest in the city.

### Ladies' and Children's Shoes and Underwear.

Carpets, Trunks, Valises, and last, but not least, the finest line of Ladies' Parasols and Sun Umbrellas ever seen in the city, from 40c to \$10. No trouble to show goods, and we will save you money. Give us a chance.

Respectfully,

ULLMAN BROS., Anniston, Ala.

**AT TREDEGAR**

ON TIME.

**NISBET & PRIVETT,**

Real Estate & Stock Brokers,

"Tredegar," Jacksonville P. O. Alabama.

Next Door to Post Office.

JNO. Y. HENDERSON.

H. F. MONTGOMERY.

**MONTGOMERY & HENDERSON,**

REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

OFFICE NO. 3, CARPENTER BUILDING,

Jacksonville, Alabama.

No charge for examining Titles and execution of Deeds. Refer by permission to Bank of Anniston, Anniston, Ala.

**T. R. WARD,**

At the Front Again. Dry Goods and Groceries cheap for "Cash." At the Old Stand below Depot.

Shoes at Cost For Thirty Days.

All who are indebted to me will please make immediate payment. I am obliged to have the money due me.

T. R. WARD.



**Farm Notes.**  
Generous feeding of all kinds of stock must be kept up if we would have a full milk pail and egg basket. There is very little land that is not benefited by underdraining. It is specially advantageous in clay soils. The Alliance of Greenville, S. C., propose erecting a twenty ton oil mill, with a capital stock of \$20,000.

In New York city, at the last census, 2,225 persons were engaged in agricultural vocations, and 4,474 in Philadelphia.

J. W. McLaury, publisher of the Toccoa (Ga.) News, will put up a canning factory at Toccoa and take all the tomatoes his subscribers raise, at the highest market price.

Professor Fernow figures that the annual revenue from the forests of the United States is over \$1,000,000,000.

At a sale of jerseys made recently by the Ohio breeders, thirty-seven head averaged \$70.73.

The Arabs have a maxim "that the foal resembles the sire." Therefore, breed from only good and well bred males.

Many common work harness are still used without the convenience of snaps in place of buckles, which every horseman considers important. The time wasted in working at these little improvements, besides the satisfaction which the owner feels in using them.

The first fair on the new state fair grounds at Syracuse is announced to be held next September. Plans for the buildings have been submitted to bidders.

The hen of the United States was worth to this country on her own personal account last year \$200,000,000, according to the bureau of industrial statistics.

It is told that 11,000 acres of hemp will be planted this year in Rensselaer, Washington and Saratoga counties, New York.

When an orchard is in sod, it is impossible to plow close enough to the trees so as to cover all the grass. But there is loose dirt enough brought up by the plow to cover the grass if heeded over it, and this will suffice to smother it. The suppression of this grass around the trees makes them much more slightly during the summer, and in winter its absence leaves no harbor for mice, which love just such a shelter when gnawing apple-tree bark.

Large pieces of potatoes for seed will give stronger vines at the outset than smaller pieces, though not necessarily a larger yield of potatoes. The comparative yield will depend, in a measure, on the season and fertility of the soil. Seedlings often make a feeble growth for a month or more and yet yield heavily. A sufficient quantity of flesh to the eye or eyes acts much the same as manure in the hill.—Rural New Yorker.

If young ducks are kept away from the water (except for drinking purposes) there will be fewer losses among them. It is a mistake to suppose that it is necessary to allow them on the water. At this season they will easily become chilled, and cannot stand dampness. Feed them well, give plenty of drinking water and keep them dry.

Nothing is gained on heavy land by plowing land sodden with water. The clay in it is puddled by stirring, and when dried it becomes a clod almost impenetrable by water, and which nothing but freezing and thawing will reduce to a condition for roots to penetrate. If there is a large amount of vegetable matter in the soil, this danger of becoming too compact is lessened. Hence when the country was new and the surface soil full of vegetable mould, it was possible to plow without injury earlier than it can safely be done now. There is also an advantage in plowing sandy soil while wet, as there is very little that does not contain a small amount of clay or vegetable matter, and it is a benefit to this to be made more compact than it now is.

I have myself used, and known others to use Bull's Sarsaparilla with entire satisfaction. I believe it calculated to relieve much suffering and earnestly recommend it to the afflicted.—Rev. E. W. Schon, Louisville, Ky.

**Cured Sound and Well.**

I contracted a severe form of contagious blood poison, for which I took Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) and its use derived the most satisfactory results. At first I consulted the best doctor, as I supposed, in Boston, who prescribed mercury treatment. At the expiration of two weeks I asked him how long it would take him to cure me. His reply was if I would follow his directions he would promise to cure me in two years. This being rather discouraging, I consulted a friend, who advised me to take no doctor's medicine as he was sure I would never be benefited by it. He then told me that he would procure me some medicine that would wipe out the disease in a short time, and brought me several bottles of Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) which I am happy to say cured me sound and well, and instead of taking two years to accomplish it, I was under treatment only five months.

ISRAEL GREENGLASS,  
Peabody, Mass.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.,  
Atlanta, Ga.

**Weakness.**  
How many suffer from weakness! And what a distressful ailment it is! Always praying for strength and yet feeling oneself growing weaker and weaker. There is great virtue in B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm) as a strengthening, as well as a healing medicine. Try it as a tonic and see how much better you will feel. It will improve both appetite and digestion. It is an excellent remedy to use while convalescing. It aids a natural and rapid recovery. In cases where an invalid has remained long in bed and bed sores or other ulcers break out, this remedy will afford quick relief.

W. M. Cheshire, Atlanta, Ga., writes: "I had a long spell of typhoid fever, which at last seemed to settle in my right leg, which swelled up enormously. An ulcer also appeared which discharged a cupful of matter a day. I then gave B. B. B. a trial and it cured me."

Eleven children out of twelve need Dr. Bull's Worm Destroyers occasionally. These dainty little candies are always safe and sure.



**CURE**

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Distress, Nausea, Dizziness, Diarrhoea, and Constipation. Pain in the Side, etc. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

**SICK**

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure

**HEAD**

Aches they would be most precious to those who suffer from this distressing complaint, but more so to those who are afflicted with the liver and bowels, who cannot vary that they will not be without them. In what 25 cents; for \$1. Sold by druggists, grocers, or sent by mail.

**ACHE**

(Is the back a many lines that show is where the pain is great. Our pills cure it while others do not.)

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not grip or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In what 25 cents; for \$1. Sold by druggists, grocers, or sent by mail.

**CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.**

**SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.**

**POSTPONED**

**Commissioners' Sale of Valuable Land**

STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

By virtue of an order and decree of the Probate Court of said county of Calhoun, made and entered on the 1st day of November A. D. 1888. We the undersigned Commissioners, will offer for sale to the highest bidder at public outcry at the Court House door in the town of Jacksonville, Alabama, on Monday the 28th day of May 1889, the following described real estate known as the James H. Privett homestead, to-wit: The SW 1/4 of the NW 1/4 and twenty (20) acres off of the north end of the NW 1/4 of the SW 1/4 of Sec. 25, and W 1/2 of NW 1/4 of NW 1/4 and the NW 1/4 of SW 1/4 of Sec. 25; also three (3) acres commencing in the middle of the creek where the Jacksonville and Oxford road crosses mill creek, thence east five rods to section line, thence north with section line eight rods to said Privett's gate, thence along said Jacksonville and Oxford road to beginning in NE 1/4 of Sec. 26, all in T. 14, R. 8, for division among the joint owners, heirs of said James H. Privett.

Terms of Sale.—One-third cash and balance on credit of one and two years in two equal payments with interest from date of sale. Notes with good security will be required. This 15th day of April 1889.

H. F. MONTGOMERY,  
C. D. MARTIN,  
J. J. SKELTON,  
Commissioners.

April 28-31

**J. H. CRAWFORD,**

Has just received a fine lot of

**Coffins & Caskets.**

Also small Gloss White Caskets for Children.

Prices range from \$8 to \$45. Largest sizes for sale, at my shop on Main street, south from the public square Jacksonville Ala.

**B. G. McCLELEN,**

County --- Surveyor

**E. M. REID, J. P.**

MORRISVILLE, ALA.,

Keeps Marriage Licenses for sale. Courts the 1st and 3rd Saturdays in each month. U.

**BROTHERS, WILLETT & WILLETT.**

**Attorneys at Law.**

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**L. Richardson & Co.,**

Manufacturers of

**Lumber and Lathes,**

Hays' Station, East & West R. R. Three and a half miles north of Jacksonville.

**Orders Solicited.**

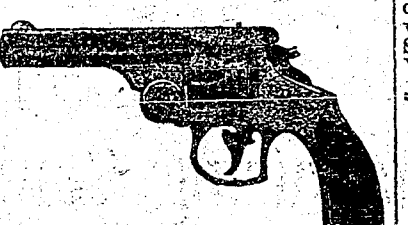
**E. P. WREN,**

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,

PAPER HANGER & GRAINER

Jacksonville and Port of Spain, Ala.

**Anniston Arms Co.,**  
No. 617 NOBLE STREET.



Will sell as cheap as any house North, East, South or West.

**Guns, Rifles, Pistols,**

**CARTRIDGES.**

LAWN TENNIS, BASE BALL,

Gymnasium Fishing Tackle,

And all kinds of

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I. L. SWAN. B. H. DENMAN

**I. L. Swan & Co.,**

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Buy and sell town lots, mineral lands, farm lands, stocks and bonds. Have now on hand a quantity of desirable real estate in and near the corporation line of the town, and four valuable ore plants, and half interest in the Landers' marble quarry. Prompt in giving information. Titles examined and prepared without any charge to those doing business with us. Write us, or call at office, Northwest corner of court house.

**STATE NORMAL**

**COLLEGE,**

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Next session opens Tuesday Sept. 3rd For catalogue address

C. B. GIBSON, Jacksonville, Ala.

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Caveats, Re-issues and Trade-Marks secured, and all other patent causes in the Patent Office and before the Courts promptly and carefully attended to.

Upon receipt of model or sketch of invention, I make careful examination, and advise as to patentability. Free of Charge.

Fees Moderate, and I make no charge unless Patent is secured. Information, advice and special reference sent on application.

J. R. LITTELL, Washington, D. C.

Opp. U. S. Patent Office.

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Jacksonville, Alabama.

**THE LEADING HOTEL!**

**THE HOUSE FOR TRAVELERS**

**First-Class in Every Respect.**

Comfortable Rooms, the Table supplied with the best the Market Affords. Sample Rooms and Trusty porters. In fact everything that go to make up a modern Hotel. Prices reasonable.

W. D. WARLICK, Prop'r.

**R. W. WHISENANT & CO.**

**Real Estate Brokers,**

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Dealers in

**Stocks, Farm and Mineral Lands.**

City Property Bought and Sold on Commission.

Property Rented and Rents Collected. Refer by permission to Rowan, Dean & Co., Jacksonville, Ala., Gen. J. W. Burke, President Jacksonville Mining & Manuf'g Co., Comer & Trapp, Anniston, Ala.

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I. L. SWAN, AGT,

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Two Good Home Companies to-wit

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Central City, Ala.

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**Jas. S. Kelly**

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**New Goods! New Goods!**  
A Large Stock Just Received at  
**CROW BROS'.**  
The Largest and Best Stock of  
**Ready-Made Clothing**  
We have ever kept at prices lower than ever before offered. The very latest styles of Hats. Our stock of Shoes is full and complete and can suit any one in quality and price. A beautiful line of Prints, Shalies, cotton and wool, Chambrays, Ginghams, Satines, White Goods, Kid Gloves, Velvets, Silks and a large stock of notions. Call and see our goods before buying. We guarantee satisfaction to every purchaser.

**J. T. DOSTER & CO.**  
**Druggists,**  
SOUTH SIDE OF PUBLIC SQUARE.  
NEXT DOOR TO Porter, Martin & Co.

BUY YOUR DRUGS FROM  
**J. T. DOSTER & CO.**  
We buy our chemicals direct from manufacturers and can always guarantee the quality. We make a specialty of Prescriptions and formulas of any kind. Besides we have constantly on hand a full line of  
PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,  
And anything ordinarily kept by retail druggists. We manufacture all our own flavoring essences and tinctures and guarantee the quality. Country merchants supplied at wholesale prices. Buy from us and save freight. A complete assortment of Spectacles just received.

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**LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST**  
AND SEE US BEFORE YOU BUY YOUR  
**GROCERIES**  
Hardware, Harness, Wagon Material, Brick, Lime, shingles, Laths, Wagons, Buggies, Queensware, Glassware, Tinware, &c.

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**IF YOU WANT A GOOD LIGHT**  
Try Our "W. W." Oil.  
**GOODS DELIVERED FREE.**  
Give us a call. PORTER, MARTIN & CO.

**This Space Will Be Filled next Week by**  
**HAMMOND & CROOK!**

**NEW STORE! NEW STORE!**  
**New Goods.**  
We have something to interest everybody. New Spring Styles in Ladies' Misses' and Childrens' Hats just received from New York. Dress Goods for everybody. Mens', Boys' and Childrens' Clothing in the latest fashions.  
**Our Prices the very Lowest.**  
Call early and see our goods. J. M. VANSANT & CO., Depot Street, Jacksonville, Ala. mar 29th

**Doering & Robinson,**  
LEADING  
**Jewelers & Opticians**  
Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware.  
**Eye Glasses & Spectacles Fitted to Order**  
921 Noble Street, Anniston, Alabama.

**LIVERY, FEED and SALE STABLE.**  
**MARTIN & SON, Proprietors,**  
ABAMA.  
Elegant vehicles, Good and safe, Saddle horses, and all the latest improvements of the times.  
Horses and Mules bought and sold. Prices in keeping with the market.

**An Argument With A Point.**  
We feel sure there must be lots of Gentlemen who are "almost persuaded" to give Ready-made Clothing a trial, but are hesitating—shy of the result—afraid that after they get the Clothes home they wont suit them.

**LISTEN!**  
Don't take any one else's stock as a criterion of OURS. One might look upon Snow's Creek and try to picture in it the majestic Mississippi with as much propriety. We carry lines of goods that are total strangers to our competitors—in fact, there are very few Clothiers in the Country who make up the fine superior grades of fabrics we do. When we say we are challenging the efforts of Merchant Tailors, it means Just That. They boast of the perfection of their fit. We Guarantee ours to fit you perfectly in every particular. They announce the exclusiveness of their patterns. We've had opened to us within the last few seasons the same purchasing facilities they enjoy. They look over the market side by side with us. The difference is, we buy in bolts, they buy in single suit patterns. Now, the only question is: Is it worth Double the Money to have your Clothing cut for you personally? To a man you'll say

**NO!**  
And you're right. Now, you hesitators WE take all the responsibilities, we're behind our Clothes to the end—literally. If they're not absolutely satisfactory all the way through—we want to know. There never was a claim made to us that wasn't adjusted speedily and satisfactorily—and you're given the benefit of all the doubts everytime. We are not doing business just for now,—but for the future as well.

**THE FAMOUS**  
**Strictly One Price Clothiers & Furnishers.**  
**Noble and Tenth Streets,**  
**Anniston, Ala.**

**ANNOUNCEMENT!**  
**ROWAN, DEAN & COMPANY**  
Jacksonville, Alabama.  
Are receiving this season the largest and best selected stock of goods brought to this market for years; to which they invite the attention of the people of Calhoun. They make this season

**A NEW DEPARTURE**  
in that they will, in addition to their ordinary mode of business, add a  
**Cash Sale Department;**  
in which they guarantee better bargains than can be had elsewhere in this county. With cheap store rent and cheap living at Jacksonville, and goods bought at first hands for cash, by our Mr. Wm. Dean, who just returned from market, we are enabled to make this announcement with complacency. Our stock consists in the  
**Ladies' Department**  
in addition to many other things, of the latest style of Henrietta Cloths, Ladies' Broadcloth, Dress Flannels, Trimmings, Knit Goods, Shawls, New Markets, Walking Jackets, Cloaks, Vests, fine Dress Shoes, Millinery; in short a  
**Bewildering Bower of Beautiful Goods**  
of all kinds. In the

**Gents' Department,**  
we mention specially an extra select assortment of Ready-Made Clothing, Fine Boots, and Shoes, Hats, Caps, Underwear, Negligee Shirts &c. Generally we have the best selected and largest stock of  
**Groceries, Dry Goods, Hardware,**  
**Drugs, Queensware, Books, & Stationery, Carpets, Rugs**  
**Curtains, Oil-cloths,**  
**RUBBER GOODS.**  
found in any other store in this Congressional District. Try us with cash and see if we will not make good our boast of  
**UNDERSELLING ALL COMPETITORS.**  
oct 12th







# The Republican.

L. W. GRANT, Publisher.

MAY 31, 1920.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,

W. P. COOPER.

FOR COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT,

H. H. LANE.

## Notice to Visitors.

Visitors to TREDGAR who may be unable to secure accommodations at the hotels, can be assigned to comfortable boarding houses and private residences for board and lodging, or for lodging only, on application to the office of the Jacksonville Mining & Manufacturing Company.

**C. B. WEST,**  
Gen. Man.

### SALE DAY.

The day of our first regular spring sale dawned upon a situation very different to that which has preceded sales in some southern towns with large advertised and some real advantages and prospects. Elsewhere in this issue will be found an editorial review of some of the things we have already accomplished within the sixty days that cover the birth and history of Tredgar's progressive movement. Almost anywhere else such immediate success, added to vastly increased intrinsic values produced by astonishing and unexpected iron and manganese developments, would have resulted in turning everything and everybody upside down and wild with excitement. On such a basis if property in towns whose first bow to the public has been made merely from old fields, or the dim and red-bug ridden recesses of piney woods, has been rushed to selling values of two and three hundred dollars a front foot, or even more, then property at Tredgar, with all its achievements and certainties ought to bring somewhere about a million dollars a foot.

Happily we have a corporation at the back of our movement with strong Eastern and foreign connections and alliances, capable of carrying the development without desperate necessity to milk the public for everything it has to do or hopes, and furthermore, with business sense to know and appreciate both the danger and illegitimacy of pushing prices to points not justified by the situation and conditions actually existing. Thus, while the first step at most places is to get highest price possible for property, and just as quickly as possible, even to the point of employing "by-bidders," strikers and the like, to excite and delude visiting investors into paying extravagant figures for lots, here the policy is exactly and frankly the reverse. The one desire and effort of the company at Tredgar is to take an enterprising, active contingent of the public on board its train of progress, and by placing such investors in a position of entire security as to profits upon investments made now, to thus secure a small army of friends and champions for the development. The business aspect of this policy will be better appreciated when it is understood that this spring sale is only to be regarded as introductory to the great autumn sale of the company, which we understand is to be held in October next. The management of the company has assured this journal that its policy and programme, are matters which it has neither need nor desire to conceal. The proposition is that it will be a financial benefit to the corporation to make sales now to the right sort of people at such low figures that the purchasers can hardly help doubling their money by the time of the autumn sale. It is a matter of notoriety that while the management has been advised to place a price of one hundred dollars per front foot upon certain portions of the property to be offered to-day, it has been definitely announced in reply that it will not think of taking a cent over thirty dollars per front foot for the very best property it has

to offer. It is a fair expectation that all property of the class referred to will command a hundred dollars a foot in October, and the company will reap its reward then because some lots will be reserved in each block and withheld from sale for that occasion. Realization by individuals on the lots sold now, will help the company to get the high prices of the autumn on the lots saved out for just that purpose.

By the time of the October sale the iron plants, and doubtless the rolling mill and basic steel mill will all be well along toward completion. A great deal of foreign money will have been invested here and in the vicinity, as a result of the syndicate for that purpose now being formed in London, and the company will have had time to bring the streets and other work of the development to completion. Then is the time, according to our friends in the management, to justify any prices that investors may be willing to give, and the strenuous work of the intervening time will be to double all the money invested in the spring by our friends and, equally, to double or more than double the figures which the company can realize then without running any risk of reactions such as have disgusted investors with the towns where the highest possible prices have been forced at the start, leaving no basis to build from for a second real estate movement. While the Tredgar company policy is new and, we regret to add, untried, in these regions, it has the merit of apparent American horse sense as a foundation, and we are inclined to believe it will be not only a bonanza to investors but ultimately to the corporation as well. As the general manager of our company has observed: "There is always more money in taking care of the boys, than in trying to hog it all yourself."

The central property prepared by the company for this sale is only distant two blocks from the railway station, and immediately opposite the site for the new Union Railway Passenger station, where the passenger service of the E. T., Va. and Ga., the E. & W., the B. M. M., and other roads will soon be concentrated. True to a policy of building up from established centres, and recognizing the fact that the business of an industrial city will hug close to its railway facilities, a beautiful site for business and residence purposes has been laid out, streets graded, sites selected and so on. This central portion of Tredgar commands one of the loveliest views of mountain and valley in the United States. Its frontage is the right of way of the E. T., Va. & Ga. Ry. to which there is a gentle slope. The drainage is perfect, the land high and dry without hills to cut down or hollows to fill up. The block intended for the new hotel—The Tredgar Arms—is finely wooded and occupies the point of widest and finest view on the property. Virginia and Park Avenues, Nisbet, Florida and Georgia streets are all fine, wide, central thoroughfares, and there are many other fine streets and avenues. Locations for the companies' new offices, the bank and other buildings have been selected within a few days, and all the tendencies of local interest point to this division of the city. Located along the railway frontage and south for a mile or more the company is withholding from market a large area of eligible sites with a view to plant industries convenient though not too close to the best business property. Taking it for all in all the property offered to-day is the most valuable as well as the cheapest yet offered at any sale the particulars of which we are familiar with.

If the managers of the Land Company can in two months and without any previous preparations, accomplish the great results already shown in securing two furnaces, a \$50,000 bank, electric light works, a telephone system, an entirely new railroad (which is shortly to be built here and for which all surveys have been made, though no hint of the road has been made public) and virtually made contracts for a rolling mill, basic steel works, tannery, etc., what may we expect of the same vigorous management within six or twelve months. Besides all these enterprises negotiations are pending for at least a dozen more. Tredgar's future is indeed brilliant.

The REPUBLICAN knowing something of the great developments that are to take place here predicts that every foot of property sold this week will more than double in value by next October and many people who at this sale buy property at twenty to thirty dollars a foot will sell next fall at seventy-five to one hundred a foot.

Even Middlesborough is not as widely known as Tredgar will be within the next six months.

## ACHIEVEMENTS AND RESOURCES.

The day of the Spring sale has arrived, and all the indications point to an event as successful as our most sanguine expectations could have anticipated. Visitors of the most desirable quality have been coming in for days, and without any known exception have declared themselves not only pleased with but surprised at everything they see. When it is remembered that the entire record of our flattering progress has been the result of only about sixty days' work we may all be pardoned for feeling a good deal of pride in the situation and prospects of Tredgar. We have broken out of the chrysalis of old time provincialism, and jumped to the front rank of representative Southern industrial communities within a few weeks. During that short period we have secured the establishment of two first-class furnaces, while negotiations for the erection of a rolling mill and basic steel plant only wait the arrival of Eastern representatives to close those affairs and commence work. It might be added that the talked of ferro manganese plant is so near a certainty that only the formal report of the experts as to the quantity of material to be depended upon is lacking to its immediate erection. The money for it is already arranged for, and the question of supply is practically settled in advance, since visiting experts, not in any business way interested in the subject, have expressed the decided opinion that the Tredgar manganese deposits are likely to prove the most extensive yet discovered in the United States.

The prospects for other industrial enterprises are more than encouraging. The company has advanced negotiations for the foundation of a large cotton mill to work up the superior long staple cotton of the neighborhood, and for a cotton seed oil mill with a fertilizer factory in connection. A new tannery and several smaller industries will be started within a few weeks. We have organized and have now in operation the Tredgar National Bank, and still another bank is proposed by friends of Tredgar in the State. A telephone service has been organized and the instruments have been put in and are at work. The town and citizens have contracted for both private and public lighting by electricity. A company has been formed and the Ball Electric Lighting Company will furnish a plant so arranged that power also can be furnished to small industries whenever needed.

The astonishing mining developments of the last six weeks, uncovering as they have a practically inexhaustible resource of high grade hematite iron, much of it close to the Bessemer limit as to phosphorus and from 50 to 58 per cent. metallic iron, would alone be sufficient to give Tredgar a long pull toward greatness and prosperity as an iron producing centre. We have mentioned the manganese discoveries in connection with the proposed "ferro" plant. They are indeed wonderful. The bed has been traced for a considerable distance from Mine No. 1, and everywhere appears to be as gigantic as at the principal opening. It is attracting attention all over the country, and it is probable that its fame will bring a continuous stream of visitors to Tredgar throughout the summer.

While we are thinking and working in the interests of our iron resources, we often forget the almost equal importance of our magnificent timber resource; one which is not surpassed at any central point in all Dixie. The vast and comprehensive correspondence which has been carried on in the interest of Tredgar by the complete organization of Eastern capitalists interested here, and addressed to all the leading producers of everything manufactured from iron, steel, cotton, wool, hides or wood, has attracted a large degree of attention to our forests, and the advantages and facilities offered at Tredgar for all such enterprises as lumber and planing mills, sash, door and blind factories, furniture, wagon, cooperage, inside finish and general cabinet work factories, and, in short, all the enterprises devoted to working timber into articles of use or necessity. One very extensive Southern firm is in negotiation to move its large plant directly to Tredgar, and this one is only a single illustration of a tendency growing daily and rapidly, and apparent, not only to the land company, but to every active real estate agent in the community.

Tredgar has a greater variety of resources, advantages and facilities than any other place in Alabama. This may sound like egotism on the part of our people, but we can safely challenge any comparison that may be offered. With our mountains of iron and manganese, of limestone, sandstone, superior building stone, marble, baryta, fire clay, silica clays, brick clays, clays suitable for the manufacture of vitrified sewer and drain pipes, kaolin and other minerals, we are in a position to found and support all the industrial enterprises devoted to the manufacture of iron, steel, fire brick, silica brick, building brick, sewer pipe, pottery, glassware, white lead paint, furniture, wagons and carriages, nails, rails, carpet tacks and locomotives.

We have Jersey farms and occupy the best grazing district anywhere. Our grains, vegetable and fruit crops are widely famous. Our cattle and sheep ranges furnish hides and wool to support tanneries and woolen mills. Our cotton crop runs to two bales to the acre, with proper cultivation, and the farmer regularly saves all he makes. With a county market and control of nearly if not quite 70,000 bales per annum, and the

added advantages of a perfectly equable climate, railway facilities, no extreme heat, and cheap yet comfortable living! If anybody knows a better home for high grade cotton milling, we shall be glad to hear and answer the arguments.

There is one other thing of vast importance to the growth and prosperity of a great community. Industrial, commercial and agricultural centre such as Tredgar is concededly certain to become, and that is pure cold water. We have water works in operation, supplying the community with absolutely pure mountain freestone water directly from springs high up on the mountain side. The supply from present sources can be made sufficient for a city of 10,000 inhabitants, while the small additional cost of piping from any of the numberless springs bursting out all along our hills, will add to this supply from time to time water enough of exactly the same character to meet all the requirements of a town of 100,000 population. Streams flowing from these subterranean outbursts flow everywhere, and with undiminished volume even in the driest seasons. This never-ending supply of purest water will before long make Tredgar the seat of a Southern paper milling industry, an industry heretofore difficult of location on account of the few places where absolutely pure freestone water can be found in abundance.

We might go on for columns in telling the story of Tredgar's endless resources and opportunities. What has been said above is all based upon facts and data carefully collected and studied. Should any one desire further information as to details in any direction, the REPUBLICAN office or the office of the Mining & Manufacturing Company can and will cheerfully furnish them. Tredgar is not built upon a wind inflated boom; its foundations are minerals, timber and agricultural resources, combined with railway and mercantile facilities, perfect climate, beautiful scenery, churches, schools, refined homes, all the elements which, when existing in the proper state of adjustment that obtains here, are transmutable into command wealth, health, good order and good government.

## TREDEGAR.

### THE MANGANESE WONDER OF THE PERIOD.

Greatest Deposit of High Grade Manganese in America—A Vertical Vein Already Twenty Feet and Growing.

Correspondence not Blast.

It begins to look as if Alabama was about to challenge the interest of the world in connection with her manganese deposits, just as she has done with her iron resources. The great discoveries of high grade manganese at Tredgar, already widely advertised through the technical papers and the Associated Press, form a turning point in the features of this end of the State. It is true that the singularly fine and gigantic deposits of hematite iron ores in the Tredgar district would alone command attention and rich development, but the fact that experts express the belief that Tredgar has struck the most extensive deposit of manganese in the United States is turning the world of iron and steel everywhere wild with excitement.

Three days ago one of the company's test entries struck the deposit in place at a distance of 850 feet on the dip from the principal entry. All the indications are that the deposit will continue indefinitely, and its proportions increase with the work done. It should be remembered that there is one and may be two other of the company's manganese mines which are likely to show up equally as well as the No. 1 mine. It is known that General Manager West is in daily receipt of letters and telegrams from all over the country, asking for details and requesting the shipment of samples. A large number of Pennsylvania steel people are anxious to get the material and are pressing for prices; but it is the policy of the management here not to ship any raw material whatever, and neither iron ore nor manganese will be sent away, but manufactured on the spot. On this account there is to be a fine ferro manganese plant erected on the ground as soon as the sale is over and the general manager can get away to arrange the details at the east.

People unfamiliar with the value of manganese in manufactures may wonder why the discovery of this vast bod of the mineral should produce the excitement it is doing. The reason is that steel makers must have it, while the supply of the American article has been so limited, and the deposits so unimportant that dependence is largely placed upon importations from Asia. The importance of the Tredgar development to the steel interest will be still better appreciated when it is related that recently a cargo of 4000 tons of manganese arrived at Baltimore from Asia, and that every pound of it had been transported on the backs of mules twenty miles over a mountain range to the seacoast.

Interest in the coming sale by the company here is general, and is bringing in as many strangers as the manganese excitement. One can tell the difference between the manganese expert from the East and the real estate operator from there and everywhere else, at a glance! As soon as the first sort lands, he makes

a bee line for the mines, and is so generally afraid to give himself away as to his mission, that he declines to get sufficient directions, and goes stumbling around the hills on wrong roads for several hours before finding what he wants. On the other hand the real estate expert quietly, but immediately walks across the street north west of the railway station and takes a shrewd look at the extensive property improvements going on there.

The general tendency of growth toward the railroad has been observed for a long time, and especially now that the new town of Tredgar, which includes the old as well, has been laid out right at the depot on the land which represents the most attractive town site property in America. A gentle slope rises to the west from the railroad, affording perfect drainage. The streets and avenues are wide and finely graded, while on the site for the new hotel a beautiful grove has been preserved upon ground which commands one of the most perfect mountain and valley views in the whole country. In front of this new business centre the Blue Mountain Mineral railway will run parallel with the East Tennessee Virginia & Georgia railroad to the proposed union passenger station near the hotel site. Other projected railway facilities concerning which a good deal may be heard pretty soon, are expected to find a home at the same union passenger station, while below the town there will be ample room to handle all the freight business of the various lines. There, to the south and southeast of the business streets will be established a number of plants. One, probably both, of the furnaces are to be built there, and the rolling mill beyond question. The steel plant may go higher up, but it is more likely to come nearer the others. The ferro manganese plant may be located at the mines and build a tramway to the railroad, but the cotton mill will doubtless be placed down here with the others. A new tannery has secured a site in this district, and more are likely to follow. A Philadelphia packing and provision house has applied for a site for an abattoir near the old saw mill where they expect to put extensive cattle yards and buildings.

The Tredgar National Bank is hardly under way when we hear of another to be started by a party from this State, though not yet identified, with one exception, with this locality. The promoters of the second banking institution have selected a site for the same on Park avenue, near the place where it is expected the company will build its new offices, and not far from the beautiful site of the new Tredgar Arms, which is the name understood to have been decided upon for the coming business and all the year round hotel. Our present new hotel, the Tredgar Inn, is everything that could be wished for the benefit of the eastern portion of Tredgar, but the necessity will be felt for something of the same sort nearer the new union depot.

Property has been withdrawn from market by the company until the opening of the sale on the 25th. A good deal is changing hands among private parties, but there is little held here in the business district to be made the principle feature of the sale, and the policy of the company has a strong tendency to repress prices. There is to be another and greater sale in the autumn, to which this one is intended to be a ground floor introduction. A New England real estate man told me the other day that if Major West carried out his reported intention to put the best property to the visitors at within \$35 or \$40 per foot, with less desirable property in proportion, every foot of that subdivision would be saleable at \$100 per foot early in the autumn. As far as I can understand that is just what the company wants. Major West has himself told me that he should consider his whole program a failure if he did not succeed in getting property into the hands of the right people at prices dead sure to pay them a handsome profit and there by turn them into champions of the town. It is stated that the management will go to work directly after the sale to prepare for the autumn sale, at which time there will be not only excursions from the North and East and Northwest, but other features of interest. By then, too, a number of the plants will be well on the way toward completion, and no policy or lack of it, or anything, will keep prices down then.

TREDEGAR.

### NO MORE JACKSONVILLE.

The Name Changed to Tredgar to Be Distinctly Southern.

Jacksonville, May 25.—At a meeting of the citizens of Jacksonville to day, it was unanimously resolved to change the name to Tredgar, and resolutions were passed asking the change of the postoffice, railway station, express office and telegraph station.

The land company that is preparing to build a great industrial town at this place desired the change in honor of the old Tredgar iron works at Richmond, Va. which, during the war was closely associated with the south, making ordinance for the confederacy.

As this place is destined to become a leading iron making and steel making point, two furnaces and a rolling mill already having been secured, it was decided to give the town a distinctly southern name associated with the history of the south.

## A Good Name.

A Good Name is Certainly Better than Riches in the business world. That is why we never permit customers to leave our store dissatisfied with their purchases.

We aim to get the Good Will of the People, and our largely increasing business shows that we have been successful. Our goods, our prices, and our straight American methods of doing business make it an object for you to

## TRADE WITH US.

It's a Unique position we occupy as Leaders. This is forcibly indicated by the scores who interview us daily on styles. As we are asked, our judgment must be valued. If we know—as we do— isn't it most natural we should pattern our stock accordingly? Certainly.

The Dealers who do so much talking about the amount of money they save to the purchasers of clothing are the very ones who are making it more expensive. For instance you cannot get a whole page advertisement for nothing. Neither can any man or concern afford to sell you goods for LESS than COST and succeed.

Those who advertise goods at one half or one third of their value are still making profits big enough to pay for all the shabby they do to their customers.

## Ours is a Plain,

Fair dealing house. We sell our Merchandise at a living profit. Our goods are same price to everybody. Each article is marked in Plain Figures.

No Private Cost Mark that you can't Understand. Should you buy of us and not be pleased with your purchase, we refund your money as freely as we receive it. This has been the success of our house, as

We have never refused to give back purchase money, if the article is brought back unimpaired. Bear this in mind. In this advertisement we have stated how we do business; in our next we will tell you something else.

## THE FAMOUS ONE PRICE HOUSE.

Noble and Tenth Streets,

Anniston, Ala.

## W. T. WILLSON

Carries the largest and most complete stock in Anniston of Dry Goods, Carpets, Curtain and Upholstery goods.

SHADES, WINDOW POLES &c We have but one price which is marked in plain figures. To customers from Jacksonville buying to the amount of \$5 we deduct amount of R. R. fare one way, \$10, both ways.

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN JACKETS, WRAPS AND NEWMARKETS.

W. T. WILLSON,

ANNISTON, ALA.

Agents for Buttericks Patterns and Gold and Silver Shirts.

oct28dt

## STEVENSON, MARTIN & GRANT,

Real Estate Brokers,

Jacksonville, - - - - Alabama.

Real Estate bought and sold on commission, rents collected &c. Property placed in our hands for sale will be advertised for sale without cost to land owner.

## No Sale—No Charge.

Jacksonville real estate and farm and mineral land along the line of Jacksonville & Anniston Railroad specially solicited.

Pilest Pilest Itching Piles.

Symptoms—Moisture; intense itching and stinging most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and become very sore. Swayne's Ointment stops the itching and healing, breaks up the tumors, and in most cases removes the tumors. At drug stores, or by mail, for 25 cents. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia.

**B. G. McCLELEN,**  
County - - - - - Surveyor

**BROTHERS, WILLETT & WILLETT,**

**Jas. S. Kelly**

**Attorneys at Law**

Notary Public and Ex-Officio

Jacksonville and Anniston.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,

**ELLIS & STEVENSON**

At Oxford, Ala.

**Attorneys at Law,**

Court 2nd Saturday in each month.

Jacksonville, Alabama.



# TREDEGAR

## OPENING SPRING SALE OF TREDEGAR CITY LOTS AT Jacksonville, Calhoun County, Alabama.

MAY 29TH, 30TH, AND 31ST,

By the Jacksonville Mining and Manufacturing Company of Alabama.

The Company owns and controls the finest areas of Hematite Iron Ore and Manganese deposits, and of hard wood and pine timber lands in the district. Within the past 60 days two car wheel iron furnaces have been secured; the Tredegar National Bank has been organized and is ready for business; an electric light plant for public and private lighting has been contracted for; a third iron furnace is in negotiation; a telephone service established; iron mines put in operation; manganese mines under development; and negotiations are nearly perfected for the establishment of a large rolling mill, ferro-manganese plant, cotton mill, new brick works, Ice factory and cold storage plant and a basic steel plant. Before the date of the sale some, if not all, of these negotiations will probably be closed.

We have already in operation extensive lumber and planing mills, tannery, complete system of city water works, and a number of mercantile houses in nearly all staple lines of business. The elegant Tredegar Inn was opened to the public by the Company March 1st.

Calhoun college, four churches, elegant private residences, beautiful scenery and perfect climate.

## "GOOD WATER AND GOOD SOCIETY."

A choice selection of city property, centrally located, will be offered.

Prices will be kept down to a limit within which every investor can be assured of a handsome profit.

Future developments will not be discounted. Every purchaser will share in the increase of values produced by developments.

The nights are cool, and visitors should bring overcoats.

Ample accommodations for all comers at the Tredegar Inn, the Warlick House and at superior private hotels and boarding houses.

For further particulars address,

J. W. BURKE, President.

GOLDSMITH BERNARD WEST, General Manager.

TREDEGAR, P. O. Jacksonville, Calhoun County, Alabama.

### The Republican.

### TREDEGAR.

### Tax Sale.

#### Rates of Advertising.

Transient advertisements \$1 per square, and one inch makes a square. Local notices 10 cents per line. Advertisements must be handed in Thursday or before to insure insertion.

#### SUBSCRIPTION RATE.

One Year, One Dollar. Six Months, Seventy-Five Cents. Three Months, Forty Cents. Subscriptions must invariably be paid in advance. No money will be refunded unless accompanied by the order.

No town in the United States has ever been pushed as vigorously or advertised as widely and judiciously as Tredegar will be during the summer and fall before the great autumn sale.

Divine services may be expected in the Episcopal church on Sunday next at 11 o'clock. Subject: The Trinity. At night there will be a special sermon to the school. Public cordially invited.

W. T. ALLEN.

The Tredegar National Bank, of Tredegar, Ala., opened its doors for business to-day, Wednesday, May 28th. Mr. P. L. Hammond made the first deposit and Mr. B. F. Wyly the second.

### ALABAMA'S MANGANESE CITY— JACKSONVILLE'S NEW NAME AND NEW LIFE.

Iron, Coal, Timber, Mineral Waters, Beauty of Location, Rail Roads and Other Advantages Combined.

Attalla News Herald.

Calhoun is one of the richest counties in diversified resources in all the South, and Jacksonville, the county seat, seems to be the "Jack Pot" of it all. It is one of the most attractive, beautiful and healthful cities in the state, being situated in a beautiful valley of plateau, lying between two of the most picturesque hills of Northern Alabama. It possesses limitless stores of manganese and superior iron, lying almost within the corporate limits of the little city. It has grand schools and church structures, grand and beautiful hotels, it is the centre of a vast timber forest, the natural market and distributing centre for one of the richest agricultural and stock raising districts in the south and it is a railroad centre of considerable importance and will soon be equal to any point in the state in the way of transportation facilities. The Jacksonville Mining & Manufacturing Co., own a large portion of the most valued and eligible residence and business property also extensive acreage, and manufacturing sites. They also own vast tracts of rich iron, coal and timber lands adjacent to the city. This strong company with Gen. J. W. Burke at its head, with Maj. Goldsmith B. West as his right bower, have determined to inaugurate a series of developments, and factory buildings at this favored point that will, in all probability outstrip any similar enterprise ever started in the state.

On May 29, 30 and 31 the company will offer at public sale a large list of valuable property in order to get good parties interested on the "ground floor" with a view to getting good workers to lend a helping hand in facilitating the enterprises and developments. Free trains will be run from Cleveland, Rome and Chattanooga. Cheap rate excursions will be run on all the rail roads. It is worth a good long trip to spend a night at the famous Tredegar Inn and see the beautiful mountain scenery.

### ALABAMA'S MANGANESE CITY— JACKSONVILLE'S NEW NAME AND NEW LIFE.

Iron, Coal, Timber, Mineral Waters, Beauty of Location, Rail Roads and Other Advantages Combined.

Attalla News Herald.

### GRAND COMBINATION.

The Weekly News, Birmingham,

AND

The Jacksonville Republican.

Both papers one year for 1.50 with a ticket in the distribution of 750.00 Gold Presents to be made by the News, on the first day of July next. In addition to getting the

### Two Best Newspapers

Published in Alabama, you may receive One Hundred Dollars in Gold, or one of the Three Hundred and Seventy-one Other Solid Presents in Gold.

### An Additional Offer.

All who subscribe before May 1, will also participate in the SUNDAY CHRONICLE Gift Distribution of One Hundred Valuable Presents worth from \$10 to \$500 each, which will be made on that day by the NEWS, which recently absorbed the Chronicle.

Write the NEWS Birmingham for sample copy and forward subscriptions to

### Save Money By Buying GOOD GOODS CHEAP As we are the oldest firm in the City

### EXPECT TO STAY HERE

We will in the future as we have in the past sell Good Goods At Prices Which Defy Competition!

We buy in very large quantities for CASH for our four (4) stores in Talladega, Gadsden, Attalla and Anniston, and are able to undersell all competition. Our stock of Men and Boys Clothing is the largest and most select, and we have a fine line in Prince Alberts, Frocks and Sack Suits in all the latest patterns and newest cut, PERFECT FITTING GARMENTS.

35 Different Styles 35 Of Dress & Business Pants, from \$2 to \$8.50. 450 Boys School and Dress Suits from \$2 to \$15.00.

Knee pants from 25 cents to \$2.50. Shirt waists from 25 to 55 cents. Men's and Boys' Straw Hats from 25c to \$5.00. Men's and Boys' Douglas Shoes from \$2 to \$4. A grand line of White Shirts, Underwear, Collars, Cuffs, Scarfs and Ties.

### FOR THE LADIES.

We have the finest line of Dress Silks, Wool Dress Goods, Wash Goods, White Goods, Laces for Overdresses and every kind and quality of Embroidery. Our Millinery and Ladies' Hats are the finest in the city.

Ladies' and Children's Shoes and Underwear.

Carpets, Trunks, Valises, and last, but not least, the finest line of Ladies' Parasols and Sun Umbrellas ever seen in the city, from 40c to \$10. No trouble to show goods, and we will save you money. Give us a chance.

Respectfully,

ULLMAN BROS., Anniston, Ala.

### AT TREDEGAR ON TIME.

NISBET & PRIVETT, Real Estate & Stock Brokers,

"Tredegar," Jacksonville P. O. Alabama. Next Door to Post Office.

JNO. Y. HENDERSON. H. F. MONTGOMERY. MONTGOMERY & HENDERSON, REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

OFFICE NO. 3, CARPENTER BUILDING, Jacksonville, Alabama.

No charge for examining Titles and execution of Deeds. Refer by permission to Bank of Anniston, Anniston, Ala.

T. R. WARD, At the Front Again. Dry Goods and Groceries cheap for "Cash." At the Old Stand below Depot.

Shoes at Cost For Thirty Days.

All who are indebted to me will please make immediate payment. I am obliged to have the money due me.

T. R. WARD.

The Republican, JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

J. H. CRAWFORD, Has just received a fine lot of

Coffins & Caskets.

Also small Gloss White Caskets for Children. Prices range from \$8 to \$45. Largest sizes for men, at my shop on Main street, south from the public square Jacksonville Ala.

E. M. REID, J. P. MORRISVILLE, ALA., Keeps Marriage Licenses for sale. Courts the 1st and 3rd Saturdays in each month. It.



